

## **BP107P. HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY (Practical)**

**4 Hours/week**

Practical physiology is complimentary to the theoretical discussions in physiology. Practicals allow the verification of physiological processes discussed in theory classes through experiments on living tissue, intact animals or normal human beings. This is helpful for developing an insight on the subject.

1. Study of compound microscope.
2. Microscopic study of epithelial and connective tissue
3. Microscopic study of muscular and nervous tissue
4. Identification of axial bones
5. Identification of appendicular bones
  
6. Introduction to hemocytometry.
7. Enumeration of white blood cell (WBC) count
8. Enumeration of total red blood corpuscles (RBC) count
9. Determination of bleeding time
10. Determination of clotting time
11. Estimation of hemoglobin content
12. Determination of blood group.
13. Determination of erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR).
14. Determination of heart rate and pulse rate.
15. Recording of blood pressure.

### **Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

1. Essentials of Medical Physiology by K. Sembulingam and P. Sembulingam. Jaypee brothers medical publishers, New Delhi.
2. Anatomy and Physiology in Health and Illness by Kathleen J.W. Wilson, Churchill Livingstone, New York
3. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Taylor. Williams & Wilkins Co., Riverview, MI USA
4. Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C, Guyton and John.E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.
5. Principles of Anatomy and Physiology by Tortora Grabowski. Palmetto, GA, U.S.A.



6. Textbook of Human Histology by Inderbir Singh, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.
7. Textbook of Practical Physiology by C.L. Ghai, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.
8. Practical workbook of Human Physiology by K. Srinageswari and Rajeev Sharma, Jaypee brother's medical publishers, New Delhi.

**Reference Books (Latest Editions)**

1. Physiological basis of Medical Practice-Best and Tailor. Williams & Wilkins Co, Riverview, MI USA
2. Text book of Medical Physiology- Arthur C, Guyton and John. E. Hall. Miamisburg, OH, U.S.A.
3. Human Physiology (vol 1 and 2) by Dr. C.C. Chatterje ,Academic Publishers Kolkata



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**I Limit Test of the following**

- (1) Chloride
- (2) Sulphate
- (3) Iron
- (4) Arsenic

**II Preparation and standardization of**

- (1) Sodium hydroxide
- (2) Sulphuric acid
- (3) Sodium thiosulfate
- (4) Potassium permanganate
- (5) Ceric ammonium sulphate

**III Assay of the following compounds along with Standardization of Titrant**

- (1) Ammonium chloride by acid base titration
- (2) Ferrous sulphate by Cerimetry
- (3) Copper sulphate by Iodometry
- (4) Calcium gluconate by complexometry
- (5) Hydrogen peroxide by Permanganometry
- (6) Sodium benzoate by non-aqueous titration
- (7) Sodium Chloride by precipitation titration

**IV Determination of Normality by electro-analytical methods**

- (1) Conductometric titration of strong acid against strong base
- (2) Conductometric titration of strong acid and weak acid against strong base
- (3) Potentiometric titration of strong acid against strong base

**Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)**

1. A.H. Beckett & J.B. Stenlake's, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Vol I & II, Stahlone Press of University of London
2. A.I. Vogel, Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic analysis
3. P. Gundu Rao, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry
4. Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry
5. John H. Kennedy, Analytical chemistry principles
6. Indian Pharmacopoeia.



## BP103T. PHARMACEUTICS- I (Theory)

45 Hours

**Scope:** This course is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the preparatory pharmacy with arts and science of preparing the different conventional dosage forms.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

- Know the history of profession of pharmacy
- Understand the basics of different dosage forms, pharmaceutical incompatibilities and pharmaceutical calculations
- Understand the professional way of handling the prescription
- Preparation of various conventional dosage forms

### Course Content:

#### UNIT – I

10 Hours

- **Historical background and development of profession of pharmacy:** History of profession of Pharmacy in India in relation to pharmacy education, industry and organization, Pharmacy as a career, Pharmacopoeias: Introduction to IP, BP, USP and Extra Pharmacopoeia.
- **Dosage forms:** Introduction to dosage forms, classification and definitions
- **Prescription:** Definition, Parts of prescription, handling of Prescription and Errors in prescription.
- **Posology:** Definition, Factors affecting posology. Pediatric dose calculations based on age, body weight and body surface area.

#### UNIT – II

10 Hours

- **Pharmaceutical calculations:** Weights and measures – Imperial & Metric system, Calculations involving percentage solutions, alligation, proof spirit and isotonic solutions based on freezing point and molecular weight.
- **Powders:** Definition, classification, advantages and disadvantages, Simple & compound powders – official preparations, dusting powders, effervescent, efflorescent and hygroscopic powders, eutectic mixtures. Geometric dilutions.
- **Liquid dosage forms:** Advantages and disadvantages of liquid dosage forms. Excipients used in formulation of liquid dosage forms. Solubility enhancement techniques



### UNIT – III

08 Hours

- **Monophasic liquids:** Definitions and preparations of Gargles, Mouthwashes, Throat Paint, Eardrops, Nasal drops, Enemas, Syrups, Elixirs, Liniments and Lotions.
- **Biphasic liquids:**
- **Suspensions:** Definition, advantages and disadvantages, classifications, Preparation of suspensions; Flocculated and Deflocculated suspension & stability problems and methods to overcome.
- **Emulsions:** Definition, classification, emulsifying agent, test for the identification of type of Emulsion, Methods of preparation & stability problems and methods to overcome.

### UNIT – IV

08 Hours

- **Suppositories:** Definition, types, advantages and disadvantages, types of bases, methods of preparations. Displacement value & its calculations, evaluation of suppositories.
- **Pharmaceutical incompatibilities:** Definition, classification, physical, chemical and therapeutic incompatibilities with examples.

### UNIT – V

07 Hours

- **Semisolid dosage forms:** Definitions, classification, mechanisms and factors influencing dermal penetration of drugs. Preparation of ointments, pastes, creams and gels. Excipients used in semi solid dosage forms. Evaluation of semi solid dosage forms



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**1. Syrups**

- a) Syrup IP'66
- b) Compound syrup of Ferrous Phosphate BPC'68

**2. Elixirs**

- a) Piperazine citrate elixir
- b) Paracetamol pediatric elixir

**3. Linctus**

- a) Terpin Hydrate Linctus IP'66
- b) Iodine Throat Paint (Mandles Paint)

**4. Solutions**

- a) Strong solution of ammonium acetate
- b) Cresol with soap solution
- c) Lugol's solution

**5. Suspensions**

- a) Calamine lotion
- b) Magnesium Hydroxide mixture
- c) Aluminium Hydroxide gel

**6. Emulsions**

- a) Turpentine Liniment
- b) Liquid paraffin emulsion

**7. Powders and Granules**

- a) ORS powder (WHO)
- b) Effervescent granules
- c) Dusting powder
- d) Divided powders

**8. Suppositories**

- a) Glycero gelatin suppository
- b) Cocoa butter suppository
- c) Zinc Oxide suppository

**8. Semisolids**

- a) Sulphur ointment
- b) Non staining-iodine ointment with methyl salicylate
- c) Carbopal gel

**9. Gargles and Mouthwashes**

- a) Iodine gargle
- b) Chlorhexidine mouthwash


**Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)**



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1. H.C. Ansel et al., Pharmaceutical Dosage Form and Drug Delivery System, Lippincott Williams and Walkins, New Delhi.
2. Carter S.J., Cooper and Gunn's-Dispensing for Pharmaceutical Students, CBS publishers, New Delhi.
3. M.E. Aulton, Pharmaceutics, The Science & Dosage Form Design, Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh.
4. Indian pharmacopoeia.
5. British pharmacopoeia.
6. Lachmann. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, Lea & Febiger Publisher, The University of Michigan.
7. Alfonso R. Gennaro Remington. The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, Lippincott Williams, New Delhi.
8. Carter S.J., Cooper and Gunn's. Tutorial Pharmacy, CBS Publications, New Delhi.
9. E.A. Rawlins, Bentley's Text Book of Pharmaceutics, English Language Book Society, Elsevier Health Sciences, USA.
10. Isaac Ghebre Sellassie: Pharmaceutical Pelletization Technology, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.
11. Dilip M. Parikh: Handbook of Pharmaceutical Granulation Technology, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.
12. Françoise Nieloud and Gilberte Marti-Mestres: Pharmaceutical Emulsions and Suspensions, Marcel Dekker, INC, New York.



  
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## BP105T.COMMUNICATION SKILLS (Theory)

30 Hours

**Scope:** This course will prepare the young pharmacy student to interact effectively with doctors, nurses, dentists, physiotherapists and other health workers. At the end of this course the student will get the soft skills set to work cohesively with the team as a team player and will add value to the pharmaceutical business.

### Objectives:

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

1. Understand the behavioral needs for a Pharmacist to function effectively in the areas of pharmaceutical operation
2. Communicate effectively (Verbal and Non Verbal)
3. Effectively manage the team as a team player
4. Develop interview skills
5. Develop Leadership qualities and essentials

### Course content:

#### UNIT – I

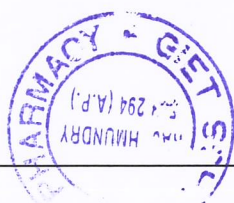
07 Hours

- **Communication Skills:** Introduction, Definition, The Importance of Communication, The Communication Process – Source, Message, Encoding, Channel, Decoding, Receiver, Feedback, Context
- **Barriers to communication:** Physiological Barriers, Physical Barriers, Cultural Barriers, Language Barriers, Gender Barriers, Interpersonal Barriers, Psychological Barriers, Emotional barriers
- **Perspectives in Communication:** Introduction, Visual Perception, Language, Other factors affecting our perspective - Past Experiences, Prejudices, Feelings, Environment


#### UNIT – II

07 Hours

- **Elements of Communication:** Introduction, Face to Face Communication - Tone of Voice, Body Language (Non-verbal communication), Verbal Communication, Physical Communication
- **Communication Styles:** Introduction, The Communication Styles Matrix with example for each -Direct Communication Style, Spirited Communication Style, Systematic Communication Style, Considerate Communication Style



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**UNIT – III**

**07 Hours**

- **Basic Listening Skills:** Introduction, Self-Awareness, Active Listening, Becoming an Active Listener, Listening in Difficult Situations
- **Effective Written Communication:** Introduction, When and When Not to Use Written Communication - Complexity of the Topic, Amount of Discussion' Required, Shades of Meaning, Formal Communication
- **Writing Effectively:** Subject Lines, Put the Main Point First, Know Your Audience, Organization of the Message

**UNIT – IV**

**05 Hours**

- **Interview Skills:** Purpose of an interview, Do's and Dont's of an interview
- **Giving Presentations:** Dealing with Fears, Planning your Presentation, Structuring Your Presentation, Delivering Your Presentation, Techniques of Delivery

**UNIT – V**

**04 Hours**

- **Group Discussion:** Introduction, Communication skills in group discussion, Do's and Dont's of group discussion



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## **BP111P.COMMUNICATION SKILLS (Practical)**

**2 Hours / week**

The following learning modules are to be conducted using wordsworth® English language lab software

### **Basic communication covering the following topics**

Meeting People

Asking Questions

Making Friends

What did you do?

Do's and Dont's

### **Pronunciations covering the following topics**

Pronunciation (Consonant Sounds)

Pronunciation and Nouns

Pronunciation (Vowel Sounds)

### **Advanced Learning**

Listening Comprehension / Direct and Indirect Speech

Figures of Speech

Effective Communication

Writing Skills


Effective Writing

Interview Handling Skills

E-Mail etiquette

Presentation Skills



  
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**Recommended Books: (Latest Edition)**

1. Basic communication skills for Technology, Andreja. J. Ruther Ford, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2011
2. Communication skills, Sanjay Kumar, Pushpalata, 1<sup>st</sup>Edition, Oxford Press, 2011
3. Organizational Behaviour, Stephen .P. Robbins, 1<sup>st</sup>Edition, Pearson, 2013
4. Brilliant- Communication skills, Gill Hasson, 1<sup>st</sup>Edition, Pearson Life, 2011
5. The Ace of Soft Skills: Attitude, Communication and Etiquette for success, Gopala Swamy Ramesh, 5<sup>th</sup>Edition, Pearson, 2013
6. Developing your influencing skills, Deborah Dalley, Lois Burton, Margaret, Green hall, 1st Edition Universe of Learning LTD, 2010
7. Communication skills for professionals, Konar nira, 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition, New arrivals – PHI, 2011
8. Personality development and soft skills, Barun K Mitra, 1<sup>st</sup>Edition, Oxford Press, 2011
9. Soft skill for everyone, Butter Field, 1st Edition, Cengage Learning india pvt.ltd, 2011
10. Soft skills and professional communication, Francis Peters SJ, 1<sup>st</sup>Edition, Mc Graw Hill Education, 2011
11. Effective communication, John Adair, 4<sup>th</sup>Edition, Pan Mac Millan,2009
12. Bringing out the best in people, Aubrey Daniels, 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition, Mc Graw Hill, 1999



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1. Introduction to experiments in biology
  - a) Study of Microscope
  - b) Section cutting techniques
  - c) Mounting and staining
  - d) Permanent slide preparation
2. Study of cell and its inclusions
3. Study of Stem, Root, Leaf, seed, fruit, flower and their modifications
4. Detailed study of frog by using computer models
5. Microscopic study and identification of tissues pertinent to Stem, Root Leaf, seed, fruit and flower
6. Identification of bones
7. Determination of blood group
8. Determination of blood pressure
9. Determination of tidal volume

**Reference Books**

1. Practical human anatomy and physiology. by S.R.Kale and R.R.Kale.
2. A Manual of pharmaceutical biology practical by S.B.Gokhale, C.K.Kokate and S.P.Shriwastava.
3. Biology practical manual according to National core curriculum .Biology forum of Karnataka. Prof .M.J.H.Shafi



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- **Enzymes**

Introduction, properties, nomenclature and IUB classification of enzymes

Enzyme kinetics (Michaelis plot, Line Weaver Burke plot)

Enzyme inhibitors with examples

Regulation of enzymes: enzyme induction and repression, allosteric enzymes regulation

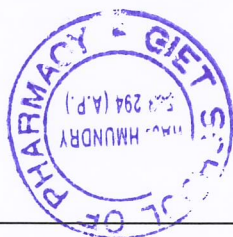
Therapeutic and diagnostic applications of enzymes and isoenzymes

Coenzymes –Structure and biochemical functions

**BP 209 P. BIOCHEMISTRY (Practical)**

4 Hours / Week

1. Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates (Glucose, Fructose, Lactose, Maltose, Sucrose and starch)
2. Identification tests for Proteins (albumin and Casein)
3. Quantitative analysis of reducing sugars (DNSA method) and Proteins (Biuret method)
4. Qualitative analysis of urine for abnormal constituents
5. Determination of blood creatinine
6. Determination of blood sugar
7. Determination of serum total cholesterol
8. Preparation of buffer solution and measurement of pH
9. Study of enzymatic hydrolysis of starch
10. Determination of Salivary amylase activity
11. Study the effect of Temperature on Salivary amylase activity.
12. Study the effect of substrate concentration on salivary amylase activity.



### Recommended Books (Latest Editions)

1. Principles of Biochemistry by Lehninger.
2. Harper's Biochemistry by Robert K. Murry, Daryl K. Granner and Victor W. Rodwell.
3. Biochemistry by Stryer.
4. Biochemistry by D. Satyanarayan and U.Chakrapani
5. Textbook of Biochemistry by Rama Rao.
6. Textbook of Biochemistry by Deb.
7. Outlines of Biochemistry by Conn and Stumpf
8. Practical Biochemistry by R.C. Gupta and S. Bhargavan.
9. Introduction of Practical Biochemistry by David T. Plummer. (3rd Edition)
10. Practical Biochemistry for Medical students by Rajagopal and Ramakrishna.
11. Practical Biochemistry by Harold Varley.

### BP 204T.PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (THEORY)

45Hours

**Scope:** Pathophysiology is the study of causes of diseases and reactions of the body to such disease producing causes. This course is designed to impart a thorough knowledge of the relevant aspects of pathology of various conditions with reference to its pharmacological applications, and understanding of basic pathophysiological mechanisms. Hence it will not only help to study the syllabus of pathology, but also to get baseline knowledge required to practice medicine safely, confidently, rationally and effectively.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to –

1. Describe the etiology and pathogenesis of the selected disease states;
2. Name the signs and symptoms of the diseases; and
3. Mention the complications of the diseases.

### Course content:

#### Unit I


10Hours

- **Basic principles of Cell injury and Adaptation:**

Introduction, definitions, Homeostasis, Components and Types of Feedback systems, Causes of cellular injury, Pathogenesis (Cell membrane damage, Mitochondrial damage, Ribosome damage, Nuclear damage), Morphology of cell injury – Adaptive changes (Atrophy, Hypertrophy, hyperplasia, Metaplasia, Dysplasia), Cell swelling, Intra cellular accumulation, Calcification, Enzyme leakage and Cell Death Acidosis & Alkalosis, Electrolyte imbalance



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- **Basic mechanism involved in the process of inflammation and repair:**  
Introduction, Clinical signs of inflammation, Different types of Inflammation, Mechanism of Inflammation – Alteration in vascular permeability and blood flow, migration of WBC's, Mediators of inflammation, Basic principles of wound healing in the skin, Pathophysiology of Atherosclerosis

**Unit II**

**10Hours**

- **Cardiovascular System:**  
Hypertension, congestive heart failure, ischemic heart disease (angina, myocardial infarction, atherosclerosis and arteriosclerosis)
- **Respiratory system:** Asthma, Chronic obstructive airways diseases.
- **Renal system:** Acute and chronic renal failure

**Unit II**

**10Hours**

- **Haematological Diseases:**  
Iron deficiency, megaloblastic anemia (Vit B12 and folic acid), sickle cell anemia, thalassemia, hereditary acquired anemia, hemophilia
- **Endocrine system:** Diabetes, thyroid diseases, disorders of sex hormones
- **Nervous system:** Epilepsy, Parkinson's disease, stroke, psychiatric disorders: depression, schizophrenia and Alzheimer's disease.
- **Gastrointestinal system:** Peptic Ulcer
- 

**Unit IV**

**8 Hours**

- Inflammatory bowel diseases, jaundice, hepatitis (A,B,C,D,E,F) alcoholic liver disease.
- **Disease of bones and joints:** Rheumatoid arthritis, osteoporosis and gout
- **Principles of cancer:** classification, etiology and pathogenesis of cancer
- **Diseases of bones and joints:** Rheumatoid Arthritis, Osteoporosis, Gout
- **Principles of Cancer:** Classification, etiology and pathogenesis of Cancer

**Unit V**

**7 Hours**

- **Infectious diseases:** Meningitis, Typhoid, Leprosy, Tuberculosis

Urinary tract infections

- **Sexually transmitted diseases:** AIDS, Syphilis, Gonorrhoea

**Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**



## **BP210P. COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN PHARMACY (Practical)**

1. Design a questionnaire using a word processing package to gather information about a particular disease.
2. Create a HTML web page to show personal information.
3. Retrieve the information of a drug and its adverse effects using online tools
4. Creating mailing labels Using Label Wizard , generating label in MS WORD
5. Create a database in MS Access to store the patient information with the required fields Using access
6. Design a form in MS Access to view, add, delete and modify the patient record in the database
7. Generating report and printing the report from patient database
8. Creating invoice table using – MS Access
9. Drug information storage and retrieval using MS Access
10. Creating and working with queries in MS Access
11. Exporting Tables, Queries, Forms and Reports to web pages
12. Exporting Tables, Queries, Forms and Reports to XML pages

### **Recommended books (Latest edition):**

1. Computer Application in Pharmacy – William E.Fassett –Lea and Febiger, 600 South Washington Square, USA, (215) 922-1330.
2. Computer Application in Pharmaceutical Research and Development –Sean Ekins – Wiley-Interscience, A John Willey and Sons, INC., Publication, USA
3. Bioinformatics (Concept, Skills and Applications) – S.C.Rastogi-CBS Publishers and Distributors, 4596/1- A, 11 Darya Gani, New Delhi – 110 002(INDIA)
4. Microsoft office Access - 2003, Application Development Using VBA, SQL Server, DAP and Infopath – Cary N.Prague – Wiley Dreamtech India (P) Ltd., 4435/7, Ansari Road, Daryagani, New Delhi - 110002





- I Experiments involving laboratory techniques
- Recrystallization
  - Steam distillation
- II Determination of following oil values (including standardization of reagents)
- Acid value
  - Saponification value
  - Iodine value
- III Preparation of compounds
- Benzanilide/Phenyl benzoate/Acetanilide from Aniline/ Phenol /Aniline by acylation reaction.
  - 2,4,6-Tribromo aniline/Para bromo acetanilide from Aniline/
  - Acetanilide by halogenation (Bromination) reaction.
  - 5-Nitro salicylic acid/Meta di nitro benzene from Salicylic acid / Nitro benzene by nitration reaction.
  - Benzoic acid from Benzyl chloride by oxidation reaction.
  - Benzoic acid/ Salicylic acid from alkyl benzoate/ alkyl salicylate by hydrolysis reaction.
  - 1-Phenyl azo-2-naphthol from Aniline by diazotization and coupling reactions.
  - Benzil from Benzoin by oxidation reaction.
  - Dibenzal acetone from Benzaldehyde by Claisen Schmidt reaction
  - Cinnamic acid from Benzaldehyde by Perkin reaction
  - *P*-Iodo benzoic acid from *P*-amino benzoic acid

**Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

1. Organic Chemistry by Morrison and Boyd
2. Organic Chemistry by I.L. Finar , Volume-I
3. Textbook of Organic Chemistry by B.S. Bahl & Arun Bahl.
4. Organic Chemistry by P.L.Soni
5. Practical Organic Chemistry by Mann and Saunders.
6. Vogel's text book of Practical Organic Chemistry
7. Advanced Practical organic chemistry by N.K.Vishnoi.

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## BP 303 T. PHARMACEUTICAL MICROBIOLOGY (Theory)

45Hours

### Scope:

- Study of all categories of microorganisms especially for the production of alcohol antibiotics, vaccines, vitamins enzymes etc..

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to;

1. Understand methods of identification, cultivation and preservation of various microorganisms
2. To understand the importance and implementation of sterilization in pharmaceutical processing and industry
3. Learn sterility testing of pharmaceutical products.
4. Carried out microbiological standardization of Pharmaceuticals.
5. Understand the cell culture technology and its applications in pharmaceutical industries.

### Course content:

#### Unit I

10 Hours

Introduction, history of microbiology, its branches, scope and its importance.

Introduction to Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes

Study of ultra-structure and morphological classification of bacteria, nutritional requirements, raw materials used for culture media and physical parameters for growth, growth curve, isolation and preservation methods for pure cultures, cultivation of anaerobes, quantitative measurement of bacterial growth (total & viable count).

Study of different types of phase contrast microscopy, dark field microscopy and electron microscopy.

#### Unit II


10 Hours

Identification of bacteria using staining techniques (simple, Gram's & Acid fast staining) and biochemical tests (IMViC).

Study of principle, procedure, merits, demerits and applications of physical, chemical gaseous, radiation and mechanical method of sterilization.

Evaluation of the efficiency of sterilization methods.



  
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Equipments employed in large scale sterilization.

Sterility indicators.

### Unit III

10 Hours

Study of morphology, classification, reproduction/replication and cultivation of Fungi and Viruses.

Classification and mode of action of disinfectants

Factors influencing disinfection, antiseptics and their evaluation. For bacteriostatic and bactericidal actions

Evaluation of bactericidal & Bacteriostatic.

Sterility testing of products (solids, liquids, ophthalmic and other sterile products) according to IP, BP and USP.

### Unit IV

08 Hours

Designing of aseptic area, laminar flow equipments; study of different sources of contamination in an aseptic area and methods of prevention, clean area classification.

Principles and methods of different microbiological assay. Methods for standardization of antibiotics, vitamins and amino acids.

Assessment of a new antibiotic.

### Unit V

07Hours


Types of spoilage, factors affecting the microbial spoilage of pharmaceutical products, sources and types of microbial contaminants, assessment of microbial contamination and spoilage.

Preservation of pharmaceutical products using antimicrobial agents, evaluation of microbial stability of formulations.

Growth of animal cells in culture, general procedure for cell culture, Primary, established and transformed cell cultures.

Application of cell cultures in pharmaceutical industry and research.



  
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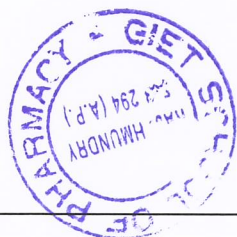
1. Introduction and study of different equipments and processing, e.g., B.O.D. incubator, laminar flow, aseptic hood, autoclave, hot air sterilizer, deep freezer, refrigerator, microscopes used in experimental microbiology.
2. Sterilization of glassware, preparation and sterilization of media.
3. Sub culturing of bacteria and fungus. Nutrient stabs and slants preparations.
4. Staining methods- Simple, Grams staining and acid fast staining (Demonstration with practical).
5. Isolation of pure culture of micro-organisms by multiple streak plate technique and other techniques.
6. Microbiological assay of antibiotics by cup plate method and other methods
7. Motility determination by Hanging drop method.
8. Sterility testing of pharmaceuticals.
9. Bacteriological analysis of water
10. Biochemical test.


**Recommended Books (Latest edition)**

1. W.B. Hugo and A.D. Russel: Pharmaceutical Microbiology, Blackwell Scientific publications, Oxford London.
2. Prescott and Dunn., Industrial Microbiology, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors, Delhi.
3. Pelczar, Chan Kreig, Microbiology, Tata McGraw Hill edn.
4. Malcolm Harris, Balliere Tindall and Cox: Pharmaceutical Microbiology.
5. Rose: Industrial Microbiology.
6. Probisher, Hinsdill et al: Fundamentals of Microbiology, 9th ed. Japan
7. Cooper and Gunn's: Tutorial Pharmacy, CBS Publisher and Distribution.
8. Pepler: Microbial Technology.
9. I.P., B.P., U.S.P. - latest editions.
10. Ananthnarayan : Text Book of Microbiology, Orient-Longman, Chennai
11. Edward: Fundamentals of Microbiology.
12. N.K.Jain: Pharmaceutical Microbiology, Vallabh Prakashan, Delhi
13. Bergeys manual of systematic bacteriology, Williams and Wilkins- A Waverly company



- I. Determination of radiation constant of brass, iron, unpainted and painted glass.
- II. Steam distillation – To calculate the efficiency of steam distillation.
- III. To determine the overall heat transfer coefficient by heat exchanger.
- IV. Construction of drying curves (for calcium carbonate and starch).
- V. Determination of moisture content and loss on drying.
- VI. Determination of humidity of air – i) From wet and dry bulb temperatures –use of Dew point method.
- VII. Description of Construction working and application of Pharmaceutical Machinery such as rotary tablet machine, fluidized bed coater, fluid energy mill, de humidifier.
- VIII. Size analysis by sieving – To evaluate size distribution of tablet granulations – Construction of various size frequency curves including arithmetic and logarithmic probability plots.
- IX. Size reduction: To verify the laws of size reduction using ball mill and determining Kicks, Rittinger's, Bond's coefficients, power requirement and critical speed of Ball Mill.
- X. Demonstration of colloid mill, planetary mixer, fluidized bed dryer, freeze dryer and such other major equipment.
- XI. Factors affecting Rate of Filtration and Evaporation (Surface area, Concentration and Thickness/ viscosity)
- XII. To study the effect of time on the Rate of Crystallization.
- XIII. To calculate the uniformity Index for given sample by using Double Cone Blender.



  
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**I Preparation of drugs/ intermediates**

- 1 1,3-pyrazole
- 2 1,3-oxazole
- 3 Benzimidazole
- 4 Benztriazole
- 5 2,3- diphenyl quinoxaline
- 6 Benzocaine
- 7 Phenytoin
- 8 Phenothiazine
- 9 Barbiturate

**II Assay of drugs**

- 1 Chlorpromazine
- 2 Phenobarbitone
- 3 Atropine
- 4 Ibuprofen
- 5 Aspirin
- 6 Furosemide

**III Determination of Partition coefficient for any two drugs**

**Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

1. Wilson and Giswold's Organic medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
2. Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry.
3. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, Vol I to IV.
4. Introduction to principles of drug design- Smith and Williams.
5. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences.
6. Martindale's extra pharmacopoeia.



## BP 502 T. Industrial PharmacyI (Theory)

45 Hours

**Scope:** Course enables the student to understand and appreciate the influence of pharmaceutical additives and various pharmaceutical dosage forms on the performance of the drug product.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

1. Know the various pharmaceutical dosage forms and their manufacturing techniques.
2. Know various considerations in development of pharmaceutical dosage forms
3. Formulate solid, liquid and semisolid dosage forms and evaluate them for their quality

### Course content:

3 hours/ week

#### UNIT-I

07 Hours

**Preformulation Studies:** Introduction to preformulation, goals and objectives, study of physicochemical characteristics of drug substances.

*a. Physical properties:* Physical form (crystal & amorphous), particle size, shape, flow properties, solubility profile (pKa, pH, partition coefficient), polymorphism

*b. Chemical Properties:* Hydrolysis, oxidation, reduction, racemisation, polymerization

BCS classification of drugs & its significant

Application of preformulation considerations in the development of solid, liquid oral and parenteral dosage forms and its impact on stability of dosage forms.

#### UNIT-II

10 Hours

##### Tablets:

- a. Introduction, ideal characteristics of tablets, classification of tablets. Excipients, Formulation of tablets, granulation methods, compression and processing problems. Equipments and tablet tooling.
- b. Tablet coating: Types of coating, coating materials, formulation of coating composition, methods of coating, equipment employed and defects in coating.
- c. Quality control tests: In process and finished product tests

**Liquid orals:** Formulation and manufacturing consideration of syrups and elixirs suspensions and emulsions; Filling and packaging; evaluation of liquid orals official in pharmacopoeia



### UNIT-III

08 Hours

#### Capsules:

- a. **Hard gelatin capsules:** Introduction, Production of hard gelatin capsule shells. size of capsules, Filling, finishing and special techniques of formulation of hard gelatin capsules, manufacturing defects. In process and final product quality control tests for capsules.
- b. **Soft gelatin capsules:** Nature of shell and capsule content, size of capsules, importance of base adsorption and minim/gram factors, production, in process and final product quality control tests. Packing, storage and stability testing of soft gelatin capsules and their applications.

**Pellets:** Introduction, formulation requirements, pelletization process, equipments for manufacture of pellets

### UNIT-IV

10 Hours

#### Parenteral Products:

- a. Definition, types, advantages and limitations. Preformulation factors and essential requirements, vehicles, additives, importance of isotonicity
- b. Production procedure, production facilities and controls, aseptic processing
- c. Formulation of injections, sterile powders, large volume parenterals and lyophilized products.
- d. Containers and closures selection, filling and sealing of ampoules, vials and infusion fluids. Quality control tests of parenteral products.

**Ophthalmic Preparations:** Introduction, formulation considerations; formulation of eye drops, eye ointments and eye lotions; methods of preparation; labeling, containers; evaluation of ophthalmic preparations

### UNIT-V

10 Hours

**Cosmetics:** Formulation and preparation of the following cosmetic preparations: lipsticks, shampoos, cold cream and vanishing cream, tooth pastes, hair dyes and sunscreens.

**Pharmaceutical Aerosols:** Definition, propellants, containers, valves, types of aerosol systems; formulation and manufacture of aerosols; Evaluation of aerosols; Quality control and stability studies.

**Packaging Materials Science:** Materials used for packaging of pharmaceutical products, factors influencing choice of containers, legal and official requirements for containers, stability aspects of packaging materials, quality control tests.



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## BP 506 P. Industrial PharmacyI (Practical)

4 Hours/week

1. Preformulation studies on paracetamol/asparin/or any other drug
2. Preparation and evaluation of Paracetamol tablets
3. Preparation and evaluation of Aspirin tablets
4. Coating of tablets- film coating of tables/granules
5. Preparation and evaluation of Tetracycline capsules
6. Preparation of Calcium Gluconate injection
7. Preparation of Ascorbic Acid injection
8. Qulaity control test of (as per IP) marketed tablets and capsules
9. Preparation of Eye drops/ and Eye ointments
10. Preparation of Creams (cold / vanishing cream)
11. Evaluation of Glass containers (as per IP)

### Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)

1. Pharmaceutical dosage forms - Tablets, volume 1 -3 by H.A. Liberman, Leon Lachman &J.B.Schwartz
2. Pharmaceutical dosage form - Parenteral medication vol- 1&2 by Liberman & Lachman
3. Pharmaceutical dosage form disperse system VOL-1 by Liberman & Lachman
4. Modern Pharmaceutics by Gilbert S. Banker & C.T. Rhodes, 3rd Edition
5. Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 20th edition Pharmaceutical Science (RPS)
6. Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy by Liberman & Lachman
7. Pharmaceutics- The science of dosage form design by M.E.Aulton, Churchill livingstone, Latest edition
8. Introduction to Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms by H. C.Ansel, Lea &Febiger, Philadelphia, 5<sup>th</sup>edition, 2005
9. Drug stability - Principles and practice by Cartensen & C.J. Rhodes, 3rd Edition, Marcel Dekker Series, Vol 107.



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**Scope:** This subject is intended to impart the fundamental knowledge on various aspects (classification, mechanism of action, therapeutic effects, clinical uses, side effects and contraindications) of drugs acting on different systems of body and in addition, emphasis on the basic concepts of bioassay.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of this course the student should be able to

1. Understand the mechanism of drug action and its relevance in the treatment of different diseases
2. Demonstrate isolation of different organs/tissues from the laboratory animals by simulated experiments
3. Demonstrate the various receptor actions using isolated tissue preparation
4. Appreciate correlation of pharmacology with related medical sciences

**Course Content:**

**UNIT-I**

**10hours**

**1. Pharmacology of drugs acting on cardio vascular system**

- a. Introduction to hemodynamic and electrophysiology of heart.
- b. Drugs used in congestive heart failure
- c. Anti-hypertensive drugs.
- d. Anti-anginal drugs.
- e. Anti-arrhythmic drugs.
- f. Anti-hyperlipidemic drugs.

**UNIT-II**

**10hours**

**1. Pharmacology of drugs acting on cardio vascular system**

- a. Drug used in the therapy of shock.
- b. Hematinics, coagulants and anticoagulants.
- c. Fibrinolytics and anti-platelet drugs
- d. Plasma volume expanders

**2. Pharmacology of drugs acting on urinary system**

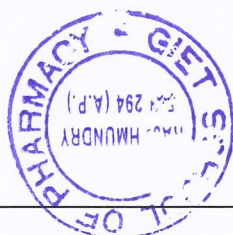
- a. Diuretics
- b. Anti-diuretics.

**UNIT-III**

**10hours**

**3. Autocoids and related drugs**

- a. Introduction to autocoids and classification
- b. Histamine, 5-HT and their antagonists.
- c. Prostaglandins, Thromboxanes and Leukotrienes.
- d. Angiotensin, Bradykinin and Substance P.
- e. Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents
- f. Anti-gout drugs
- g. Antirheumatic drugs



**UNIT-IV**

**08hours**

**5. Pharmacology of drugs acting on endocrine system**

- a. Basic concepts in endocrine pharmacology.
- b. Anterior Pituitary hormones- analogues and their inhibitors.
- c. Thyroid hormones- analogues and their inhibitors.
- d. Hormones regulating plasma calcium level- Parathormone, Calcitonin and Vitamin-D.
- d. Insulin, Oral Hypoglycemic agents and glucagon.
- e. ACTH and corticosteroids.

**UNIT-V**

**07hours**

**5. Pharmacology of drugs acting on endocrine system**

- a. Androgens and Anabolic steroids.
- b. Estrogens, progesterone and oral contraceptives.
- c. Drugs acting on the uterus.

**6. Bioassay**

- a. Principles and applications of bioassay.
- b. Types of bioassay
- c. Bioassay of insulin, oxytocin, vasopressin, ACTH, d-tubocurarine, digitalis, histamine and 5-HT



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1. Introduction to *in-vitro* pharmacology and physiological salt solutions.
2. Effect of drugs on isolated frog heart.
3. Effect of drugs on blood pressure and heart rate of dog.
4. Study of diuretic activity of drugs using rats/mice.
5. DRC of acetylcholine using frog rectus abdominis muscle.
6. Effect of physostigmine and atropine on DRC of acetylcholine using frog rectus abdominis muscle and rat ileum respectively.
7. Bioassay of histamine using guinea pig ileum by matching method.
8. Bioassay of oxytocin using rat uterine horn by interpolation method.
9. Bioassay of serotonin using rat fundus strip by three point bioassay.
10. Bioassay of acetylcholine using rat ileum/colon by four point bioassay.
11. Determination of  $PA_2$  value of prazosin using rat anococcygeus muscle (by Schild's plot method).
12. Determination of  $PD_2$  value using guinea pig ileum.
13. Effect of spasmogens and spasmolytics using rabbit jejunum.
14. Anti-inflammatory activity of drugs using carrageenan induced paw-edema model.
15. Analgesic activity of drug using central and peripheral methods

*Note: All laboratory techniques and animal experiments are demonstrated by simulated experiments by softwares and videos*

**Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

1. Rang H. P., Dale M. M., Ritter J. M., Flower R. J., Rang and Dale's Pharmacology, Churchill Livingstone Elsevier
2. Katzung B. G., Masters S. B., Trevor A. J., Basic and clinical pharmacology, Tata Mc Graw-Hill.
3. Goodman and Gilman's, The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics
4. Marry Anne K. K., Lloyd Yee Y., Brian K. A., Robbin L.C., Joseph G. B., Wayne A. K., Bradley R.W., Applied Therapeutics, The Clinical use of Drugs, The Point Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
5. Mycek M.J, Gelnet S.B and Perper M.M. Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews- Pharmacology.
6. K.D.Tripathi. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology, , JAYPEE Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd, New Delhi.
7. Sharma H. L., Sharma K. K., Principles of Pharmacology, Paras medical publisher
8. Modern Pharmacology with clinical Applications, by Charles R.Craig & Robert.
9. Ghosh MN. Fundamentals of Experimental Pharmacology. Hilton & Company, Kolkata.
10. Kulkarni SK. Handbook of experimental pharmacology. Vallabh Prakashan.



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## BP504 T. PHARMACOGNOSY AND PHYTOCHEMISTRY II (Theory)

45Hours

**Scope:** The main purpose of subject is to impart the students the knowledge of how the secondary metabolites are produced in the crude drugs, how to isolate and identify and produce them industrially. Also this subject involves the study of producing the plants and phytochemicals through plant tissue culture, drug interactions and basic principles of traditional system of medicine

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able

1. to know the modern extraction techniques, characterization and identification of the herbal drugs and phytoconstituents
2. to understand the preparation and development of herbal formulation.
3. to understand the herbal drug interactions
4. to carryout isolation and identification of phytoconstituents

### Course Content:

#### UNIT-I

7 Hours

##### Metabolic pathways in higher plants and their determination

- a) Brief study of basic metabolic pathways and formation of different secondary metabolites through these pathways- Shikimic acid pathway, Acetate pathways and Amino acid pathway.
- b) Study of utilization of radioactive isotopes in the investigation of Biogenetic studies.

#### UNIT-II

14 Hours

General introduction, composition, chemistry & chemical classes, biosources, therapeutic uses and commercial applications of following secondary metabolites:

**Alkaloids:** Vinca, Rauwolfia, Belladonna, Opium,

**Phenylpropanoids and Flavonoids:** Lignans, Tea, Ruta

**Steroids, Cardiac Glycosides & Triterpenoids:** Liquorice, Dioscorea, Digitalis

**Volatile oils:** Mentha, Clove, Cinnamon, Fennel, Coriander,

**Tannins:** Catechu, Pterocarpus

**Resins:** Benzoin, Guggul, Ginger, Asafoetida, Myrrh, Colophony

**Glycosides:** Senna, Aloes, Bitter Almond

**Iridoids, Other terpenoids & Naphthaquinones:** Gentian, Artemisia, taxus, carotenoids

#### UNIT-III

06 Hours

Isolation, Identification and Analysis of Phytoconstituents

- a) Terpenoids: Menthol, Citral, Artemisin
- b) Glycosides: Glycyrrhetic acid & Rutin
- c) Alkaloids: Atropine, Quinine, Reserpine, Caffeine
- d) Resins: Podophyllotoxin, Curcumin

#### UNIT-IV

10 Hours

Industrial production, estimation and utilization of the following phytoconstituents:

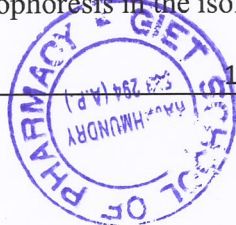
Forskolin, Sennoside, Artemisinin, Diosgenin, Digoxin, Atropine, Podophyllotoxin, Caffeine, Taxol, Vincristine and Vinblastine

#### UNIT V

8 Hours

##### Basics of Phytochemistry

Modern methods of extraction, application of latest techniques like Spectroscopy, chromatography and electrophoresis in the isolation, purification and identification of crude drugs.



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1. Morphology, histology and powder characteristics & extraction & detection of: Cinchona, Cinnamon, Senna, Clove, Ephedra, Fennel and Coriander
2. Exercise involving isolation & detection of active principles
  - a. Caffeine - from tea dust.
  - b. Diosgenin from Dioscorea
  - c. Atropine from Belladonna
  - d. Sennosides from Senna
3. Separation of sugars by Paper chromatography
4. TLC of herbal extract
5. Distillation of volatile oils and detection of phytoconstituents by TLC
6. Analysis of crude drugs by chemical tests: (i) Asafoetida (ii) Benzoin (iii) Colophony (iv) Aloes (v) Myrrh

**Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)**

1. W.C.Evans, Trease and Evans Pharmacognosy, 16<sup>th</sup> edition, W.B. Saunders & Co., London, 2009.
2. Mohammad Ali. Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry, CBS Publishers & Distribution, New Delhi.
3. Text book of Pharmacognosy by C.K. Kokate, Purohit, Gokhlae (2007), 37<sup>th</sup> Edition, Nirali Prakashan, New Delhi.
4. Herbal drug industry by R.D. Choudhary (1996), 1<sup>st</sup> Edn, Eastern Publisher, New Delhi.
5. Essentials of Pharmacognosy, Dr.SH.Ansari, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Birla publications, New Delhi, 2007
6. Herbal Cosmetics by H.Pande, Asia Pacific Business press, Inc, New Delhi.
7. A.N. Kalia, Textbook of Industrial Pharmacognosy, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 2005.
8. R Endress, Plant cell Biotechnology, Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 1994.
9. Pharmacognosy & Pharmacobiotechnology. James Bobbers, Marilyn KS, VE Tylor.
10. The formulation and preparation of cosmetic, fragrances and flavours.
11. Remington's Pharmaceutical sciences.
12. Text Book of Biotechnology by Vyas and Dixit.
13. Text Book of Biotechnology by R.C. Dubey.



  
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**Scope:** This subject is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on the structure, chemistry and therapeutic value of drugs. The subject emphasis on modern techniques of rational drug design like quantitative structure activity relationship (QSAR), Prodrug concept, combinatorial chemistry and Computer aided drug design (CADD). The subject also emphasizes on the chemistry, mechanism of action, metabolism, adverse effects, Structure Activity Relationships (SAR), therapeutic uses and synthesis of important drugs.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course student shall be able to

1. Understand the importance of drug design and different techniques of drug design.
2. Understand the chemistry of drugs with respect to their biological activity.
3. Know the metabolism, adverse effects and therapeutic value of drugs.
4. Know the importance of SAR of drugs.

**Course Content:**

**Study of the development of the following classes of drugs, Classification, mechanism of action, uses of drugs mentioned in the course, Structure activity relationship of selective class of drugs as specified in the course and synthesis of drugs superscripted by (\*)**

**UNIT – I**

**10 Hours**

**Antibiotics**

Historical background, Nomenclature, Stereochemistry, Structure activity relationship, Chemical degradation classification and important products of the following classes.

**$\beta$ -Lactam antibiotics:** Penicillin, Cephalosporins,  $\beta$ - Lactamase inhibitors, Monobactams

**Aminoglycosides:** Streptomycin, Neomycin, Kanamycin

**Tetracyclines:** Tetracycline, Oxytetracycline, Chlortetracycline, Minocycline, Doxycycline

**UNIT – II**

**10 Hours**

**Antibiotics**

Historical background, Nomenclature, Stereochemistry, Structure activity relationship, Chemical degradation classification and important products of the following classes.



**Macrolide:** Erythromycin Clarithromycin, Azithromycin.

**Miscellaneous:** Chloramphenicol\*, Clindamycin.

**Prodrugs:** Basic concepts and application of prodrugs design.

**Antimalarials:** Etiology of malaria.

**Quinolines:** SAR, Quinine sulphate, Chloroquine\*, Amodiaquine, Primaquine phosphate, Pamaquine\*, Quinacrine hydrochloride, Mefloquine.

**Biguanides and dihydro triazines:** Cycloguanil pamoate, Proguanil.

**Miscellaneous:** Pyrimethamine, Artesunate, Artemether, Atovoquone.

### UNIT – III

10 Hours

#### Anti-tubercular Agents

**Synthetic anti tubercular agents:** Isoniazid\*, Ethionamide, Ethambutol, Pyrazinamide, Para amino salicylic acid.\*

**Anti tubercular antibiotics:** Rifampicin, Rifabutin, Cycloserine Streptomycine, Capreomycin sulphate.

#### Urinary tract anti-infective agents

**Quinolones:** SAR of quinolones, Nalidixic Acid, Norfloxacin, Enoxacin, Ciprofloxacin\*, Ofloxacin, Lomefloxacin, Sparfloxacin, Gatifloxacin, Moxifloxacin

**Miscellaneous:** Furazolidine, Nitrofurantoin\*, Methanamine.

#### Antiviral agents:

Amantadine hydrochloride, Rimantadine hydrochloride, Idoxuridine trifluoride, Acyclovir\*, Gancyclovir, Zidovudine, Didanosine, Zalcitabine, Lamivudine, Loviride, Delavirding, Ribavirin, Saquinavir, Indinavir, Ritonavir.

### UNIT – IV

08 Hours

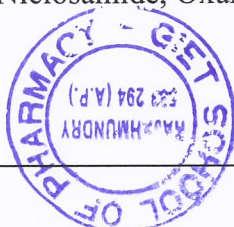
#### Antifungal agents:

**Antifungal antibiotics:** Amphotericin-B, Nystatin, Natamycin, Griseofulvin.

**Synthetic Antifungal agents:** Clotrimazole, Econazole, Butoconazole, Oxiconazole Tioconazole, Miconazole\*, Ketoconazole, Terconazole, Itraconazole, Fluconazole, Naftifine hydrochloride, Tolnaftate\*.

**Anti-protozoal Agents:** Metronidazole\*, Tinidazole, Ornidazole, Diloxanide, Iodoquinol, Pentamidine Isethionate, Atovaquone, Eflornithine.

**Anthelmintics:** Diethylcarbamazine citrate\*, Thiabendazole, Mebendazole\*, Albendazole, Niclosamide, Oxamniquine, Praziquantal, Ivermectin.





## Sulphonamides and Sulfones

Historical development, chemistry, classification and SAR of Sulfonamides: Sulphamethizole, Sulfisoxazole, Sulphamethizine, Sulfacetamide\*, Sulphapyridine, Sulfamethoxazole\*, Sulphadiazine, Mefenide acetate, Sulfasalazine.

**Folate reductase inhibitors:** Trimethoprim\*, Cotrimoxazole.

**Sulfones:** Dapsone\*.

## UNIT – V

07 Hours

### Introduction to Drug Design

Various approaches used in drug design.

Physicochemical parameters used in quantitative structure activity relationship (QSAR) such as partition coefficient, Hammett's electronic parameter, Taft's steric parameter and Hansch analysis.

Pharmacophore modeling and docking techniques.

**Combinatorial Chemistry:** Concept and applications of combinatorial chemistry: solid phase and solution phase synthesis.



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**I Preparation of drugs and intermediates**

- 1 Sulphanilamide
- 2 7-Hydroxy, 4-methyl coumarin
- 3 Chlorobutanol
- 4 Triphenyl imidazole
- 5 Tolbutamide
- 6 Hexamine

**II Assay of drugs**

- 1 Isonicotinic acid hydrazide
- 2 Chloroquine
- 3 Metronidazole
- 4 Dapsone
- 5 Chlorpheniramine maleate
- 6 Benzyl penicillin

**III Preparation of medicinally important compounds or intermediates by Microwave irradiation technique**

**IV Drawing structures and reactions using chem draw®**

**V Determination of physicochemical properties such as logP, clogP, MR, Molecular weight, Hydrogen bond donors and acceptors for class of drugs course content using drug design software Drug likeliness screening (Lipinskies RO5)**

**Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

1. Wilson and Giswold's Organic medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
2. Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry.
3. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, Vol I to IV.
4. Introduction to principles of drug design- Smith and Williams.
5. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences.
6. Martindale's extra pharmacopoeia.



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**Scope:** This subject is intended to impart the fundamental knowledge on various aspects (classification, mechanism of action, therapeutic effects, clinical uses, side effects and contraindications) of drugs acting on respiratory and gastrointestinal system, infectious diseases, immuno-pharmacology and in addition, emphasis on the principles of toxicology and chronopharmacology.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

1. understand the mechanism of drug action and its relevance in the treatment of different infectious diseases
2. comprehend the principles of toxicology and treatment of various poisonings and
3. appreciate correlation of pharmacology with related medical sciences.

**Course Content:**

**UNIT-I**

**10hours**

**1. Pharmacology of drugs acting on Respiratory system**

- a. Anti -asthmatic drugs
- b. Drugs used in the management of COPD
- c. Expectorants and antitussives
- d. Nasal decongestants
- e. Respiratory stimulants

**2. Pharmacology of drugs acting on the Gastrointestinal Tract**

- a. Antiulcer agents.
- b. Drugs for constipation and diarrhoea.
- c. Appetite stimulants and suppressants.
- d. Digestants and carminatives.
- e. Emetics and anti-emetics.

**UNIT-II**

**10hours**

**3. Chemotherapy**

- a. General principles of chemotherapy.
- b. Sulfonamides and cotrimoxazole.
- c. Antibiotics- Penicillins, cephalosporins, chloramphenicol, macrolides, quinolones and fluoroquinolins, tetracycline and aminoglycosides

**UNIT-III**

**10hours**

**3. Chemotherapy**

- a. Antitubercular agents
- b. Antileprotic agents



- c. Antifungal agents
- d. Antiviral drugs
- e. Anthelmintics
- f. Antimalarial drugs
- g. Antiamoebic agents

#### UNIT-IV

08hours

#### 3. Chemotherapy

- l. Urinary tract infections and sexually transmitted diseases.
- m. Chemotherapy of malignancy.

#### 4. Immunopharmacology

- a. Immunostimulants
- b. Immunosuppressant

Protein drugs, monoclonal antibodies, target drugs to antigen, biosimilars

#### UNIT-V

07hours


#### 5. Principles of toxicology

- a. Definition and basic knowledge of acute, subacute and chronic toxicity.
- b. Definition and basic knowledge of genotoxicity, carcinogenicity, teratogenicity and mutagenicity
- c. General principles of treatment of poisoning
- d. Clinical symptoms and management of barbiturates, morphine, organophosphorus compound and lead, mercury and arsenic poisoning.

#### 6. Chronopharmacology

- a. Definition of rhythm and cycles.
- b. Biological clock and their significance leading to chronotherapy.



  
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1. Dose calculation in pharmacological experiments
2. Antiallergic activity by mast cell stabilization assay
3. Study of anti-ulcer activity of a drug using pylorus ligand (SHAY) rat model and NSAIDS induced ulcer model.
4. Study of effect of drugs on gastrointestinal motility
5. Effect of agonist and antagonists on guinea pig ileum
6. Estimation of serum biochemical parameters by using semi- autoanalyser
7. Effect of saline purgative on frog intestine
8. Insulin hypoglycemic effect in rabbit
9. Test for pyrogens ( rabbit method)
10. Determination of acute oral toxicity (LD50) of a drug from a given data
11. Determination of acute skin irritation / corrosion of a test substance
12. Determination of acute eye irritation / corrosion of a test substance
13. Calculation of pharmacokinetic parameters from a given data
14. Biostatistics methods in experimental pharmacology( student's t test, ANOVA)
15. Biostatistics methods in experimental pharmacology (Chi square test, Wilcoxon Signed Rank test)

*\*Experiments are demonstrated by simulated experiments/videos*

**Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

1. Rang H. P., Dale M. M., Ritter J. M., Flower R. J., Rang and Dale's Pharmacology, Churchill Livingstone Elsevier
2. Katzung B. G., Masters S. B., Trevor A. J., Basic and clinical pharmacology, Tata Mc Graw-Hill
3. Goodman and Gilman's, The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics
4. Marry Anne K. K., Lloyd Yee Y., Brian K. A., Robbin L.C., Joseph G. B., Wayne A. K., Bradley R.W., Applied Therapeutics, The Clinical use of Drugs. The Point Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
5. Mycek M.J, Gelnet S.B and Perper M.M. Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews- Pharmacology
6. K.D.Tripathi. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology, , JAYPEE Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd, New Delhi.
7. Sharma H. L., Sharma K. K., Principles of Pharmacology, Paras medical publisher Modern Pharmacology with clinical Applications, by Charles R.Craig & Robert,
8. Ghosh MN. Fundamentals of Experimental Pharmacology. Hilton & Company, Kolkata,
9. Kulkarni SK. Handbook of experimental pharmacology. VallabhPrakashan,
10. N.Udupa and P.D. Gupta, Concepts in Chronopharmacology.



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## BP 603 T. HERBAL DRUG TECHNOLOGY (Theory)

45 hours

**Scope:** This subject gives the student the knowledge of basic understanding of herbal drug industry, the quality of raw material, guidelines for quality of herbal drugs, herbal cosmetics, natural sweeteners, nutraceutical etc. The subject also emphasizes on Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP), patenting and regulatory issues of herbal drugs

**Objectives:** Upon completion of this course the student should be able to:

1. understand raw material as source of herbal drugs from cultivation to herbal drug product
2. know the WHO and ICH guidelines for evaluation of herbal drugs
3. know the herbal cosmetics, natural sweeteners, nutraceuticals
4. appreciate patenting of herbal drugs, GMP .

### Course content:

#### UNIT-I

11 Hours

##### Herbs as raw materials

Definition of herb, herbal medicine, herbal medicinal product, herbal drug preparation  
Source of Herbs  
Selection, identification and authentication of herbal materials  
Processing of herbal raw material

##### Biodynamic Agriculture

Good agricultural practices in cultivation of medicinal plants including Organic farming.  
Pest and Pest management in medicinal plants: Biopesticides/Bioinsecticides.

##### Indian Systems of Medicine

- a) Basic principles involved in Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani and Homeopathy
- b) Preparation and standardization of Ayurvedic formulations viz Aristas and Asawas, Ghutika, Churna, Lehya and Bhasma.

#### UNIT-II

7 Hours

##### Nutraceuticals

General aspects, Market, growth, scope and types of products available in the market. Health benefits and role of Nutraceuticals in ailments like Diabetes, CVS diseases, Cancer, Irritable bowel syndrome and various Gastro intestinal diseases.  
Study of following herbs as health food: Alfaalfa, Chicory, Ginger, Fenugreek, Garlic, Honey, Amla, Ginseng, Ashwagandha, Spirulina

**Herbal-Drug and Herb-Food Interactions:** General introduction to interaction and classification. Study of following drugs and their possible side effects and interactions: Hypercium, kava-kava, Ginkobiloba, Ginseng, Garlic, Pepper & Ephedra.

#### UNIT-III

10 Hours

##### Herbal Cosmetics



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Sources and description of raw materials of herbal origin used via, fixed oils, waxes, gums colours, perfumes, protective agents, bleaching agents, antioxidants in products such as skin care, hair care and oral hygiene products.

**Herbal excipients:**

Herbal Excipients – Significance of substances of natural origin as excipients – colorants, sweeteners, binders, diluents, viscosity builders, disintegrants, flavors & perfumes.

**Herbal formulations :**

Conventional herbal formulations like syrups, mixtures and tablets and Novel dosage forms like phytosomes

**UNIT- IV**

**10 Hours**

**Evaluation of Drugs** WHO & ICH guidelines for the assessment of herbal drugs  
Stability testing of herbal drugs.

**Patenting and Regulatory requirements of natural products:**

- a) Definition of the terms: Patent, IPR, Farmers right, Breeder's right, Bioprospecting and Biopiracy
- b) Patenting aspects of Traditional Knowledge and Natural Products. Case study of Curcuma & Neem.

**Regulatory Issues** - Regulations in India (ASU DTAB, ASU DCC), Regulation of manufacture of ASU drugs - Schedule Z of Drugs & Cosmetics Act for ASU drugs.

**UNIT-V**

**07 Hours**

**General Introduction to Herbal Industry**

Herbal drugs industry: Present scope and future prospects.

A brief account of plant based industries and institutions involved in work on medicinal and aromatic plants in India.

**Schedule T – Good Manufacturing Practice of Indian systems of medicine**

Components of GMP (Schedule – T) and its objectives

Infrastructural requirements, working space, storage area, machinery and equipments, standard operating procedures, health and hygiene, documentation and records.



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## BP 609 P. HERBAL DRUG TECHNOLOGY (Practical)

4 hours/ week

1. To perform preliminary phytochemical screening of crude drugs.
2. Determination of the alcohol content of Asava and Arista
3. Evaluation of excipients of natural origin
4. Incorporation of prepared and standardized extract in cosmetic formulations like creams, lotions and shampoos and their evaluation.
5. Incorporation of prepared and standardized extract in formulations like syrups, mixtures and tablets and their evaluation as per Pharmacopoeial requirements.
6. Monograph analysis of herbal drugs from recent Pharmacopoeias
7. Determination of Aldehyde content
8. Determination of Phenol content
9. Determination of total alkaloids

### Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)

1. Textbook of Pharmacognosy by Trease & Evans.
2. Textbook of Pharmacognosy by Tyler, Brady & Robber.
3. Pharmacognosy by Kokate, Purohit and Gokhale
4. Essential of Pharmacognosy by Dr.S.H.Ansari
5. Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry by V.D.Rangari
6. Pharmacopoeal standards for Ayurvedic Formulation (Council of Research in Indian Medicine & Homeopathy)
7. Mukherjee, P.W. Quality Control of Herbal Drugs: An Approach to Evaluation of Botanicals. Business Horizons Publishers, New Delhi, India, 2002.



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## BP606TPHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE (Theory)

45 Hours

**Scope:** This course deals with the various aspects of quality control and quality assurance aspects of pharmaceutical industries. It deals with the important aspects like cGMP, QC tests, documentation, quality certifications and regulatory affairs.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course student shall be able to:

- understand the cGMP aspects in a pharmaceutical industry
- appreciate the importance of documentation
- understand the scope of quality certifications applicable to pharmaceutical industries
- understand the responsibilities of QA & QC departments

**Course content:**

### UNIT – I

10 Hours

**Quality Assurance and Quality Management concepts:** Definition and concept of Quality control, Quality assurance and GMP

**Total Quality Management (TQM):** Definition, elements, philosophies

**ICH Guidelines:** purpose, participants, process of harmonization, Brief overview of QSEM, with special emphasis on Q-series guidelines, ICH stability testing guidelines

**Quality by design (QbD):** Definition, overview, elements of QbD program, tools

**ISO 9000 & ISO14000:** Overview, Benefits, Elements, steps for registration

**NABL accreditation :** Principles and procedures

### UNIT - II

10 Hours

**Organization and personnel:** Personnel responsibilities, training, hygiene and personal records.

**Premises:** Design, construction and plant layout, maintenance, sanitation, environmental control, utilities and maintenance of sterile areas, control of contamination.

**Equipments and raw materials:** Equipment selection, purchase specifications, maintenance, purchase specifications and maintenance of stores for raw materials.


### UNIT – III

10 Hours

**Quality Control:** Quality control test for containers, rubber closures and secondary packing



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materials.

**Good Laboratory Practices:** General Provisions, Organization and Personnel, Facilities, Equipment, Testing Facilities Operation, Test and Control Articles, Protocol for Conduct of a Nonclinical Laboratory Study, Records and Reports, Disqualification of Testing Facilities

**UNIT – IV**

**08 Hours**

**Complaints:** Complaints and evaluation of complaints, Handling of return good, recalling and waste disposal.

**Document maintenance in pharmaceutical industry:** Batch Formula Record, Master Formula Record, SOP, Quality audit, Quality Review and Quality documentation, Reports and documents, distribution records.

**UNIT – V**

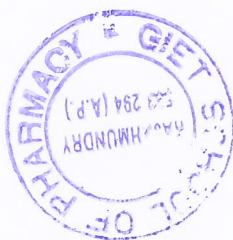
**07 Hours**


**Calibration and Validation:** Introduction, definition and general principles of calibration, qualification and validation, importance and scope of validation, types of validation, validation master plan. Calibration of pH meter, Qualification of UV-Visible spectrophotometer, General principles of Analytical method Validation.

**Warehousing:** Good warehousing practice, materials management

**Recommended Books: (Latest Edition)**

1. Quality Assurance Guide by organization of Pharmaceutical Products of India.
2. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Sandy Weinberg Vol. 69.
3. Quality Assurance of Pharmaceuticals- A compendium of Guide lines and Related materials Vol I WHO Publications.
4. A guide to Total Quality Management- Kushik Maitra and Sedhan K Ghosh
5. How to Practice GMP's – P P Sharma.
6. ISO 9000 and Total Quality Management – Sadhank G Ghosh
7. The International Pharmacopoeia – Vol I, II, III, IV- General Methods of Analysis and Quality specification for Pharmaceutical Substances, Excipients and Dosage forms
8. Good laboratory Practices – Marcel Deckker Series
9. ICH guidelines, ISO 9000 and 14000 guidelines



  
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## BP701T. INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS (Theory)

45 Hours

**Scope:** This subject deals with the application of instrumental methods in qualitative and quantitative analysis of drugs. This subject is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the principles and instrumentation of spectroscopic and chromatographic technique. This also emphasizes on theoretical and practical knowledge on modern analytical instruments that are used for drug testing.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

1. Understand the interaction of matter with electromagnetic radiations and its applications in drug analysis
2. Understand the chromatographic separation and analysis of drugs.
3. Perform quantitative & qualitative analysis of drugs using various analytical instruments.

### Course Content:

#### UNIT –I

10 Hours

##### UV Visible spectroscopy

Electronic transitions, chromophores, auxochromes, spectral shifts, solvent effect on absorption spectra, Beer and Lambert's law, Derivation and deviations.

Instrumentation - Sources of radiation, wavelength selectors, sample cells, detectors- Photo tube, Photomultiplier tube, Photo voltaic cell, Silicon Photodiode.

Applications - Spectrophotometric titrations, Single component and multi component analysis

##### Fluorimetry

Theory, Concepts of singlet, doublet and triplet electronic states, internal and external conversions, factors affecting fluorescence, quenching, instrumentation and applications

#### UNIT –II

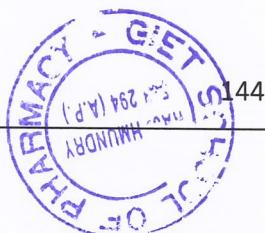
10 Hours

##### IR spectroscopy

Introduction, fundamental modes of vibrations in poly atomic molecules, sample handling, factors affecting vibrations

Instrumentation - Sources of radiation, wavelength selectors, detectors - Golay cell, Bolometer, Thermocouple, Thermister, Pyroelectric detector and applications

**Flame Photometry**-Principle, interferences, instrumentation and applications



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**Atomic absorption spectroscopy-** Principle, interferences, instrumentation and applications

**Nepheloturbidometry-** Principle, instrumentation and applications

**UNIT –III**

**10 Hours**

**Introduction to chromatography**

**Adsorption and partition column chromatography-**Methodology, advantages, disadvantages and applications.

**Thin layer chromatography-** Introduction, Principle, Methodology, Rf values, advantages, disadvantages and applications.

**Paper chromatography-**Introduction, methodology, development techniques, advantages, disadvantages and applications

**Electrophoresis–** Introduction, factors affecting electrophoretic mobility, Techniques of paper, gel, capillary electrophoresis, applications

**UNIT –IV**

**08 Hours**

**Gas chromatography -** Introduction, theory, instrumentation, derivatization, temperature programming, advantages, disadvantages and applications

**High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC)-**Introduction, theory, instrumentation, advantages and applications.

**UNIT –V**


**07 Hours**

**Ion exchange chromatography-** Introduction, classification, ion exchange resins, properties, mechanism of ion exchange process, factors affecting ion exchange, methodology and applications

**Gel chromatography-** Introduction, theory, instrumentation and applications

**Affinity chromatography-** Introduction, theory, instrumentation and applications



  
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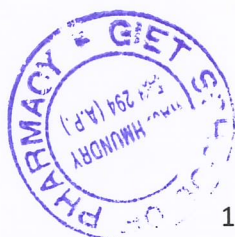
## BP705P. INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS (Practical)

4 Hours/Week

- 1 Determination of absorption maxima and effect of solvents on absorption maxima of organic compounds
- 2 Estimation of dextrose by colorimetry
- 3 Estimation of sulfanilamide by colorimetry
- 4 Simultaneous estimation of ibuprofen and paracetamol by UV spectroscopy
- 5 Assay of paracetamol by UV- Spectrophotometry
- 6 Estimation of quinine sulfate by fluorimetry
- 7 Study of quenching of fluorescence
- 8 Determination of sodium by flame photometry
- 9 Determination of potassium by flame photometry
- 10 Determination of chlorides and sulphates by nephelo turbidometry
- 11 Separation of amino acids by paper chromatography
- 12 Separation of sugars by thin layer chromatography
- 13 Separation of plant pigments by column chromatography
- 14 Demonstration experiment on HPLC
- 15 Demonstration experiment on Gas Chromatography

### Recommended Books (Latest Editions)

1. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by B.K Sharma
2. Organic spectroscopy by Y.R Sharma
3. Text book of Pharmaceutical Analysis by Kenneth A. Connors
4. Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis by A.I. Vogel
5. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry by A.H. Beckett and J.B. Stenlake
6. Organic Chemistry by I. L. Finar
7. Organic spectroscopy by William Kemp
8. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs by D. C. Garrett
9. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical Formulations by P. D. Sethi
10. Spectrophotometric identification of Organic Compounds by Silverstein



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**Scope:** This course is designed to impart fundamental knowledge on pharmaceutical product development and translation from laboratory to market

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to:

1. Know the process of pilot plant and scale up of pharmaceutical dosage forms
2. Understand the process of technology transfer from lab scale to commercial batch
3. Know different Laws and Acts that regulate pharmaceutical industry
4. Understand the approval process and regulatory requirements for drug products

**Course Content:**

**UNIT-I**

**10 Hours**

**Pilot plant scale up techniques:** General considerations - including significance of personnel requirements, space requirements, raw materials, Pilot plant scale up considerations for solids, liquid orals, semi solids and relevant documentation, SUPAC guidelines, Introduction to platform technology

**UNIT-II**

**10 Hours**

**Technology development and transfer:** WHO guidelines for Technology Transfer(TT): Terminology, Technology transfer protocol, Quality risk management, Transfer from R & D to production (Process, packaging and cleaning), Granularity of TT Process (API, excipients, finished products, packaging materials) Documentation, Premises and equipments, qualification and validation, quality control, analytical method transfer, Approved regulatory bodies and agencies, Commercialization - practical aspects and problems (case studies), TT agencies in India - APCTD, NRDC, TIFAC, BCIL, TBSE / SIDBI; TT related documentation - confidentiality agreement, licensing, MoUs, legal issues

**UNIT-III**


**10 Hours**

**Regulatory affairs:** Introduction, Historical overview of Regulatory Affairs, Regulatory authorities, Role of Regulatory affairs department, Responsibility of Regulatory Affairs Professionals

**Regulatory requirements for drug approval:** Drug Development Teams, Non-Clinical Drug Development, Pharmacology, Drug Metabolism and Toxicology, General considerations of Investigational New Drug (IND) Application, Investigator's Brochure (IB) and New Drug Application (NDA), Clinical research / BE studies, Clinical Research Protocols, Biostatistics in Pharmaceutical Product Development, Data Presentation for FDA Submissions, Management of Clinical Studies.



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#### UNIT-IV

08 Hours

**Quality management systems:** Quality management & Certifications: Concept of Quality, Total Quality Management, Quality by Design (QbD), Six Sigma concept, Out of Specifications (OOS), Change control, Introduction to ISO 9000 series of quality systems standards, ISO 14000, NABL, GLP

#### UNIT-V

07 Hours

**Indian Regulatory Requirements:** Central Drug Standard Control Organization (CDSCO) and State Licensing Authority: Organization, Responsibilities, Certificate of Pharmaceutical Product (COPP), Regulatory requirements and approval procedures for New Drugs.

#### Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)

1. Regulatory Affairs from Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia modified on 7<sup>th</sup> April available at [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regulatory\\_Affairs](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Regulatory_Affairs).
2. International Regulatory Affairs Updates, 2005. available at <http://www.iraup.com/about.php>
3. Douglas J Pisano and David S. Mantus. Text book of FDA Regulatory Affairs A Guide for Prescription Drugs, Medical Devices, and Biologics' Second Edition.
4. Regulatory Affairs brought by learning plus, inc. available at <http://www.cgmp.com/ra.htm>.



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## **BP 704T: NOVEL DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS (Theory)**

**45 Hours**

**Scope:** This subject is designed to impart basic knowledge on the area of novel drug delivery systems.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course student shall be able

1. To understand various approaches for development of novel drug delivery systems.
2. To understand the criteria for selection of drugs and polymers for the development of Novel drug delivery systems, their formulation and evaluation

### **Course content:**

#### **Unit-I**

**10 Hours**

**Controlled drug delivery systems:** Introduction, terminology/definitions and rationale, advantages, disadvantages, selection of drug candidates. Approaches to design controlled release formulations based on diffusion, dissolution and ion exchange principles. Physicochemical and biological properties of drugs relevant to controlled release formulations

**Polymers:** Introduction, classification, properties, advantages and application of polymers in formulation of controlled release drug delivery systems.

#### **Unit-II**

**10 Hours**

**Microencapsulation:** Definition, advantages and disadvantages, microspheres /microcapsules, microparticles, methods of microencapsulation, applications

**Mucosal Drug Delivery system:** Introduction, Principles of bioadhesion / mucoadhesion, concepts, advantages and disadvantages, transmucosal permeability and formulation considerations of buccal delivery systems

**Implantable Drug Delivery Systems:** Introduction, advantages and disadvantages, concept of implants and osmotic pump

#### **Unit-III**

**10 Hours**

**Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems:** Introduction, Permeation through skin, factors affecting permeation, permeation enhancers, basic components of TDDS, formulation approaches

**Gastroretentive drug delivery systems:** Introduction, advantages, disadvantages, approaches for GRDDS – Floating, high density systems, inflatable and gastroadhesive systems and their applications

**Nasopulmonary drug delivery system:** Introduction to Nasal and Pulmonary routes of drug delivery, Formulation of Inhalers (dry powder and metered dose), nasal sprays, nebulizers

#### **Unit-IV**

**08 Hours**



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**Targeted drug Delivery:** Concepts and approaches advantages and disadvantages, introduction to liposomes, niosomes, nanoparticles, monoclonal antibodies and their applications

**Unit-V**

**07 Hours**

**Ocular Drug Delivery Systems:** Introduction, intra ocular barriers and methods to overcome –Preliminary study, ocular formulations and ocuserts

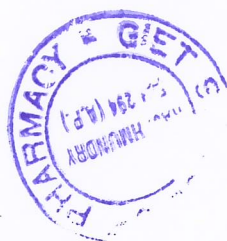
**Intrauterine Drug Delivery Systems:** Introduction, advantages and disadvantages, development of intra uterine devices (IUDs) and applications

**Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)**

1. Y W. Chien, Novel Drug Delivery Systems, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, revised and expanded, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992.
2. Robinson, J. R., Lee V. H. L, Controlled Drug Delivery Systems, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1992.
3. Encyclopedia of Controlled Delivery. Edith Mathiowitz, Published by Wiley Interscience Publication, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, New York. Chichester/Weinheim
4. N.K. Jain, Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery, CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi, First edition 1997 (reprint in 2001).
5. S.P. Vyas and R.K. Khar, Controlled Drug Delivery -concepts and advances, Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi, First edition 2002.

**Journals**

1. Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (IPA)
2. Indian Drugs (IDMA)
3. Journal of Controlled Release (Elsevier Sciences)
4. Drug Development and Industrial Pharmacy (Marcel & Decker)
5. International Journal of Pharmaceutics (Elsevier Sciences)



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## BP801T. BIOSTATISTICS AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (Theory)

45 Hours

**Scope:** To understand the applications of Biostatistics in Pharmacy. This subject deals with descriptive statistics, Graphics, Correlation, Regression, logistic regression Probability theory, Sampling technique, Parametric tests, Non Parametric tests, ANOVA, Introduction to Design of Experiments, Phases of Clinical trials and Observational and Experimental studies, SPSS, R and MINITAB statistical software's, analyzing the statistical data using Excel.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- Know the operation of M.S. Excel, SPSS, R and MINITAB<sup>®</sup>, DoE (Design of Experiment)
- Know the various statistical techniques to solve statistical problems
- Appreciate statistical techniques in solving the problems.

### Course content:

#### Unit-I

10 Hours

**Introduction:** Statistics, Biostatistics, Frequency distribution

**Measures of central tendency:** Mean, Median, Mode- Pharmaceutical examples

**Measures of dispersion:** Dispersion, Range, standard deviation, Pharmaceutical problems

**Correlation:** Definition, Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation, Multiple correlation - Pharmaceuticals examples

#### Unit-II

10 Hours

**Regression:** Curve fitting by the method of least squares, fitting the lines  $y = a + bx$  and  $x = a + by$ , Multiple regression, standard error of regression- Pharmaceutical Examples

**Probability:** Definition of probability, Binomial distribution, Normal distribution, Poisson's distribution, properties - problems

Sample, Population, large sample, small sample, Null hypothesis, alternative hypothesis, sampling, essence of sampling, types of sampling, Error-I type, Error-II type, Standard error of mean (SEM) - Pharmaceutical examples

**Parametric test:** t-test(Sample, Pooled or Unpaired and Paired), ANOVA, (One way and Two way), Least Significance difference

#### Unit-III

10 Hours

**Non Parametric tests:** Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test, Mann-Whitney U test, Kruskal-Wallis test, Friedman Test



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**Introduction to Research:** Need for research, Need for design of Experiments, Experiential Design Technique, plagiarism

**Graphs:** Histogram, Pie Chart, Cubic Graph, response surface plot, Counter Plot graph

**Designing the methodology:** Sample size determination and Power of a study, Report writing and presentation of data, Protocol, Cohorts studies, Observational studies, Experimental studies, Designing clinical trial, various phases.

#### Unit-IV

8 Hours

Blocking and confounding system for Two-level factorials

**Regression modeling:** Hypothesis testing in Simple and Multiple regression models

**Introduction to Practical components of Industrial and Clinical Trials Problems:**

Statistical Analysis Using Excel, SPSS, MINITAB®, DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS, R - Online Statistical Software's to Industrial and Clinical trial approach

#### Unit-V

7Hours

**Design and Analysis of experiments:**

**Factorial Design:** Definition,  $2^2$ ,  $2^3$  design. Advantage of factorial design

**Response Surface methodology:** Central composite design, Historical design, Optimization Techniques

#### Recommended Books (Latest edition):

1. Pharmaceutical statistics- Practical and clinical applications, Sanford Bolton, publisher Marcel Dekker Inc. New York.
2. Fundamental of Statistics – Himalaya Publishing House- S.C.Guptha
3. Design and Analysis of Experiments –PHI Learning Private Limited, R. Pannerselvam,
4. Design and Analysis of Experiments – Wiley Students Edition, Douglas and C. Montgomery



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## BP803ET. PHARMA MARKETING MANAGEMENT (Theory)

45 Hours

### Scope:

The pharmaceutical industry not only needs highly qualified researchers, chemists and technical people, but also requires skilled managers who can take the industry forward by managing and taking the complex decisions which are imperative for the growth of the industry. The Knowledge and Know-how of marketing management groom the people for taking a challenging role in Sales and Product management.

**Course Objective:** The course aims to provide an understanding of marketing concepts and techniques and their applications in the pharmaceutical industry.

### Unit I

10 Hours

#### Marketing:

Definition, general concepts and scope of marketing; Distinction between marketing & selling; Marketing environment; Industry and competitive analysis; Analyzing consumer buying behavior; industrial buying behavior.

#### Pharmaceutical market:

Quantitative and qualitative aspects; size and composition of the market; demographic descriptions and socio-psychological characteristics of the consumer; market segmentation & targeting. Consumer profile; Motivation and prescribing habits of the physician; patients' choice of physician and retail pharmacist. Analyzing the Market; Role of market research.

### Unit II

10 Hours

#### Product decision:

Classification, product line and product mix decisions, product life cycle, product portfolio analysis; product positioning; New product decisions; Product branding, packaging and labeling decisions, Product management in pharmaceutical industry.

### Unit III


10 Hours

#### Promotion:

Methods, determinants of promotional mix, promotional budget; An overview of personal selling, advertising, direct mail, journals, sampling, retailing, medical exhibition, public relations, online promotional techniques for OTC Products.



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#### Unit IV

10 Hours

##### **Pharmaceutical marketing channels:**

Designing channel, channel members, selecting the appropriate channel, conflict in channels, physical distribution management: Strategic importance, tasks in physical distribution management.

##### **Professional sales representative (PSR):**

Duties of PSR, purpose of detailing, selection and training, supervising, norms for customer calls, motivating, evaluating, compensation and future prospects of the PSR.

#### Unit V

10 Hours

##### **Pricing:**

Meaning, importance, objectives, determinants of price; pricing methods and strategies, issues in price management in pharmaceutical industry. An overview of DPCO (Drug Price Control Order) and NPPA (National Pharmaceutical Pricing Authority).

##### **Emerging concepts in marketing:**

Vertical & Horizontal Marketing; Rural Marketing; Consumerism; Industrial Marketing; Global Marketing.

##### **Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)**

1. Philip Kotler and Kevin Lane Keller: Marketing Management, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi
2. Walker, Boyd and Larreche : Marketing Strategy- Planning and Implementation, Tata MC GrawHill, New Delhi.
3. Dhruv Grewal and Michael Levy: Marketing, Tata MC Graw Hill
4. Arun Kumar and N Menakshi: Marketing Management, Vikas Publishing, India
5. Rajan Saxena: Marketing Management; Tata MC Graw-Hill (India Edition)
6. Ramaswamy, U.S & Nanakamari, S: Marketing Managemnt:Global Perspective, IndianContext,Macmilan India, New Delhi.
7. Shanker, Ravi: Service Marketing, Excell Books, New Delhi
8. Subba Rao Changanti, Pharmaceutical Marketing in India (GIFT – Excel series) Excel Publications.



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## BP 805T: PHARMACOVIGILANCE (Theory)

45 hours

**Scope:** This paper will provide an opportunity for the student to learn about development of pharmacovigilance as a science, basic terminologies used in pharmacovigilance, global scenario of Pharmacovigilance, train students on establishing pharmacovigilance programme in an organization, various methods that can be used to generate safety data and signal detection. This paper also develops the skills of classifying drugs, diseases and adverse drug reactions.

### Objectives:

*At completion of this paper it is expected that students will be able to (know, do, and appreciate):*

1. Why drug safety monitoring is important?
2. History and development of pharmacovigilance
3. National and international scenario of pharmacovigilance
4. Dictionaries, coding and terminologies used in pharmacovigilance
5. Detection of new adverse drug reactions and their assessment
6. International standards for classification of diseases and drugs
7. Adverse drug reaction reporting systems and communication in pharmacovigilance
8. Methods to generate safety data during pre clinical, clinical and post approval phases of drugs' life cycle
9. Drug safety evaluation in paediatrics, geriatrics, pregnancy and lactation
10. Pharmacovigilance Program of India (PvPI) requirement for ADR reporting in India
11. ICH guidelines for ICSR, PSUR, expedited reporting, pharmacovigilance planning
12. CIOMS requirements for ADR reporting
13. Writing case narratives of adverse events and their quality.

### Course Content

#### Unit I

10 Hours

#### Introduction to Pharmacovigilance

- History and development of Pharmacovigilance
- Importance of safety monitoring of Medicine
- WHO international drug monitoring programme
- Pharmacovigilance Program of India(PvPI)

#### Introduction to adverse drug reactions

- Definitions and classification of ADRs
- Detection and reporting
- Methods in Causality assessment
- Severity and seriousness assessment
- Predictability and preventability assessment
- Management of adverse drug reactions

#### Basic terminologies used in pharmacovigilance



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- Terminologies of adverse medication related events
- Regulatory terminologies

## Unit II

10 hours

### Drug and disease classification

- Anatomical, therapeutic and chemical classification of drugs
- International classification of diseases
- Daily defined doses
- International Non proprietary Names for drugs

### Drug dictionaries and coding in pharmacovigilance

- WHO adverse reaction terminologies
- MedDRA and Standardised MedDRA queries
- WHO drug dictionary
- Eudravigilance medicinal product dictionary

### Information resources in pharmacovigilance

- Basic drug information resources
- Specialised resources for ADRs

### Establishing pharmacovigilance programme

- Establishing in a hospital
- Establishment & operation of drug safety department in industry
- Contract Research Organisations (CROs)
- Establishing a national programme

## Unit III

10 Hours

### Vaccine safety surveillance

- Vaccine Pharmacovigilance
- Vaccination failure
- Adverse events following immunization

### Pharmacovigilance methods


- Passive surveillance – Spontaneous reports and case series
- Stimulated reporting
- Active surveillance – Sentinel sites, drug event monitoring and registries
- Comparative observational studies – Cross sectional study, case control study and cohort study
- Targeted clinical investigations

### Communication in pharmacovigilance

- Effective communication in Pharmacovigilance
- Communication in Drug Safety Crisis management
- Communicating with Regulatory Agencies, Business Partners, Healthcare facilities & Media



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## Unit IV

8 Hours

### Safety data generation

- Pre clinical phase
- Clinical phase
- Post approval phase (PMS)

### ICH Guidelines for Pharmacovigilance

- Organization and objectives of ICH
- Expedited reporting
- Individual case safety reports
- Periodic safety update reports
- Post approval expedited reporting
- Pharmacovigilance planning
- Good clinical practice in pharmacovigilance studies

## Unit V

7 hours

### Pharmacogenomics of adverse drug reactions

- Genetics related ADR with example focusing PK parameters.

### Drug safety evaluation in special population

- Paediatrics
- Pregnancy and lactation
- Geriatrics

### CIOMS

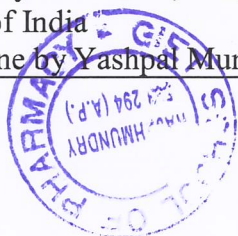
- CIOMS Working Groups
- CIOMS Form

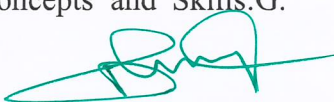
### CDSCO (India) and Pharmacovigilance

- D&C Act and Schedule Y
- Differences in Indian and global pharmacovigilance requirements

### Recommended Books (Latest edition):

1. Textbook of Pharmacovigilance: S K Gupta, Jaypee Brothers, Medical Publishers.
2. Practical Drug Safety from A to Z By Barton Cobert, Pierre Biron, Jones and Bartlett Publishers.
3. Mann's Pharmacovigilance: Elizabeth B. Andrews, Nicholas, Wiley Publishers.
4. Stephens' Detection of New Adverse Drug Reactions: John Talbot, Patrick Walle, Wiley Publishers.
5. An Introduction to Pharmacovigilance: Patrick Waller, Wiley Publishers.
6. Cobert's Manual of Drug Safety and Pharmacovigilance: Barton Cobert, Jones & Bartlett Publishers.
7. Textbook of Pharmacoepidemiology edited by Brian L. Strom, Stephen E Kimmel, Sean Hennessy, Wiley Publishers.
8. A Textbook of Clinical Pharmacy Practice -Essential Concepts and Skills: G. Parthasarathi, Karin Nyfort Hansen, Milap C. Nahata
9. National Formulary of India
10. Text Book of Medicine by Yashpal Munjal



  
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**BP 806 ET. QUALITY CONTROL AND STANDARDIZATION OF HERBALS  
(Theory)**

**Scope:** In this subject the student learns about the various methods and guidelines for evaluation and standardization of herbs and herbal drugs. The subject also provides an opportunity for the student to learn cGMP, GAP and GLP in traditional system of medicines.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to;

1. know WHO guidelines for quality control of herbal drugs
2. know Quality assurance in herbal drug industry
3. know the regulatory approval process and their registration in Indian and international markets
4. appreciate EU and ICH guidelines for quality control of herbal drugs

**Unit I**

**10 hours**

Basic tests for drugs – Pharmaceutical substances, Medicinal plants materials and dosage forms

WHO guidelines for quality control of herbal drugs.

Evaluation of commercial crude drugs intended for use

**Unit II**

**10 hours**

**Quality assurance in herbal drug industry** of cGMP, GAP, GMP and GLP in traditional system of medicine.

WHO Guidelines on current good manufacturing Practices (cGMP) for Herbal Medicines

WHO Guidelines on GACP for Medicinal Plants.

**Unit III**

**10 hours**

EU and ICH guidelines for quality control of herbal drugs.

Research Guidelines for Evaluating the Safety and Efficacy of Herbal Medicines

**Unit IV**

**08 hours**

Stability testing of herbal medicines. Application of various chromatographic techniques in standardization of herbal products.

Preparation of documents for new drug application and export registration

GMP requirements and Drugs & Cosmetics Act provisions.



**Unit V****07 hours**

Regulatory requirements for herbal medicines.

WHO guidelines on safety monitoring of herbal medicines in pharmacovigilance systems

Comparison of various Herbal Pharmacopoeias.

Role of chemical and biological markers in standardization of herbal products -

**Recommended Books: (Latest Editions)**

1. Pharmacognosy by Trease and Evans
2. Pharmacognosy by Kokate, Purohit and Gokhale
3. Rangari, V.D., Text book of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry Vol. I, Carrier Pub., 2006.
4. Aggrawal, S.S., Herbal Drug Technology. Universities Press, 2002.
5. EMEA. Guidelines on Quality of Herbal Medicinal Products/Traditional Medicinal Products,
6. Mukherjee, P.W. Quality Control of Herbal Drugs: An Approach to Evaluation of Botanicals. Business Horizons Publishers, New Delhi, India, 2002.
7. Shinde M.V., Dhalwal K., Potdar K., Mahadik K. Application of quality control principles to herbal drugs. International Journal of Phytomedicine 1(2009); p. 4-8.
8. WHO. Quality Control Methods for Medicinal Plant Materials, World Health Organization, Geneva, 1998. WHO. Guidelines for the Appropriate Use of Herbal Medicines. WHO Regional Publications, Western Pacific Series No 3, WHO Regional office for the Western Pacific, Manila, 1998.
9. WHO. The International Pharmacopeia, Vol. 2: Quality Specifications, 3rd edn. World Health Organization, Geneva, 1981.
10. WHO. Quality Control Methods for Medicinal Plant Materials. World Health Organization, Geneva, 1999.
11. WHO. WHO Global Atlas of Traditional, Complementary and Alternative Medicine. 2 vol. set. Vol. 1 contains text and Vol. 2, maps. World Health Organization, Geneva, 2005.
12. WHO. Guidelines on Good Agricultural and Collection Practices (GACP) for Medicinal Plants. World Health Organization, Geneva, 2004.



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## BP 807 ET. COMPUTER AIDED DRUG DESIGN (Theory)

45 Hours

**Scope:** This subject is designed to provide detailed knowledge of rational drug design process and various techniques used in rational drug design process.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to understand

- Design and discovery of lead molecules
- The role of drug design in drug discovery process
- The concept of QSAR and docking
- Various strategies to develop new drug like molecules.
- The design of new drug molecules using molecular modeling software

### Course Content:

#### UNIT-I

10 Hours

##### Introduction to Drug Discovery and Development

Stages of drug discovery and development

##### Lead discovery and Analog Based Drug Design

Rational approaches to lead discovery based on traditional medicine, Random screening, Non-random screening, serendipitous drug discovery, lead discovery based on drug metabolism, lead discovery based on clinical observation.

**Analog Based Drug Design:** Bioisosterism, Classification, Bioisosteric replacement. Any three case studies

#### UNIT-II

10 Hours

##### Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship (QSAR)

SAR versus QSAR, History and development of QSAR, Types of physicochemical parameters, experimental and theoretical approaches for the determination of physicochemical parameters such as Partition coefficient, Hammett's substituent constant and Taft's steric constant. Hansch analysis, Free Wilson analysis, 3D-QSAR approaches like COMFA and COMSIA.

#### UNIT-III

10 Hours

##### Molecular Modeling and virtual screening techniques

**Virtual Screening techniques:** Drug likeness screening, Concept of pharmacophore mapping and pharmacophore based Screening,

**Molecular docking:** Rigid docking, flexible docking, manual docking, Docking based screening. *De novo* drug design.



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**UNIT-IV****08 Hours****Informatics & Methods in drug design**

Introduction to Bioinformatics, chemoinformatics. ADME databases, chemical, biochemical and pharmaceutical databases.

**UNIT-V****07 Hours**

**Molecular Modeling:** Introduction to molecular mechanics and quantum mechanics. Energy Minimization methods and Conformational Analysis, global conformational minima determination.

**Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

1. Robert GCK, ed., "Drug Action at the Molecular Level" University Park Press Baltimore.
2. Martin YC. "Quantitative Drug Design" Dekker, New York.
3. Delgado JN, Remers WA eds "Wilson & Gisvolds's Text Book of Organic Medicinal & Pharmaceutical Chemistry" Lippincott, New York.
4. Foye WO "Principles of Medicinal chemistry 'Lea & Febiger.
5. Koro Ikovas A, Burckhalter JH. "Essentials of Medicinal Chemistry" Wiley Interscience.
6. Wolf ME, ed "The Basis of Medicinal Chemistry, Burger's Medicinal Chemistry" John Wiley & Sons, New York.
7. Patrick Graham, L., An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, Oxford University Press.
8. Smith HJ, Williams H, eds, "Introduction to the principles of Drug Design" Wright Boston.
9. Silverman R.B. "The organic Chemistry of Drug Design and Drug Action" Academic Press New York.



**45Hours**

**UNIT I**

**10Hours**

Classification of cosmetic and cosmeceutical products

Definition of cosmetics as per Indian and EU regulations, Evolution of cosmeceuticals from cosmetics, cosmetics as quasi and OTC drugs

**Cosmetic excipients:** Surfactants, rheology modifiers, humectants, emollients, preservatives. Classification and application

**Skin:** Basic structure and function of skin.

**Hair:** Basic structure of hair. Hair growth cycle.

**Oral Cavity:** Common problem associated with teeth and gums.

**UNIT II**

**10 Hours**

**Principles of formulation and building blocks of skin care products:**

Face wash,

Moisturizing cream, Cold Cream, Vanishing cream and their advantages and disadvantages. Application of these products in formulation of cosmeceuticals.

**Antiperspirants & deodorants-** Actives & mechanism of action.

**Principles of formulation and building blocks of Hair care products:**

Conditioning shampoo, Hair conditioner, anti-dandruff shampoo.

Hair oils.

Chemistry and formulation of Para-phenylene diamine based hair dye.

Principles of formulation and building blocks of oral care products:

Toothpaste for bleeding gums, sensitive teeth. Teeth whitening, Mouthwash.

**UNIT III**

**10 Hours**

Sun protection, Classification of Sunscreens and SPF.

**Role of herbs in cosmetics:**

Skin Care: Aloe and turmeric

Hair care: Henna and amla.

Oral care: Neem and clove

**Analytical cosmetics:** BIS specification and analytical methods for shampoo, skin-cream and toothpaste.

**UNIT IV**

**08 Hours.**

Principles of Cosmetic Evaluation: Principles of sebumeter, corneometer. Measurement of TEWL, Skin Color, Hair tensile strength, Hair combing properties

Soaps, and syndet bars. Evolution and skin benefits.



## UNIT V

07 Hours

Oily and dry skin, causes leading to dry skin, skin moisturisation. Basic understanding of the terms Comedogenic, dermatitis.

Cosmetic problems associated with Hair and scalp: Dandruff, Hair fall causes

Cosmetic problems associated with skin: blemishes, wrinkles, acne, prickly heat and body odor.

Antiperspirants and Deodorants- Actives and mechanism of action

### References

- 1) Harry's Cosmeticology, Wilkinson, Moore, Seventh Edition, George Godwin.
- 2) Cosmetics – Formulations, Manufacturing and Quality Control, P.P. Sharma, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Vandana Publications Pvt. Ltd., Delhi.
- 3) Text book of cosmecology by Sanju Nanda & Roop K. Khar, Tata Publishers.



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## BP810 ET. PHARMACOLOGICAL SCREENING METHODS

45 Hours

**Scope:** This subject is designed to impart the basic knowledge of preclinical studies in experimental animals including design, conduct and interpretations of results.

### Objectives

Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to,

- Appreciate the applications of various commonly used laboratory animals.
- Appreciate and demonstrate the various screening methods used in preclinical research
- Appreciate and demonstrate the importance of biostatistics and research methodology
- Design and execute a research hypothesis independently

<b>Unit –I</b>	<b>08 Hours</b>
<b>Laboratory Animals:</b> Study of CPCSEA and OECD guidelines for maintenance, breeding and conduct of experiments on laboratory animals, Common lab animals: Description and applications of different species and strains of animals. Popular transgenic and mutant animals. Techniques for collection of blood and common routes of drug administration in laboratory animals, Techniques of blood collection and euthanasia.	
<b>Unit –II</b>	<b>10 Hours</b>
<b>Preclinical screening models</b> a. Introduction: Dose selection, calculation and conversions, preparation of drug solution/suspensions, grouping of animals and importance of sham negative and positive control groups. Rationale for selection of animal species and sex for the study. b. <b>Study of screening animal models for</b> Diuretics, nootropics, anti-Parkinson's, antiasthmatics, <b>Preclinical screening models:</b> for CNS activity- analgesic, antipyretic, anti-inflammatory, general anaesthetics, sedative and hypnotics, antipsychotic, antidepressant, antiepileptic, antiparkinsonism, alzheimer's disease	



<p><b>Unit –III</b></p> <p><b>Preclinical screening models:</b> for ANS activity, sympathomimetics, sympatholytics, parasymphomimetics, parasympholytics, skeletal muscle relaxants, drugs acting on eye, local anaethetics</p>	
<p><b>Unit –IV</b></p> <p><b>Preclinical screening models:</b> for CVS activity- antihypertensives, diuretics, antiarrhythmic, antidyslepidemic, anti aggregatory, coagulants, and anticoagulants</p> <p>Preclinical screening models for other important drugs like antiulcer, antidiabetic, anticancer and antiasthmatics.</p>	
<p><b>Research methodology and Bio-statistics</b></p> <p>Selection of research topic, review of literature, research hypothesis and study design</p> <p>Pre-clinical data analysis and interpretation using Students ‘t’ test and One-way ANOVA. Graphical representation of data</p>	<p><b>05 Hours</b></p>

**Recommended Books (latest edition):**

1. Fundamentals of experimental Pharmacology-by M.N.Ghosh
2. Hand book of Experimental Pharmacology-S.K.Kulakarni
3. CPCSEA guidelines for laboratory animal facility.
4. Drug discovery and Evaluation by Vogel H.G.
5. Drug Screening Methods by Suresh Kumar Gupta and S. K. Gupta
6. Introduction to biostatistics and research methods by PSS Sundar Rao and J Richard



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## BP 811 ET. ADVANCED INSTRUMENTATION TECHNIQUES

45 Hours

**Scope:** This subject deals with the application of instrumental methods in qualitative and quantitative analysis of drugs. This subject is designed to impart advanced knowledge on the principles and instrumentation of spectroscopic and chromatographic hyphenated techniques. This also emphasizes on theoretical and practical knowledge on modern analytical instruments that are used for drug testing.

**Objectives:** Upon completion of the course the student shall be able to

- understand the advanced instruments used and its applications in drug analysis
- understand the chromatographic separation and analysis of drugs.
- understand the calibration of various analytical instruments
- know analysis of drugs using various analytical instruments.

### Course Content:

#### UNIT-I

10 Hours

##### **Nuclear Magnetic Resonance spectroscopy**

Principles of H-NMR and C-NMR, chemical shift, factors affecting chemical shift, coupling constant, Spin - spin coupling, relaxation, instrumentation and applications

**Mass Spectrometry-** Principles, Fragmentation, Ionization techniques – Electron impact, chemical ionization, MALDI, FAB, Analyzers-Time of flight and Quadrupole, instrumentation, applications

#### UNIT-II

10 Hours

**Thermal Methods of Analysis:** Principles, instrumentation and applications of Thermogravimetric Analysis (TGA), Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA), Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC)

**X-Ray Diffraction Methods:** Origin of X-rays, basic aspects of crystals, X-ray

Crystallography, rotating crystal technique, single crystal diffraction, powder diffraction, structural elucidation and applications.

#### UNIT-III

10 Hours

**Calibration and validation-**as per ICH and USFDA guidelines

**Calibration of following Instruments**

Electronic balance, UV-Visible spectrophotometer, IR spectrophotometer,



  
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Fluorimeter, Flame Photometer, HPLC and GC

**UNIT-IV**

**08 Hours**

**Radio immune assay:**Importance, various components, Principle, different methods, Limitation and Applications of Radio immuno assay

**Extraction techniques:**General principle and procedure involved in the solid phase extraction and liquid-liquid extraction

**UNIT-V**

**07 Hours**

**Hyphenated techniques-**LC-MS/MS, GC-MS/MS, HPTLC-MS.

**Recommended Books (Latest Editions)**

1. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by B.K Sharma
2. Organic spectroscopy by Y.R Sharma
3. Text book of Pharmaceutical Analysis by Kenneth A. Connors
4. Vogel's Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis by A.I. Vogel
5. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry by A.H. Beckett and J.B. Stenlake
6. Organic Chemistry by I. L. Finar
7. Organic spectroscopy by William Kemp
8. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs by D. C. Garrett
9. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical Formulations by P. D. Sethi
10. Spectrophotometric identification of Organic Compounds by Silverstein



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## INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY (MIP)

### First Semester

#### **MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES (MIP 101T)**

(Note: Common Paper for MPA, MPC, MPH, MPB, MPL, MPG, MQA, & MIP, specializations)

#### **Unit 1:**

**a. UV-visible spectroscopy:** Introduction, theory, laws and instrumentation associated with UV-visible spectroscopy, choice of solvents and solvent effect and applications of UV-visible spectroscopy.

**b. IR spectroscopy:** Theory, modes of molecular vibrations, sample handling, instrumentation of dispersive and Fourier-Transform IR Spectrometer, factors affecting vibrational frequencies and applications of IR spectroscopy, data interpretation.

**c. Spectrofluorimetry:** Theory of fluorescence, factors affecting fluorescence (characteristics of drugs that can be analyzed by fluorimetry), quenchers, instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer.

**d. Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy:** Principle, instrumentation, interferences and applications. **12 Hours**

#### **Unit 2:**

**NMR spectroscopy:** Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy. **10 Hours**

#### **Unit 3:**

**Mass Spectroscopy:** Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy. **10 Hours**

#### **Unit 4:**

**Chromatography:** Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution, isolation of drug from excipients, data interpretation and applications of the following:

**a) Thin Layer chromatography b) High Performance Thin Layer Chromatography c) Ion exchange chromatography d) Column chromatography e) Gas chromatography f) High Performance Liquid chromatography g) Ultra High Performance Liquid chromatography h) Affinity chromatography i) Gel Chromatography.** **14 Hours**

#### **Unit 5:**

**a. Electrophoresis:** Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following: a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing.

**b. X ray Crystallography:** Production of X rays, Different X ray methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.

**c. Thermal Techniques:** Principle, instrumentation, advantage and disadvantages, Pharmaceutical applications of DSC, DTA & TGA.



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**d. Microscopic techniques:** Principles and applications of Scanning Electron Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy analysis. **14 Hours**

#### REFERENCES

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein. 6<sup>th</sup> ed. John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Douglas A Skoog, F. James Holler & Timothy A. Nieman. 5<sup>th</sup> ed. Eastern Press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental Methods of Analysis – Willards. 7<sup>th</sup> ed. CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
4. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and Stenlake. Vol 2. 4<sup>th</sup> ed. CBS Publishers, New Delhi
5. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. ELBS, 1991.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical Formulation – P.D. Sethi. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis - Modern Methods – Part B – J.W. Munson. Vol 11. Marcel-Dekker Series.
8. Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds - P.S. Kalsi. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Wiley Estern Ltd., Delhi.
9. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Analysis - K.A. Connors. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. John Wiley & Sons.

#### **ADVANCED BIOPHARMACEUTICS & PHARMACOKINETICS (MIP 102T)**

(Common paper for MPH and MIP specializations)

#### Unit 1:

##### **Drug absorption from the gastrointestinal tract and other routes of administration:**

Mechanisms and factors affecting drug absorption from different routes, influence of pH-partition theory on drug absorption. Factors affecting dissolution rate and its process, Noyes-Whitney equation. dissolution testing methods for solids - tablets, capsules and for suspensions. Correlation of in vivo and in vitro dissolution data. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 2:

##### **Biopharmaceutical considerations in drug product design and in vitro drug product performance.**

Introduction - biopharmaceutical factors affecting bioavailability, rate limiting steps in drug absorption, physicochemical nature of drug, formulation factors affecting drug product performance. In vitro dissolution and drug release testing, dissolution test apparatus and methods as per IP and USP for different types of drug delivery systems, design of dissolution testing for conventional and controlled release products. Data handling and correction factor, bio relevant media, similarity and dissimilarity factors  $f_1$  &  $f_2$ , alternative methods of dissolution testing, problems of variable control in dissolution testing performance of drug products. Drug product stability during dissolution testing, in vitro evaluation of drug release from different dosage forms. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 3:

**Pharmacokinetics:** Basic considerations, pharmacokinetic models, compartment modeling: one compartment model - IV bolus, IV infusion, extra-vascular. Multi compartment models in brief, calculation of parameters in two compartment models. Non-linear pharmacokinetics: causes of non-linearity, Michaelis – Menten equation, estimation of  $k_m$  and  $V_{max}$ . Concept of clearance and its applications. Problems related to the above. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 4:

**Drug Product Performance:** Bioavailability and bioequivalence, drug product performance, purpose of bioavailability studies, relative and absolute availability. Methods, protocol design for assessing bioavailability, bioequivalence studies, design and evaluation of bioequivalence studies, study designs, cross over study designs, evaluation of the data, bioequivalence

example, study submission and drug review process. In vitro - in vivo correlations in protocol design, levels of correlation, biopharmaceutical classification system, methods. Permeability: Generic biologics (biosimilar drug products), clinical significance of bioequivalence studies.

**12 Hours**

#### **Unit 5:**

**Application of pharmacokinetics:** Modified-release drug products, targeted drug delivery systems and biotechnological products. Significance of pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic drug interactions in the design of the modified release products. **12 Hours**

#### **REFERENCES**

1. Pharmacokinetics - Milo Gibaldi. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed.
2. Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics - Leon Shargel. 5<sup>th</sup> ed.
3. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics - Robert E. Notari. 4<sup>th</sup> ed.
4. Modern Pharmaceutics - Gilbert S. Banker, Christopher T. Rhodes. 4<sup>th</sup> ed.
5. Clinical Pharmacokinetics & Pharmacodynamics - Malcolm Rowland & Tozer. 4<sup>th</sup> ed. Lippincott Publications.
6. Drug Disposition and Pharmacokinetics - Stephen H Curry. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed.
7. Current Concepts in the Pharmaceutical Sciences: Biopharmaceutics - James Swarbrick
8. Current Concepts in the Pharmaceutical Sciences: Dosage Form Design and Bioavailability - James Swarbrick.

### **NOVEL DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS (MIP 103T)**

#### **Unit 1:**

**Concept & Models for NDDS:** Classification of rate controlled drug delivery systems (DDS), rate programmed release, activation modulated & feedback regulated DDS, effect of system parameters in controlled drug delivery, computation of desired release rate and dose for controlled release DDS, pharmacokinetic design for DDS – intermittent, zero order & first order release.

**Carriers for drug delivery:** Polymers/co-polymers, introduction, classification, characterization, polymerization techniques, application in CDDS/NDDS, biodegradable & natural polymers. **12 Hours**

#### **Unit 2:**

**Study of various DDS:** Concepts, design, formulation & evaluation of controlled release oral DDS, mucoadhesive DDS (buccal, nasal, pulmonary) pulsatile, colon specific, liquid sustained release systems, ocular delivery systems

**Transdermal drug delivery systems:** Theory, design, formulation & evaluation including iontophoresis and other latest developments in skin delivery systems. **12 Hours**

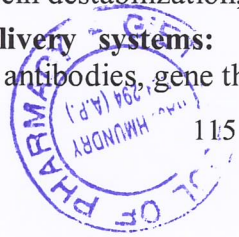
#### **Unit 3:**

**Targeted drug delivery systems:** Importance, concept, biological process and events involved in drug targeting, design, formulation & evaluation, methods in drug targeting – nanoparticles, liposomes, niosomes, pharmacosomes, resealed erythrocytes, microspheres, magnetic microspheres. Specialized pharmaceutical emulsions – multiple emulsions, micro-emulsions. **12 Hours**

#### **Unit 4:**

**Protein/peptide drug delivery systems:** Concepts, delivery techniques, formulation, stability testing, causes of protein destabilization, stabilization methods.

**Biotechnology in drug delivery systems:** Brief review of major areas-recombinant DNA technology, monoclonal antibodies, gene therapy. **12 Hours**



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tablet coating, liquid filling and sealing, sterilization, water process systems, environmental control. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 5:

**Industrial safety:** Hazards – fire, mechanical, electrical, chemical and pharmaceutical, their monitoring & prevention systems. Industrial effluent testing and treatment. Control of environmental pollution. **12 Hours**

#### REFERENCES

1. Pharmaceutical Process Validation - Fra R. Berry & Robert A. Nash. Vol 57. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Marcel Dekker, NY.
2. Pharmaceutical Production Facilities, Design and Applications – G.C. Cole. Taylor and Francis.
3. Pharmaceutical Project Management - T.Kennedy. Vol 86. Marcel Dekker, NY.
4. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Leon Lachman, Herbert A Lieberman & Joseph L Karig, Varghese Publishing House, Bombay.
5. Tablet Machine Instruments in Pharmaceuticals – P.R. Watt. John Wiley & Sons.
6. Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms: Tablets - Herbert A Lieberman & Leon Lachman, Volume 1 - 3. Marcel Dekker, Inc.
7. Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms : Disperse Systems - Herbert A Lieberman, Martin M Rieger & Gilbert S Banker, Vol 1 – 3. Informa Healthcare.
8. Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms : Parenteral Medication – Sandeep Nema & John Ludwig, Vol 1 – 3. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Informa Healthcare.
9. Pharmaceutical Production and Management – C.V.S. Subrahmanyam. Vallabh Prakashan, Dehli, 2007.

### PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY (MIP 202T)

#### Unit 1:

**Improved tablet production:** Tablet production process, unit operation improvements, granulation and pelletization equipment, continuous and batch mixing, rapid mixing granulators, rota granulators, spheronizers and marumerisers, and other specialized granulation and drying equipments. Problems encountered.

Coating Technology: Process, equipments, particle coating, fluidized bed coating, application techniques. Problems encountered. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 2:

**Parenteral production:** Area planning and environmental control, wall and floor treatment, fixtures and machineries, change rooms, personnel flow, utilities & utilities equipment location, engineering and maintenance. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 3:

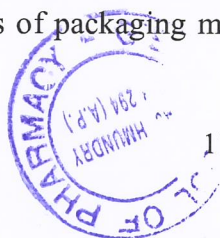
**Lyophilization and spray drying technology:** Principles, process, freeze-drying and spray drying equipment. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 4:

**Capsule production:** Production process, improved capsule manufacturing and filling machines for hard and soft gelatin capsules. Layout and problems encountered.

Disperse systems production: Production processes, applications of mixers, mills, disperse equipment including fine solids dispersion, problems encountered. **12 Hours**

Packaging technology: Types of packaging materials, machinery, labeling, package printing for different dosage forms. **12 Hours**



methods, Joint venture, co-ordination and feasibility study.

12 Hours

#### Unit 5:

Preparing project proposal to start on new enterprise project work – feasibility report. Planning, resource mobilization and implementation.

12 Hours

#### REFERENCES

1. Entrepreneurship for Women in India - M.M.P. Akhauri. NIESBUD, New Delhi, 1990.
2. The Women Entrepreneurs - R.D. Hisrich, & C.G. Brush. D.C. Heath & Co., Toranto, 1996.
3. Entrepreneurship: Starting, Developing and Managing a New Enterprise – Robert A Hisrich & Michael P Peters. 4<sup>th</sup> ed. McGraw Hill Education, 1997.
4. Practice of Entrepreneurship – G.G. Meredith, Robert E Nelson & Philip A Neck. ILO, Geneva, 1982.
5. Women Entrepreneurship – Developing New Entrepreneurs - V.C. Patel. Entrepreneurship Development Institute of India, Ahmedabad, 1987.

### PHARMACEUTICAL FORMULATION DEVELOPMENT (MIP 204T)

#### Unit 1:

**Preformulation studies:** Molecular optimization of APIs (drug substances), crystal morphology and variations, powder flow, structure modification, drug-excipient compatibility studies, methods of determination.

12 Hours

#### Unit 2:

**Formulation additives:** Study of different formulation additives, factors influencing their incorporation, role of formulation development and processing, new developments in excipient science. Design of experiments – factorial design for product and process development.

12 Hours

#### Unit 3:

**Solubility:** Importance, experimental determination, phase- solubility analysis, pH-solubility profile, solubility techniques to improve solubility and utilization of analytical methods – cosolvency, salt formation, complexation, solid dispersion, micellar solubilization and hydrotrophy.

12 Hours

#### Unit 4:

**Dissolution:** Theories, mechanisms of dissolution, in-vitro dissolution testing models – sink and non-sink. Factors influencing dissolution and intrinsic dissolution studies. Dissolution test apparatus – designs, dissolution testing for conventional and controlled release products. Data handling and correction factor. Biorelevant media, in vitro and in vivo correlations, levels of correlations.

12 Hours

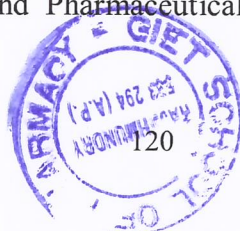
#### Unit 5:

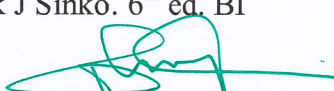
**Product stability:** Degradation kinetics, mechanisms, stability testing of drugs and pharmaceuticals, factors influencing-media effects and pH effects, accelerated stability studies, interpretation of kinetic data (API & tablets). Solid state stability and shelf life assignment. Stability protocols, reports and ICH guidelines.

12 Hours

#### REFERENCES

1. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Leon Lachman, Herbert A Lieberman & Joseph L Karig. Varghese Publishing House, Bombay.
2. Martin's Physical Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences - Patrick J Sinko. 6<sup>th</sup> ed. BI Publications Pvt. Ltd.



  
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3. Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms: Tablets - Herbert A Lieberman & Leon Lachman. Volume 1 - 3. Marcel Dekker, Inc.
4. Pharmaceutical Preformulation: The Physicochemical Properties of Drug Substances - Ellis Horwood Ltd., England, 1998.
5. Techniques of Solubilization of Drugs – S.H. Yalkowsky. Vol - 12. Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1981.
6. Pharmaceutical Dissolution Testing – J. Dressman & J. Kramer. Saurah Printers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.
7. Drug Stability Principles and Practices – J.T. Carstensen & C.T. Rhodes. CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 2005.
8. Stability of Drugs and Dosage Forms – S. Yoshioka & V.J. Stella. Springer (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
9. Modern Pharmaceutics - Gilbert S. Banker, Christopher T Rhodes. 4<sup>th</sup> ed.
10. Stability Testing of Drug Products - W. Grimm.
11. International Stability Testing – D.J. Mazzo. Eastern Press Pvt. Ltd., Bangalore,
12. Indian Pharmacopoeia-2018. Controller of Publication. Delhi.
13. British Pharmacopoeia. British Pharmacopoeia Commission Office, London, 2017.
14. United States Pharmacopoeia. United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc, USA, 2019.
17. Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology – James Swarbrick. Vol 1-3.
18. Pharmaceutical Preformulation: The Physicochemical Properties of Drug Substances - J. I. Wells. Ellis Horwood Ltd. England, 1988.

### INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY PRACTICAL - III (MIP 205P)

1. Improvement of dissolution characteristics of slightly soluble drug by Solid dispersion technique
2. Comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products /brands
3. Protein binding studies of a highly protein bound drug & poorly protein bound drug
4. Bioavailability studies of paracetamol (Animal)
5. Pharmacokinetic and IVIVC data analysis by WinNolin® software
6. In vitro cell studies for permeability and metabolism
7. Formulation and evaluation of tablets
8. Formulation and evaluation of capsules
9. Formulation and evaluation of injections
10. Formulation and evaluation of emulsion
11. Formulation and evaluation of suspension
12. Formulation and evaluation of enteric coating tablets
13. Preparation and evaluation of a freeze dried formulation
14. Preparation and evaluation of a spray formulation




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Study of ICH Q8. Quality by design and process development report.

**Quality risk management:** Introduction, risk assessment, risk control, risk review, risk management tools (FMEA, fish bone diagram), HACCP, risk ranking and filtering according to ICH Q9 guidelines. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 5:

**Statistical process control (SPC):** a) Definition and importance of SPC. Quality measurement in manufacturing, statistical control charts - concepts and general aspects, Advantages of statistical control, process capability, estimating inherent or potential capability from a control chart analysis, measuring process control and quality improvement, pursuit of decreased process variability. b) regulatory compliance through quality management and development of quality culture benchmarking: Definition of benchmarking, reasons for benchmarking, types of benchmarking, benchmarking process, advantages of bench marking, limitations of benchmarking. **12 Hours**

#### REFERENCES

1. Juran's Quality Handbook - Joseph M Juran & Joseph A De Feo. 6<sup>th</sup> ed. ASQ Publications.
2. Implementing Juran's Road Map for Quality Leadership and Results - Al Endres. John Wiley & Sons.
3. Understanding, Managing and Implementing Quality: Frameworks, Techniques and Cases - Jiju Antony. David Preece, Routledge, 2002.
4. Organizing for High Performance: Employee Involvement, TQM, Reengineering, and Knowledge Management in the Fortune 1000: The CEO Report - Edward E Lawler, Susan Albers Mohrman & George Benson. Jossey-Bass, 2001.
5. Corporate Culture and the Quality Organization - James W Fairfield-Sonn.
6. The Quality Management Sourcebook: An International Guide to Materials and Resources - Christine Avery & Diane Zabel. Routledge, 1997.
7. The Quality Toolbox - Nancy R. Tague. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. ASQ Publications.
8. Root Cause Analysis, The Core of Problem Solving and Corrective Action - Duke Okes. ASQ Publications, 2009.
9. Pharmaceutical QA and Management - Quality Management System for APIs – K.P. Bhusari.

### PHARMACEUTICAL VALIDATION (MQA 103T)

(Note: Common paper for MPA and MQA specializations)

#### Unit 1:


**Introduction to validation:** Definition of calibration, qualification and validation, scope, frequency and importance. Difference between calibration and validation. Calibration of weights and measures. Advantages of validation, scope of validation, organization for validation, validation master plan, types of validation, streamlining of qualification & validation process and validation master plan.

**Qualification:** User requirement specification, design qualification, factory acceptance test (FAT)/site acceptance test (SAT), installation qualification, operational qualification, performance qualification, re-qualification (Maintaining status-calibration preventive maintenance, change management). **12 Hours**

#### Unit 2:

**Qualification of analytical instruments/Equipment:** Training & qualification of analyst. qualification of UV-visible spectrophotometer, FTIR, DSC, GC, HPLC, HPTLC, and dissolution test apparatus. **10 Hours**



  
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### Unit 3:

**Validation of utility systems:** Pharmaceutical water system, HVAC system, compressed air and nitrogen. Facility qualification, AHU validation, clean room validation.

**Cleaning validation:** Cleaning method development, sampling techniques, validation of analytical method used in cleaning. Cleaning of equipment, cleaning of facilities. Cleaning in place (CIP). Validation of facilities in sterile and non-sterile plant.

**Computerized system validation:** Electronic records and digital significance-21 CFR part 11 and GAMP 5, LIMS, audit trail and data integrity. **12 Hours**

### Unit 4:

**Process validation:** Concept, process and documentation of process validation. Prospective, concurrent & retrospective validation, re validation criteria, process validation of various formulations (coated tablets, capsules, ointment/creams, liquid orals and aerosols).

**Aseptic filling:** Media fill validation, USFDA guidelines on process validation- A life cycle approach.

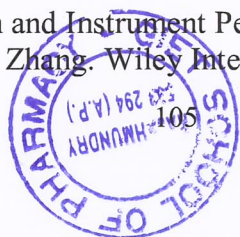
**Analytical method validation:** General principles, validation of analytical method as per ICH guidelines (Q2A) and USP. Preparation & qualification of working standards and reference standards. **12 Hours**

### Unit 5:

**General principles of intellectual property:** Concepts of intellectual property (IP), intellectual property protection (IPP), intellectual property rights (IPR); economic importance, mechanism for protection of intellectual property – patents, copyright, trademark; factors affecting choice of IP protection; penalties for violation; role of IP in pharmaceutical industry; global ramification and financial implications. Filing a patent application; patent application forms and guidelines. Types of patent applications-provisional and non-provisional, PCT and convention patent applications; International patenting requirement procedures and costs; rights and responsibilities of a patentee; practical aspects regarding maintaining of a patent file; patent infringement meaning and scope. Significance of transfer of technology (TOT), IP and ethics-positive and negative aspects of IPP; societal responsibility, avoiding unethical practices. **14 Hours**

### REFERENCES

1. Pharmaceutical Process Validation - B. T. Loftus & R. A. Nash. Drugs and Pharm Sci. Series, Vol. 129, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Marcel Dekker.
2. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Leon Lachman, Herbert A Lieberman & Joseph L Kanig, Varghese Publishing House, Bombay.
3. Validation of Aseptic Pharmaceutical Processes - Carleton & Agalloco. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Marcel Dekker.
4. Pharmaceutical Process Scale-Up - Michael Levin, Drugs and Pharm. Sci. Series, Vol. 157, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Marcel Dekker.
5. Validation Standard Operating Procedures: A Step by Step Guide for Achieving Compliance in the Pharmaceutical, Medical Device, and Biotech Industries, Syed Imtiaz Haider.
6. Validation of Pharmaceutical Processes: Sterile Products - Frederick J Carlton and James Agalloco. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Marcel Dekker.
7. Pharmaceutical Equipment Validation: The Ultimate Qualification Handbook, Phillip A Cloud, Interpharm Press.
8. Analytical Method Validation and Instrument Performance Verification - Churg Chan, Heiman Lam, Y.C. Lee, Yue. Zhang. Wiley Inter Science.



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8. The process of New Drug Discovery and Development - Charles G Smith, James T & O. Donnell. CRC Press.
9. Pharmaceutical Product Development - Vandana V Patrevalle, John I Disouza & Maharukh T Rustomji. CRC Press.
10. Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bio-Equivalence - H.M. Abdou. Mack Publishing.
11. Guide Book for Drug Regulatory Submissions - Sandy Weinberg.

**PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE PRACTICAL – I (MQA 105P)**

1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds in bulk and in their formulations (tablet/capsules/ semisolids) by UV- Vis spectrophotometer.
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi-drug component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry.
3. Experiments based on HPLC
4. Experiments based on gas chromatography
5. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
6. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry or AAS
7. Case studies on
  - Total Quality Management
  - Six Sigma
  - Change Management/ Change control. Deviations,
  - Out of Specifications (OOS)
  - Out of Trend (OOT)
  - Corrective & Preventive Actions (CAPA)
  - Deviations
8. Development of Stability study protocol
9. Estimation of process capability.

**PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE PRACTICAL -II (MQA 106P)**

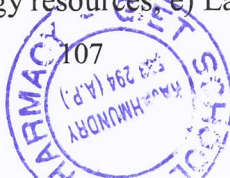
1. In process and finished product quality control tests for tablets, capsules, parenterals and semisolid dosage forms.
2. Assay of raw materials as per official monographs
3. Testing of related and foreign substances in drugs and raw materials
4. To carry out pre-formulation study for tablets, parenterals (2 experiments).
5. To study the effect of pH on the solubility of drugs, (1 experiment)
6. Quality control tests for Primary and secondary packaging materials
7. Accelerated stability studies (1 experiment)
8. Improved solubility of drugs using surfactant systems (1 experiment)
9. Improved solubility of drugs using co-solvency method (1 experiment)
10. Determination of pKa and Log p of drugs.

**Second Semester**

**HAZARDS AND SAFETY MANAGEMENT (MQA 201T)**

**Unit 1:**

**Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies:** Natural resources, renewable and non-renewable resources, natural resources and associated problems: a) Forest resources; b) Water resources; c) Mineral resources; d) Energy resources; e) Land resources



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parenterals, ophthalmic and surgical products. Quality control test for containers, closures and secondary packing materials.

12 Hours

#### Unit 4:

**Documentation in pharmaceutical industry:** Three tier documentation, policy, procedures and work instructions, and records (Formats), basic principles - how to maintain, retention and retrieval etc. Standard operating procedures (how to write), Master Formula Record, Batch Manufacturing Record, quality audit plan and reports. Specification and test procedures, protocols and reports. distribution records. Electronic data handling. Concepts of controlled and uncontrolled documents. Submission documents for regulators DMFs, as Common Technical Document and Electronic Common Technical Documentation (CTD, eCTD).

12 Hours

#### Unit 5:

**Manufacturing operations and controls:** Sanitation of manufacturing premises, mix-ups and cross contamination, processing of intermediates and bulk products, packaging operations, IPQC, release of finished product, process deviations, charge-in of components, time limitations on production, drug product inspection, expiry date calculation, calculation of yields, production record review, change control, sterile products, aseptic process control, packaging.

12 Hours

#### REFERENCES

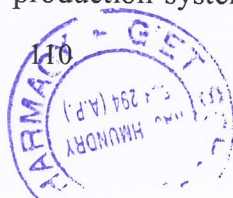
1. Quality Assurance Guide by Organization of Pharmaceutical Procedures of India. 3<sup>rd</sup> Revised ed. Vol I & II, Mumbai, 1996.
2. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations - Sandy Weinberg Vol 69. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Marcel Dekker.
3. Quality Assurance of Pharmaceuticals - A Compendium of Guidelines and Related Materials. Vol 1 & 2. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. WHO Publications, 1999.
4. How to Practice GMP's - P.P. Sharma, Vandana Publications, Agra, 1991.
5. The International Pharmacopoeia - General Methods of Analysis and Quality Specification for Pharmaceutical Substances, Excipients and Dosage forms. Vol 1-5. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. WHO, Geneva, 2005.
6. Good Laboratory Practice Regulations - Allen F. Hirsch. Vol 38, Marcel Dekker.
7. ICH guidelines
8. ISO 9000 and Total Quality Management
9. The Drugs and Cosmetics Act 1940 - Deshpande & Nilesh Gandhi. 4<sup>th</sup> ed. Susmit Publishers.
10. QA Manual - D.H. Shah. 1<sup>st</sup> ed. Business Horizons, 2000.
11. Good Manufacturing Practices for Pharmaceuticals; A Plan for Total Quality Control - Sidney H Willig. Vol. 52. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Marcel Dekker.
12. GMP/ISO Quality Audit Manual for Healthcare Manufacturers and Their Suppliers - Steinborn L. Vol 1 - With Checklists and Software Package. 6<sup>th</sup> ed. Taylor & Francis.
13. Quality Systems and Controls for Pharmaceuticals - D.K. Sarker. John Wiley & Sons, 2008.

### PHARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY (MQA 204T)

#### Unit 1:

**Pharmaceutical industry developments:** Legal requirements and licenses for API and formulation industry. Plant location and plant layout, factors influencing. Special provisions, storage space requirements, sterile and aseptic area layout.

**Production planning:** General principles, production systems, calculation of standard cost,



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process planning, routing, loading, scheduling, dispatching of records, production control.

12 Hours

### Unit 2:

**Aseptic process technology:** Manufacturing, manufacturing flowcharts, in process-quality control tests for dosage forms: Ointment, suspension and emulsion, dry powder, solutions, sterile dosage forms (small volume & large volume).

**Advanced sterile product manufacturing technology:** Area planning & environmental control, wall and floor treatment, fixtures and machineries, change rooms, personnel flow, utilities & utilities equipment location, engineering and maintenance.

**Process automation in pharmaceutical industry:** With specific reference to manufacturing of sterile semisolids, Small Volume Parenterals & Large Volume Parenterals (SVP & LVP), Monitoring of parenteral manufacturing facility, Cleaning in Place (CIP), Sterilization in Place (SIP), prefilled syringe, powdered jet, needle free injections, and Form Fill Seal Technology (FFS).

**Lyophilization technology:** Principles, process, equipment

12 Hours

### Unit 3:

**Non sterile manufacturing process technology:** Manufacturing, manufacturing flowcharts, in-process-quality control tests for non-sterile solid dosage forms: Tablets (compressed & coated), capsules (hard & soft).

**Advanced non-sterile solid product manufacturing technology:** Process automation in pharmaceutical industry with specific reference to manufacturing of tablets and coated products.

**Improved tablet production:** Tablet production process, granulation and palletization equipment, continuous and batch mixing, rapid mixing granulators, rota granulators, spheronizers and marumerisers, and other specialized granulation and drying equipments. Problems encountered.

**Coating technology:** Process, equipments, particle coating, fluidized bed coating, application techniques. Problems encountered.

12 Hours

### Unit 4:

**Containers and closures for pharmaceuticals:** Types, performance, assuring quality of glass; types of plastics used, drug plastic interactions, biological tests, modification of plastics by drugs; different types of closures and closure liners; film wrapper; blister packs; bubble packs; shrink packaging; foil /plastic pouches, bottle seals, tape seals, breakable seals and sealed tubes; quality control of packaging material and filling equipment, flexible packaging, product package compatibility, transit worthiness of package, Stability aspects of packaging. Evaluation of stability of packaging material.

12 Hours

### Unit 5:

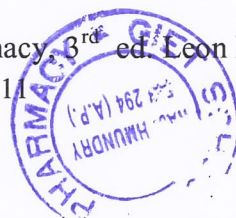
**Quality by design (QbD) and process analytical technology (PAT):** Current approach and its limitations. Why QbD is required, advantages, elements of QbD, terminology: QTPP. CMA, CQA, CPP, RLD, design space, design of experiments, risk assessment and mitigation /minimization. Quality by Design, formulations by design, QbD for drug products, QbD for drug substances, QbD for excipients, analytical QbD. FDA initiative on process analytical technology. PAT as a driver for improving quality and reducing costs: quality by design (QbD), QA, QC and GAMP. PAT guidance, standards and regulatory requirements.

12 Hours

### REFERENCES

1. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Leon Lachman, Herbert A.

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- Lieberman & Joseph L Karig, Varghese Publishing House, Bombay.
2. Martin's Physical Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences - Patrick J Sinko. 6<sup>th</sup> ed. BI Publications Pvt. Ltd.
  3. Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms : Tablets - Herbert A Lieberman & Leon Lachman, Volume 1 - 3. Marcel Dekker, Inc.
  4. Modern Pharmaceutics - Gilbert S Banker & Christopher T. Rhodes. 4<sup>th</sup> ed.
  5. Good Manufacturing of Pharmaceuticals (A Plan for Total Quality Control) - Sidney H Willig, M. Murray, Tuckerman & Williams Hitchings IV. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Bhalani Publishing House, Mumbai.
  6. Indian Pharmacopoeia-2018. Controller of Publication. Delhi.
  7. British Pharmacopoeia. British Pharmacopoeia Commission Office, London, 2017.
  8. United States Pharmacopoeia. United States Pharmacopoeial Convention, Inc, USA, 2019.
  9. Pharmaceutical Packaging Technology – D.A. Dean, E.R. Evans & I.H. Hall. 1<sup>st</sup> ed. Taylor & Francis, London.
  10. Pharmaceutical Packaging Handbook - Edward J Bauer. Informa Health Care USA Inc., 2009.
  11. Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Handbook - Shaybe Cox Gad. John Willey and Sons.

### **PHARMACEUTICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE PRACTICAL – III (MQA 205P)**

1. Organic contaminants residue analysis by HPLC
2. Estimation of Metallic contaminants by Flame photometer
3. Identification of antibiotic residue by TLC
4. Estimation of Hydrogen Sulphide in Air.
5. Estimation of Chlorine in Work Environment.
6. Sampling and analysis of SO<sub>2</sub> using Colorimetric method
7. Qualification of following Pharma equipment
  - Autoclave
  - Hot air oven
  - Powder Mixer (Dry)
  - Tablet Compression Machine
8. Validation of an analytical method for a drug
9. Validation of a processing area
10. Qualification of at least two analytical instruments
11. Cleaning validation of one equipment
12. Qualification of Pharmaceutical Testing Equipment (Dissolution testing apparatus, Friability Apparatus, Disintegration Tester)
13. Check list for Bulk Pharmaceutical Chemicals vendors
14. Check list for tableting production.
15. Check list for sterile production area
16. Check list for Water for injection.
17. Design of plant layout: Sterile and non-sterile
18. Case study on application of QbD
19. Case study on application of PAT



  
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3. Oxford Textbook of Clinical Pharmacology - Graham Smith.
4. Avery Drug Treatment - Trevor M Speight & Nicholas H G Holford.
5. Dipiro Pharmacology, Pathophysiological approach.
6. Robbins & Cortan Pathologic Basis of Disease. 9<sup>th</sup> ed. (Robbins Pathology)
7. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology – K.D. Tripathi.
8. Modern Pharmacology with Clinical Applications - R. Craig Charles & E. Stitzel Robert. Lippincott.
9. Modern Pharmacology – C.R. Craig & R.E. Stitzel. Little Brown & Company.
10. Green Pathophysiology for Pharmacists.
11. A Complete Text Book of Medical Pharmacology - S.K. Srivastava. APC Avichal Publishing.

### PHARMACOKINETICS AND DRUG METABOLISM (MPL 103T)

#### Unit 1:

**ADME:** Transfer of drugs through biological membranes (BBB, placental barrier), role of P-glycoprotein in drug absorption. Gastrointestinal, percutaneous and rectal absorption, factors affecting drug absorption, absorption kinetics, distribution kinetics (plasma protein binding, tissue binding). **12 Hours**

#### Unit 2:

**Drug metabolism:** Microsomal and non-microsomal biotransformation of drugs (liver, kidney and intestine), human cytochrome P450 enzymes, substrates, inducers and inhibitors. In vitro drug metabolism (liver microsomes, liver S9 fraction and hepatocytes). Physiological, pathological and genetic factors affecting drug metabolism. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 3:

Routes of drug excretion, factors affecting drug excretion, enterohepatic recirculation, significance of elimination rate constant, elimination half-life. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 4:

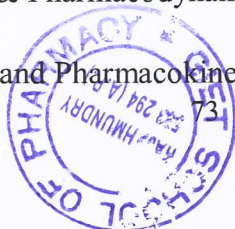
Clinical pharmacokinetics, population pharmacokinetic, PK-PD modeling, therapeutic drug monitoring (TDM), and drug-drug interactions, drug food and predictions of drug-drug interactions. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 5:

**Toxicokinetics:** Toxicokinetic evaluation in pre-clinical studies, importance and applications of toxicokinetic studies, alternative methods to animal toxicity studies. **12 Hours**

#### REFERENCES

1. Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics - An Introduction - Robert E Notari.
2. Drug metabolism - Bernard Testa & Peter Jenner.
3. Selected Chapters from: Principles of Drug Action - Gldstein, Aranow & Kalman.
4. Drug Interaction - D.G. Grahme Smith
5. Remington – The Science and Practice of Pharmacy – Loyd V Allen. 22<sup>nd</sup> ed.
6. Goodman and Gillman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics. 10<sup>th</sup> ed.
7. Hand book of Clinical Pharmacokinetics - Gibaldi and Prescott.
8. Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics - Leon Shargel & Andrew B C Yu.
9. Clinical Pharmacokinetics & Pharmacodynamics - Malcolm Rowland & Tozer. 4<sup>th</sup> ed. Lippincott Publications.
10. Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Drug



  
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12. Basic Cell Culture (Practical Approach) - J. M. Davis.
13. Animal Cell Culture: A Practical Approach - John R Masters.
14. Current Protocols in Molecular Biology - Frederick M. Ausuvel et al. Vol 1 to 6.

#### **PHARMACOLOGY PRACTICAL – I (MPL 105P)**

1. Enzyme based in vitro assays (MPO, AChEs,  $\alpha$  amylase,  $\alpha$  glucosidase)
2. Handling of laboratory animals
3. Various routes of drug administration.
4. Pharmacokinetic studies and data analysis of drugs given by different routes of administration using software
5. Enzyme inhibition and induction activity
6. Extraction of drug from various biological samples and estimation of drugs in biological fluids using different analytical techniques (UV)
7. Extraction of drug from various biological samples and estimation of drug in biological fluids using different analytical techniques (HPLC)
8. Predictions of drug - drug interactions using software

#### **PHARMACOLOGY PRACTICAL – II (MPL 106P)**

1. Functional observation battery tests (modified Irwin test).
2. Evaluation of CNS stimulant, depressant, anxiogenics and anxiolytic, anticonvulsant activity.
3. Evaluation of analgesic & anti-inflammatory.
4. Evaluation of local anesthetic, mydriatic and miotic activity.
5. Evaluation of diuretic activity.
6. Evaluation of antiulcer activity models
7. Estimation of glucose and lipid parameters in blood samples.
8. Estimation of lipid levels in tissues.
9. Oral glucose tolerance test, oral fat tolerance test.

### Second Semester

#### **ADVANCED PHARMACOLOGY – II (MPL 201T)**

#### **Unit 1:**

**Chemotherapy:** Basic concepts of chemotherapy, pharmacology of antibacterial resistance, pharmacology of antibacterial agents –  $\beta$  – lactams, aminoglycosides, tetracyclins, chloramphenicol, macrolide antibiotics, fluoroquinolones, antitubercular, antileprotic, antiprotozoal (antimalarial, antiamoebics, etc.) and anthelmintics. **12 Hours**

#### **Unit 2:**

**Antiviral, antifungal, anticancer drugs:** Drugs acting on immune disorders (rheumatoid arthritis, asthma, COPD), immunosuppressants. **12 Hours**

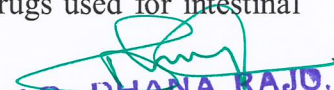
#### **Unit 3:**

**Endocrine pharmacology:** Pharmacology of hormones (hormones of hypothalamic pituitary axis), pancreatic hormones, pharmacology of antithyroid drugs, oral contraceptives, oral hypoglycemic drugs, corticosteroids, drugs affecting calcium regulation. **12 Hours**

#### **Unit 4:**

**GIT pharmacology:** Antiulcer drugs, antiemetics, antidiarrhoeals, drugs used for intestinal bowel disorders (IBD) and constipation.



  
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**Respiratory Pharmacology:** Antiasthmatics, cough suppressants, expectorants and drugs used in COPD. **12 Hours**

**Unit 5:**

**Autacoid pharmacology:** Physiological and pathological role of histamines, serotonin, prostaglandins, kinins, interleukins, substance P, neuropeptides, NFκβ. Pharmacology of antihistamines, 5 HT antagonists. Concept of chronopharmacology, circadian rhythm and its applications. **12 Hours**

**REFERENCES**

1. Goodman and Gillman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics. 10<sup>th</sup> ed.
2. Principles of Pharmacology: The Pathophysiologic Basis of Drug Therapy - David E Golan, Armen H Tashjian Jr, Ehrin J Armstrong & April W Armstrong. Wolters, Kluwer-Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publishers.
3. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology - B.G. Katzung
4. Rang and Dale's Pharmacology - James Ritter, Rod Flower, Graeme Henderson, Yoon Kong Loke, David MacEwan & Humphrey Rang
5. Text book of Therapeutics, Drug and Disease Management - E T. Herfindal & Gourley.
6. Robbins & Cortan Pathologic Basis of Disease, 9<sup>th</sup> ed. (Robbins Pathology)
7. A Complete Text Book of Medical Pharmacology - S.K. Srivastava. APC Avichal Publishing.
8. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology - K.D. Tripathi.
9. Principles of Pharmacology. The Pathophysiologic basis of drug Therapy - David E Golan, H. Armen, Tashjian Jr, J. Ehrin, Armstrong, W. April & Armstrong. Wolters, Kluwer-Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Publishers.
10. Relevant Research and Review articles

**PHARMACOLOGICAL AND TOXICOLOGICAL SCREENING METHODS**

**(MPL 202T)**

**Unit 1:**

**Laboratory animals/Common laboratory animals:** Description, handling and applications of different species and strains of animals. Transgenic animals: Production, maintenance and applications. Anesthesia and euthanasia of experimental animals, Maintenance and breeding of laboratory animals. CPCSEA, OECD, ICH, EPA guidelines to conduct experiments on animals. Good laboratory practice. Bioassay - Principles, scope and limitations and methods of Immunoassays. **12 Hours**

**Unit 2:**

Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models. General principles of preclinical screening. **12 Hours**

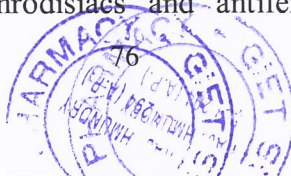
**CNS Pharmacology:** Behavioral and muscle coordination, CNS stimulants and depressants, anxiolytics, anti-psychotics, anti epileptics and nootropics. Drugs for neurodegenerative diseases like Parkinsonism, Alzheimer's and multiple sclerosis. Screening of drugs acting on Autonomic Nervous System

**Unit 3:**

Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.

**Respiratory pharmacology:** Anti-asthmatics, drugs for COPD and anti-allergics.

**Reproductive pharmacology:** Aphrodisiacs and antifertility agents. Analgesics, anti-



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inflammatory and antipyretic agents.

**Gastrointestinal drugs:** Anti-ulcer, anti-emetic, anti-diarrheals and laxative. **12 Hours**

**Unit 4:** Preclinical screening of new substances for the pharmacological activity using in vivo, in vitro, and other possible animal alternative models.

**Cardiovascular pharmacology:** Antihypertensives, antiarrhythmics, antianginal, antiatherosclerotic agents and diuretics. Drugs for metabolic disorders like anti-diabetic, anti-dyslipidemic agents. Anti-cancer agents. Hepatoprotective screening methods. **12 Hours**

**Unit 5:**

Toxicity studies (acute, sub acute and chronic) oral, inhalation and dermal toxicity studies. Reproductive toxicity – Teratogenicity, genotoxicity (Ames test, in vitro, in vivo micronucleus, chromosomal aberrations) carcinogenicity. Introduction to IND Studies.

**12 Hours**

## REFERENCES

1. Biological Standardization - J.H. Burn, D.J. Finney & I.G. Goodwin.
2. Screening Methods in Pharmacology - A. Robert Turner.
3. Evaluation of Drugs Activities - Laurence & Bachrach.
4. Fundamentals of Experimental Pharmacology - M.N. Ghosh.
5. Pharmacological Experiments on Intact Preparations - Churchill Livingstone
6. Drug Discovery and Evaluation – H.G. Vogel.
7. Experimental Pharmacology - R.K. Goyal.
8. Handbook of Experimental Pharmacology – S.K. Kulkarni
9. Practical Pharmacology and Clinical Pharmacy - S.K. Kulkarni, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed.
10. Screening Methods in Pharmacology - Robert A Turner.
11. Rodents for Pharmacological Experiments - Tapan Kumar Chatterjee.
12. Practical Manual of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology - Bikash Medhi & Ajay Prakash.
13. Methods in Pharmacology - Arnold Schwartz.
14. Preclinical Evaluation of New Drugs - S.K. Guta.
15. Animal Models in Cardiovascular Research - David R Gross, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Kluwer Academic Publishing.
16. OECD Test Guidelines.
17. Relevant Research and Review articles and guidelines

## PRINCIPLES OF DRUG DISCOVERY (MPL 203T)

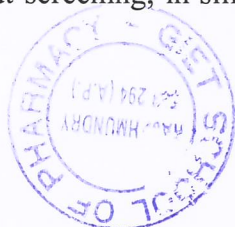
**Unit 1:**

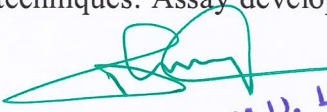
**An overview of modern drug discovery process:** Target identification, target validation, lead identification and lead Optimization. Economics of drug discovery. Target Discovery and validation. **12 Hours**

**Unit 2:**

Role of Genomics, proteomics and bioinformatics. Role of nucleic acid microarrays, protein microarrays, antisense technologies, siRNAs, antisense oligonucleotides, zinc finger proteins. Role of transgenic animals in target validation. Lead identification - combinatorial chemistry & high throughput screening, in silico lead discovery techniques. Assay development for hit identification. **12 Hours**

**Unit 3:**



  
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Rational drug design - Traditional vs. rational drug design. Methods followed in traditional drug design. High throughput screening, Concepts of rational drug design. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 4:

Rational drug design methods: Structure and pharmacophore based approaches. Molecular docking - rigid docking, flexible docking, manual docking; Docking based screening. De novo drug design. Quantitative analysis of structure activity relationship. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 5:

Prodrug design: Basic concept, prodrugs to improve patient acceptability. Drug solubility, drug absorption and distribution, site specific drug delivery and sustained drug action. Rationale of prodrug design and practical consideration of prodrug design. **12 Hours**

### REFERENCES

1. Target Discovery and Validation Reviews and Protocols - Emerging Molecular Targets and Treatment Options - Mouldy Sioud. Vol 2. Humana Press Inc., 2007.
2. Silico Technologies in Drug Target Identification and Validation - Darryl León. Scott Markel In., 2006. Taylor and Francis Group, LLC.
3. Disease Gene Identification: Methods and Protocols - Johanna K DiStefano. Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg, London.
4. QSAR: Hansch Analysis and Related Approaches: Methods and Principles in Medicinal Chemistry - Hugo Kubiny. Wiley-VCH.
5. Structure - Based Ligand Design: Methods and Principles in Medicinal Chemistry - Klaus Gubernator & Hans-Joachim Böhm. Wiley-VCH.
6. Rational Drug Design: Novel Methodology and Practical Applications - Abby L Parrill. M. Rami Reddy. ACS Symposium Series; American Chemical Society: Washington, DC, 1999.
7. New Drug Development Design, Methodology and Analysis - J. Rick Turner. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New Jersey.
8. Relevant Research and Review articles and guidelines

### CLINICAL RESEARCH AND PHARMACOVIGILANCE (MPL 204T)

#### Unit 1:

Regulatory perspectives of clinical trials: Origin and principles of International Conference on Harmonization - Good Clinical Practice (ICH-GCP) guidelines.

Ethical committee: Institutional Review Board, ethical guidelines for biomedical research and human participant - Schedule Y. ICMR informed consent process: structure and content of an informed consent process, ethical principles governing informed consent process.

**12 Hours**

#### Unit 2:

**Clinical trials:** Types and design of experimental study- RCT and non RCT.

**Observation study:** Cohort, case control, cross sectional clinical trial study - Team roles and responsibilities of clinical trial personnel: Investigator, Study Coordinator, Sponsor, Contract Research Organization and its management. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 3:

**Clinical trial documentation:** Guidelines to the preparation of documents, preparation of protocol, Investigator Brochure, Case Report Forms, Clinical Study Report.

Clinical trial monitoring - Safety monitoring in clinical trial adverse drug reactions: Definition and types. Detection and reporting methods. Severity and seriousness assessment. Predictability and preventability assessment, Management of adverse drug reactions;



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Terminologies of ADR.

12 Hours

#### Unit 4:

Basic aspects, terminologies and establishment of pharmacovigilance: History and progress of pharmacovigilance. Significance of safety monitoring. Pharmacovigilance in India and international aspects, WHO international drug monitoring programme, WHO and Regulatory terminologies of ADR, evaluation of medication safety, establishing pharmacovigilance centres in hospitals, industry and national programmes related to pharmacovigilance. Roles and responsibilities in pharmacovigilance, guidelines for ADR reporting, Argus, Aris G Pharmacovigilance, Vigi Flow. Statistical methods for evaluating medication safety data. Methods, ADR reporting and tools used in pharmacovigilance.

12 Hours

#### Unit 5:

**Pharmacoepidimology and pharmacoconomics:** Definition and scope, measurement of outcomes, Pharmacoepidimology methods, Definition evaluation and applications of pharmaco-economic methods.

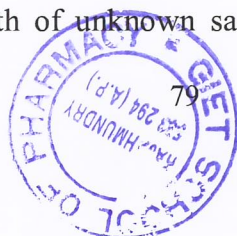
12 Hours

#### REFERENCES

1. Central Drugs Standard Control Organization - Good Clinical Practices, Guidelines for Clinical Trials on Pharmaceutical Products in India. New Delhi: Ministry of Health, 2001.
2. International Conference on Harmonization of Technical requirements for registration of Pharmaceuticals for human use. ICH Harmonized Tripartite Guideline. Guideline for Good Clinical Practice. E6; May 1996.
3. Ethical Guidelines for Biomedical Research on Human Subjects 2000. Indian Council of Medical Research, New Delhi.
4. Textbook of Clinical Trials - David Machin, Simon Day & Sylvan Green. John Wiley and Sons, March 2005.
5. Clinical Data Management – R.K. Rondels, S.A. Varley & C.F. Webbs. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Wiley Publications, Jan 2000.
6. Handbook of Clinical Research - Julia Lloyd & Ann Raven. Churchill Livingstone.
7. Principles of Clinical Research - Giovanna di Ignazio & Di Giovannaand Haynes.
8. Relevant Research and Review articles and guidelines

#### PHARMACOLOGY PRACTICAL – III (MPL 205P)

1. Recording of rat BP, heart rate and ECG
2. Recording of rat ECG
3. Drug absorption studies by averted rat ileum preparation
4. Acute oral toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines
5. Acute dermal toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines
6. Repeated dose toxicity studies- Serum biochemical, haematological, urine analysis, functional observation tests and histological studies
8. Protocol design for clinical trial.(3 Nos.)
9. To record the DRC of agonist using suitable isolated tissues preparation
10. To study the effects of antagonist/potentiating agents on DRC of agonist using suitable isolated tissue preparation
11. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by matching bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation
12. To determine to the strength of unknown sample by interpolation bioassay by using suitable tissue preparation



  
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design, levels of correlation, biopharmaceutical classification system, methods. Permeability: Generic biologics (biosimilar drug products), clinical significance of bioequivalence studies.

**12 Hours**

#### **Unit 5:**

**Application of pharmacokinetics:** Modified-release drug products, targeted drug delivery systems and biotechnological products. Significance of pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic drug interactions in the design of the modified release products. **12 Hours**

#### **REFERENCES**

1. Pharmacokinetics - Milo Gibaldi. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed.
2. Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics - Leon Shargel. 5<sup>th</sup> ed.
3. Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics - Robert E Notari. 4<sup>th</sup> ed.
4. Modern Pharmaceutics - Gilbert S. Banker, Christopher T Rhodes. 4<sup>th</sup> ed.
5. Clinical Pharmacokinetics & Pharmacodynamics - Malcolm Rowland & Tozer. 4<sup>th</sup> ed. Lippincott Publications.
6. Drug Disposition and Pharmacokinetics - Stephen H Curry. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed.
7. Current Concepts in the Pharmaceutical Sciences : Biopharmaceutics - James Swarbrick
8. Current Concepts in the Pharmaceutical Sciences: Dosage Form Design and Bioavailability - James Swarbrick.

### **MODERN PHARMACEUTICS (MPH 103T)**

#### **Unit 1:**

**Preformulation Concepts** – Drug excipient interactions-different methods, kinetics of stability, stability testing. Theories of dispersion and pharmaceutical dispersion (emulsions and suspensions, SMEDDS) preparation and stability. Large and small volume parenterals – physiological and formulation consideration, manufacturing and evaluation.

**Optimization techniques in pharmaceutical formulation:** Concept and parameters of optimization. Optimization techniques in pharmaceutical formulation and processing. Statistical design, response surface method, contour designs, factorial designs and application in formulation. **12 Hours**


#### **Unit 2:**

**Validation:** Introduction to pharmaceutical validation, scope & merits of validation. Validation and calibration of master plan, ICH & WHO guidelines for calibration and validation of equipment, validation of specific dosage form, types of validation. Government regulations, manufacturing process model, user requirement specifications (URS), design qualification (DQ), installation qualification (IQ), operational qualification (OQ) & performance qualification (PQ) of facilities. **12 Hours**

#### **Unit 3:**

**cGMP & industrial management:** Objectives and policies of current good manufacturing practices (cGMP), layout of buildings, services, equipment and their maintenance. Production management, production organization, materials management, handling and transportation, inventory management and control, production and planning control, sales forecasting, budget and cost control, industrial and personal relationship. Concept of total quality management (TQM). **12 Hours**



  
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#### Unit 4:

**Non clinical drug development:** Global submission of IND, NDA, ANDA. Investigation of medicinal products dossier (IMPD) and investigator brochure (IB).

**Clinical trials:** Developing clinical trial protocols. Institutional review board/independent ethics committee - Formulation and working procedures, informed consent process and procedures. HIPAA- new requirement to clinical study process, pharmacovigilance safety monitoring in clinical trials.

**12 Hours**

#### Unit 5:

**General principles of intellectual property rights (IPR):** IP protection, economic importance, mechanism of protection. Patents, criteria, types of patent application-steps, trademarks and copy rights.

**12 Hours**

#### REFERENCES

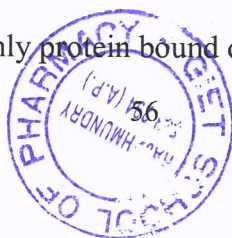
1. The Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy - Leon Lachman, H.A. Lieberman & Joseph L Kanig. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Varghese Publishing, 1991.
2. Lachman/Lieberman's The Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy - Roop K Khar, S.P. Vyas, Farhan J Ahmad & Gaurav K Jain. 4<sup>th</sup> ed. CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
3. Quality Assurance of Pharmaceuticals – WHO. Vol. 1 & 2. Pharma Book Syndicate.
4. Pharmaceutical Product development - N.K. Jain. CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
5. Law relating to Drugs & Cosmetics - Vijay Malik. Eastern Book Company.

#### PHARMACEUTICS PRACTICAL - I (MPH 105P)

1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV - Visible spectrophotometer.
2. Colorimetric analysis of aspirin.
3. Kinetic studies of aspirin degradation.
4. Molecular weight determination of polymers by viscosity method.
5. Preparation of granules, drying by conventional dryer and fluidized bed dryer and comparing the granules by their flow property.
6. HPLC analysis of any one drug.
7. GMP audit requirements as per CDSCO.
8. Preparation of check-lists for registration of IND as per ICH CTD format.
9. Preparation of check-lists for registration of NDA as per ICH CTD format.
10. Preparation of check-lists for registration of ANDA as per ICH CTD format.
11. To carry out pre formulation studies of tablets.
12. To study the effect of Compression force on tablets disintegration time.

#### PHARMACEUTICS PRACTICAL - II (MPH 106P)

1. Improvement of dissolution of drugs by solid dispersions, cyclo dextrin complexation etc.
2. Effect of ointment base on drug diffusion using agar plate method and diffusion membrane.
3. To study the effect of particle size on dissolution of a tablet.
4. To study the effect of binders on dissolution of a tablet.
5. To plot Heckel plot, Higuchi and Peppas plot and determine similarity factors.
6. Improvement of dissolution characteristics of slightly soluble drug by solid dispersion technique.
7. Protein binding studies of a highly protein bound drug and poorly protein bound drug.



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8. Absorption kinetics of paracetamol in goat intestine (ex vivo study)
9. Pharmacokinetic and IVIVC data analysis by WinNonlin® Software (Demo).
10. In vitro cell studies for permeability and metabolism (Demo).
11. Effect of surfactant on drug dissolution using BCS II drugs.

### Second Semester

## **MOLECULAR PHARMACEUTICS (NANO TECHNOLOGY & TARGETED DDS) (MPH 201T)**

#### **Unit 1:**

**Targeted drug delivery systems:** Concepts, events and biological process involved in drug targeting. Tumor targeting and brain specific delivery. **12 Hours**

#### **Unit 2:**

**Targeting Methods:** Introduction, preparation, evaluation and application of nano particles & liposomes. **12 Hours**

#### **Unit 3:**

**Micro capsules/micro spheres:** Types, preparation, evaluation and applications of monoclonal antibodies, niosomes, aquasomes, phytosomes, electrosomes. **12 Hours**

#### **Unit 4:**

**Pulmonary drug delivery systems:** Aerosols, metered dose inhalers, dry powder inhalers, propellants, containers, types, preparation and evaluation. Intra nasal route delivery systems; types, preparation and evaluation. **12 Hours**

#### **Unit 5:**

**Nucleic acid based therapeutic delivery system:** Gene therapy, introduction (ex vivo & in vivo gene therapy). Potential target diseases for gene therapy (inherited disorder and cancer). Gene expression systems (viral and non viral gene transfer). Liposomal gene delivery systems. Bio distribution and pharmacokinetics. Knowledge of therapeutic antisense molecules and aptamers as drugs of future. **12 Hours**

### **REFERENCES**

1. Novel Drug Delivery Systems – Y.W. Chien. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. (Revised and expanded). Marcel Dekker.
2. Controlled Drug Delivery: Concepts and Advances - S.P. Vyas & R.K. Khar. 1<sup>st</sup> ed. Vallabh Prakashan, New Delhi.
3. Controlled and Novel Drug Delivery - N.K. Jain. 1<sup>st</sup> ed. CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.

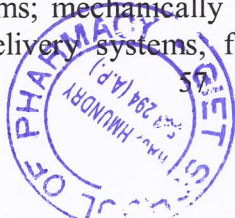
## **DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS (MPH 202T)**

#### **Unit 1:**

**Sustained release (SR) and controlled release (CR) formulations:** Introduction & basic concepts, advantages/disadvantages, factors influencing, physicochemical & biological approaches for SR/CR formulation, mechanism of drug delivery from SR/CR formulation. Polymers: introduction, definition, classification, properties and application. Dosage Forms for personalized medicine: Introduction, definition, pharmacogenetics, categories of patients for personalized medicines. Customized drug delivery systems, bioelectronic medicines, 3D printing of pharmaceuticals, tele pharmacy. **12 Hours**

#### **Unit 2:**

**Rate controlled drug delivery systems:** Principles & fundamentals, types, activation; Modulated drug delivery systems; mechanically activated, pH activated, enzyme activated, and osmotic activated drug delivery systems, feedback regulated drug delivery systems;



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#### Unit 4:

**Computer-aided biopharmaceutical characterization:** Gastrointestinal absorption simulation. Introduction, theoretical background, model construction, parameter sensitivity analysis, virtual trial, fed vs. fasted state, in vitro dissolution and in vitro–in vivo correlation, biowaiver considerations

**Computer simulations in pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics:** Introduction. Computer simulation: Whole organism, isolated tissues, organs, cell, proteins and genes.

**12 Hours**

#### Unit 5:

**Artificial intelligence (AI):** Concepts and applications, robotics. Computational fluid dynamics: General overview and applications. Pharmaceutical automation, pharmaceutical applications, advantages and disadvantages. Current challenges and future directions.

**12 Hours**

### REFERENCES

1. Computer Applications in Pharmaceutical Research and Development - Sean Ekins. John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
2. Computer-Aided Applications in Pharmaceutical Technology - Jelena Djuris. 1<sup>st</sup> ed. Woodhead Publishing.
3. Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology - James Swarbrick & James G Boylan. Vol 13. Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996.

### PHARMACEUTICAL AND COSMETIC PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT (MPH 204T)

#### Unit 1:

**Preformulation studies:** Molecular optimization of APIs (drug substances), crystal morphology and variations, powder flow, structure modification, drug-excipient compatibility studies by TLC, DTA, DSC and TGA spectral studies, formulation additives: Study of different formulation additives, factors influencing their incorporation, role of formulation development and processing, new developments in excipient science. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 2:

**Solubility:** Importance, experimental determination, phase solubility analysis, pH-solubility profile, techniques to improve solubility of drugs and utilization of analytical methods – cosolvency, salt formation, complexation, solid dispersion, micellar solubilization and hydrotrophy, methods of characterization. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 3:

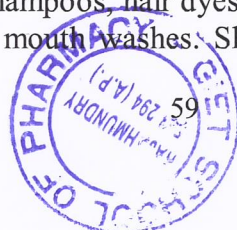
**Product stability:** Mechanisms of degradation and protection, stability testing of drugs and pharmaceuticals, factors influencing-media effects and pH effects, accelerated stability studies, interpretation of kinetic data (API & tablets). Solid state stability and shelf-life assignment. Stability protocols, reports and ICH guidelines. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 4:

**Herbal Cosmetics :** Herbal ingredients used in Hair care, skin care and oral care. Review of guidelines for herbal cosmetics by private bodies like cosmos with respect to preservatives, emollients, foaming agents, emulsifiers and rheology modifiers. Challenges in formulating herbal cosmetics. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 5:

**Cosmetics:** Formulation, manufacturing and quality control methods of following cosmetic products. Hair care products - Shampoos, hair dyes, shaving products and depilatories. Dental hygiene products: Tooth paste, mouth washes. Skin care products: Hand cream, cleansing



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## Unit 2:

**Biochromatography:** Size exclusion chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, ion pair chromatography, affinity chromatography general principles - stationary phases and mobile phases.

**Gas chromatography:** Derivatization, head space sampling, analytical method development and quantification. **12 Hours**

## Unit 3:

**Super critical fluid chromatography:** Principle, instrumentation, pharmaceutical applications.

**Capillary electrophoresis:** General considerations and method development in CE, Crown ethers as buffer additives in capillary electrophoresis. CE-MS hyphenation & its applications. **12 Hours**

## Unit 4:

**Mass spectrometry:** LC-MS hyphenation and DART MS analysis. Mass analyzers (Quadrupole, Time of flight, FT-ICR, Ion Trap and Orbitrap) instruments. MS/MS systems (Tandem: QqQ, TOF-TOF; Q-IT, Q-TOF, LTQ-FT, LTQ-Orbitrap). **12 Hours**

## Unit 5:

### NMR spectroscopy:

Brief outline of principles of NMR & FT-NMR. Spin-spin and spin-lattice relaxation phenomenon. <sup>13</sup>C NMR, 1-D and 2-D NMR, NOESY and COSY techniques, interpretation and qualitative and quantitative applications of NMR spectroscopy. LC-NMR hyphenations. ICP-MS, ICP-OES, PES, TOC Analysis, KF titration, melting point determination using advanced instrumentation. **12 Hours**

## REFERENCES

1. Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds - Robert M Silverstein. 6<sup>th</sup> ed. John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Douglas A Skoog, F. James Holler & Timothy A Nieman. 5<sup>th</sup> ed. Eastern Press, Bangalore, 1998.
3. Instrumental Methods of Analysis – Willards. 7<sup>th</sup> ed. CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
4. Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. ELBS, 1991.
5. Quantitative Analysis of Pharmaceutical Formulations by HPTLC – P.D. Sethi. CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
6. Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical Formulation – P.D. Sethi. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
7. Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern Methods – Part B – J.W. Munson. Vol 11, Marcel Dekker Series.
8. Organic Spectroscopy - Donald L Pavia. 5<sup>th</sup> ed.

## MODERN BIO-ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES (MPA 202T)

### Unit 1:

**Extraction of drugs and metabolites from biological matrices:** General need, principle and procedure involved in the bioanalytical methods such as protein precipitation, liquid - liquid extraction and solid phase extraction and other novel sample preparation approach.

**Bioanalytical method validation:** USFDA and EMEA guidelines. **12 Hours**

### Unit 2:

**Biopharmaceutical consideration:** Introduction, in vitro: dissolution and drug release



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3. Experiments based on HPLC
4. Experiments based on gas chromatography
5. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
6. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
7. Assay of official compounds by different titrations
8. Assay of official compounds by instrumental techniques.
9. Quantitative determination of hydroxyl group.
10. Quantitative determination of amino group
11. Colorimetric determination of drugs by using different reagents
12. Impurity profiling of drugs

### PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS PRACTICAL - II (MPA 106P)

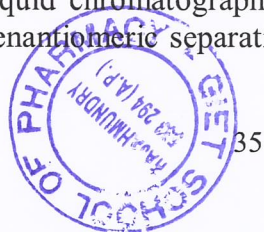
1. Calibration of glassware
2. Calibration of pH meter
3. Calibration of UV-Visible spectrophotometer
4. Calibration of FTIR spectrophotometer
5. Calibration of GC instrument
6. Calibration of HPLC instrument
7. Cleaning validation of any one equipment
8. Determination of total reducing sugar
9. Determination of proteins
10. Determination of saponification value, iodine value, peroxide value, acid value in food products
11. Determination of fat content and rancidity in food products
12. Analysis of natural and synthetic colors in food
13. Determination of preservatives in food
14. Determination of pesticide residue in food products
15. Analysis of vitamin content in food products
16. Determination of density and specific gravity of foods
17. Determination of food additives.
18. Analysis of vanillin content in foods
19. Analysis of oxalate content in guava fruit
20. ELISA & CLIA – demonstration
21. IMVIC test - Indole test, methyl red test, Voges-Proskauer test, citrate utilization test

### Second Semester

### ADVANCED INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS (MPA 201T)

#### Unit 1:

**HPLC:** Principle, analytical method development, pharmaceutical applications, peak shapes, capacity factor, selectivity, plate number, plate height, resolution, band broadening, pumps, injector, detectors, columns, column problems, gradient HPLC, HPLC solvents, trouble shooting, sample preparation, method development, new developments in HPLC-role and principles of ultra, nano liquid chromatography, and preparative HPLC in pharmaceutical analysis. Advancement in enantiomeric separations, Immobilized polysaccharide CSP's and HILIC approaches.



12 Hours

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cream, foundation creams.

12 Hours

## REFERENCES

1. Harry's Cosmeticology. 8<sup>th</sup> ed.
2. Poucher's Perfumes, Cosmetics & Soaps – Hilda Butler. 10<sup>th</sup> ed. Kluwer Academic Publishers.
3. Cosmetics - Formulation, Manufacture and Quality Control – P.P. Sharma. 4<sup>th</sup> ed.
4. Hand Book of Cosmetic Science and Technology - A.O. Barel, M. Paye & H.I. Maibach. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed.
5. Cosmetic and Toiletries Recent Suppliers' Catalogue.
6. CTFA Directory.

## PHARMACEUTICS PRACTICAL – III (MPH 205P)

1. To perform in vitro dissolution profile of Controlled release or Sustained release marketed formulation.
2. Formulation and evaluation of sustained release matrix tablets.
3. Formulation and evaluation of osmotically controlled DDS.
4. Preparation and evaluation of Floating DDS- Hydro dynamically balanced DDS.
5. Formulation and evaluation of Muco-adhesive tablets.
6. Formulation and evaluation of transdermal patches.
7. To study the effect of temperature change, non solvent addition, incompatible polymer addition in micro capsule preparation.
8. Formulation and evaluation of microspheres.
9. Formulation and evaluation of liposomes or niosomes.
10. Demonstration statistical designing in formulation development through QBD approach.
11. Development and evaluation of Creams.
12. Development and evaluation of Shampoo and Tooth paste.
13. Effect of surfactant on the solubility of drugs.
14. Effect of pH on the solubility of drugs.
15. Stability testing of drugs in dosage forms at 25<sup>0</sup>C/60% RH and 40<sup>0</sup>C/75% RH and determine the shelf life.
16. Compatibility evaluation of drugs and excipients (DSC & FTIR).



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9. Validation Master Plan - Terveeks or Deeks. Davis Harwood International Publishing.

### FOOD ANALYSIS (MPA 104T)

#### Unit 1:

**Carbohydrates:** Classification and properties of food carbohydrates, general methods of analysis of food carbohydrates, changes in food carbohydrates during processing, digestion, absorption and metabolism of carbohydrates. Dietary fiber, crude fiber and application of food carbohydrates.

**Proteins:** Chemistry and classification of amino acids and proteins, physico-chemical properties of protein and their structure, general methods of analysis of proteins and amino acids. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 2:

**Lipids:** Classification, general methods of analysis, determination of adulteration in fats and oils, various methods used for measurement of spoilage of fats and fatty foods.

**Vitamins:** Classification of vitamins, principle & microbial assays of vitamin-B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub> & B<sub>12</sub>. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 3:

**Food additives:** Introduction, analysis of Preservatives, antioxidants, artificial sweeteners, flavors, flavor enhancers, stabilizers, thickening and jelling agents.

**Pigments and synthetic dyes:** Natural pigments, their occurrence and characteristic properties, permitted synthetic dyes, non-permitted synthetic dyes used by industries, method of detection of natural, permitted and non-permitted dyes. **12 Hours**

**Unit 4:** General analytical methods for milk, milk constituents and milk products like ice cream, milk powder, butter, margarine, cheese including adulterants and contaminants of milk. Analysis of fermentation products like wine, spirits, beer and vinegar. **12 Hours**

#### Unit 5:

**Pesticide analysis:** Effects of pest and insects on various food, use of pesticides in agriculture, pesticide cycle, organophosphorus and organochlorine pesticides analysis, determination of pesticide residues in grain, fruits, vegetables, milk and milk products. Legislation regulations of food products with special emphasis on BIS, Agmark, FDA and US-FDA. FSSAI guidelines-special emphasis on mycotoxins, microbiology, antibiotic residues in foods. HACCP (Biological, Physical & Chemical hazards), Regulatory aspects of CODEX Alimentarius. **12 Hours**

#### REFERENCES

1. The Chemical Analysis of Foods – David Pearson. 7<sup>th</sup> ed. Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh London, 1976
2. Introduction to the Chemical Analysis of Foods – S. Nielsen. Jones & Bartlett Publishers, Boston, London, 1994.
3. Official Methods of Analysis of AOAC International. 6<sup>th</sup> ed. Volume 1 & 2. 1997.
4. Analysis of Food Constituents – Multon. John Wiley & Sons.
5. Official methods of analysis of AOAC International - Dr. William Horwitz. 18<sup>th</sup> ed. 2005.

#### PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS PRACTICAL - I (MPA 105P)

1. Analysis of Pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV-Vis spectrophotometer
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry



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9. The Drugs and Cosmetics Act 1940 – Deshpande & Nilesh Gandhi. 4<sup>th</sup> ed. Susmit Publishers.
10. QA Manual – D.H. Shah 1<sup>st</sup> ed. Business Horizons, 2000.
11. Good Manufacturing Practices for Pharmaceuticals; A Plan for Total Quality Control – Sidney H. Willig. Vol. 52. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Marcel Dekker.
12. GMP/ISO Quality Audit Manual for Healthcare Manufacturers and Their Suppliers - Steinborn L (Volume 1 - With Checklists and Software Package). 6<sup>th</sup> ed. Taylor & Francis.
13. Quality Systems and Controls for Pharmaceuticals – D.K. Sarker. John Wiley & Sons, 2008.

## HERBAL AND COSMETIC ANALYSIS (MPA 204T)

### Unit 1:

**Herbal remedies:** Toxicity and regulations: Herbals vs. conventional drugs, Efficacy of herbal medicine products, validation of herbal therapies, pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetic issues. Herbal drug standardization: WHO and AYUSH guidelines.

**Regulatory requirements for setting herbal drug industry:** Global marketing management, Indian and international patent law as applicable herbal drugs and natural products and its protocol.

**12 Hours**

### Unit 2:

**Adulteration and deterioration:** Introduction, types of adulteration/substitution of herbal drugs, causes and measure of adulteration, sampling procedures, determination of foreign matter, DNA finger printing techniques in identification of drugs of natural origin, heavy metals, pesticide residues, phototoxin and microbial contamination in herbal formulations.

**12 Hours**

### Unit 3:

**Testing of natural products and drugs:** Effect of herbal medicine on clinical laboratory testing, adulterant screening using modern analytical instruments, stability testing of natural products, protocol. Monographs of herbal drugs: Study of monographs of herbal drugs and comparative study in IP, USP, Ayurvedic Pharmacopoeia, American Herbal Pharmacopoeia, British Herbal Pharmacopoeia, WHO guidelines in quality assessment of herbal drugs.

**12 Hours**

### Unit 4:

**Herbal drug-drug interaction:** WHO and AYUSH guidelines for safety monitoring of natural medicine, spontaneous reporting schemes for bio drug adverse reactions, bio drug-drug and bio drug-food interactions with suitable examples. Challenges in monitoring the safety of herbal medicines.

**12 Hours**

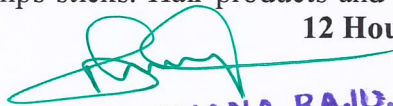
### Unit 5:

**Evaluation of cosmetic products:** Determination of moisture, ash, volatile matter, heavy metals, fineness of powder, density, viscosity of cosmetic raw materials and finished products. Study of quality of raw materials and general methods of analysis of raw material used in cosmetic manufacture as per BIS.

**Schedule S:** Standards for cosmetics. Indian Standard specification laid down for sampling and testing of various cosmetics in finished forms such as baby care products, skin care products, dental products, personal hygiene preparations, lips sticks. Hair products and skin creams by the Bureau Indian Standards.

**12 Hours**



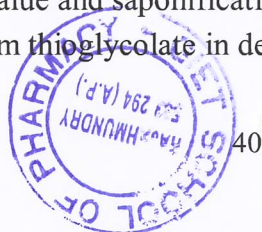
  
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## REFERENCES

1. Pharmacognosy - G. E. Trease & W.C. Evans. Saunders Edinburgh, New York.
2. Pharmacognosy - Kokate, Purohit & Gokhale.
3. Quality Control Methods for Medicinal Plant, WHO, Geneva.
4. Pharmacognosy & Pharmacobiotechnology - Ashutosh Kar.
5. Essential of Pharmacognosy - S.H.Ansari.
6. Cosmetics – Formulation, Manufacturing and Quality Control - P.P. Sharma. 4<sup>th</sup> ed. Vandana Publications Pvt. Ltd., Delhi.
7. Indian Standard Specification for Raw Materials, BIS, New Delhi.
8. Indian Standard Specification for 28 Finished Cosmetics BIS, New Delhi.
9. Harry's Cosmeticology. 8th ed.
10. Suppliers Catalogue on Specialized Cosmetic Excipients.
11. Poucher's Perfumes, Cosmetics & Soaps – Hilda Butler. 10<sup>th</sup> ed. Kluwer Academic Publishers.
12. Handbook of Cosmetic Science and Technology. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed.

### PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS PRACTICAL - III (MPA 205P)

1. Comparison of absorption spectra by UV and Wood ward - Fiesure rule
2. Interpretation of organic compounds by FTIR
3. Interpretation of organic compounds by NMR
4. Interpretation of organic compounds by MS
5. Determination of purity by DSC in pharmaceuticals
6. Identification of organic compounds using FTIR, NMR, CNMR and mass spectra
7. In process and finished product quality control tests for tablets, capsules, parenterals and creams
8. Quality control tests for primary and secondary packing materials
9. Assay of raw materials as per official monographs
10. Bio molecules separation utilizing various sample preparation techniques and quantitative analysis of components by gel electrophoresis.
11. Bio molecules separation utilizing various sample preparation techniques and quantitative analysis of components by HPLC techniques
12. Isolation of analgesics from biological fluids (blood, serum and urine)
13. Protocol preparation and performance of analytical/bio analytical method validation
14. Protocol preparation for the conduct of BA/BE studies according to guidelines
15. Testing of related and foreign substances in drugs and raw materials
16. Preparation of Master Formula Record
17. Preparation of Batch Manufacturing Record
18. Quantitative analysis of rancidity in lipsticks and hair oil
19. Determination of aryl amine content and developer in hair dye
20. Determination of foam height and SLS content of shampoo
21. Determination of total fatty matter in creams (soap, skin and hair creams)
22. Determination of acid value and saponification value
23. Determination of calcium thioglycolate in depilatories



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## 1.1 HUMAN ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY (PRACTICAL)

**Practical : 3 Hrs./Week**

**General Requirements:** Dissection box, Laboratory Napkin, muslin cloth, record, Observation book(100pages), Stationary items, Blood lancet.

**Course materials:**

**Text books**

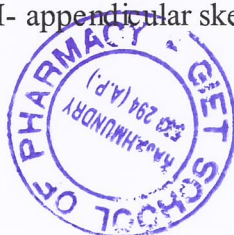
Goyal, R. K, Natvar M.P, and Shah S.A, Practical anatomy, physiology and biochemistry, latest edition, Publisher: B.S Shah Prakashan, Ahmedabad.


**Reference books**

Ranade VG, Text book of practical physiology, Latest edition, Publisher: PVG, Pune  
Anderson Experimental Physiology, Latest edition, Publisher: NA

**List of Experiments:**

1. Study of tissues of human body
  - (a) Epithelial tissue.
  - (b) Muscular tissue.
2. Study of tissues of human body
  - (a) Connective tissue.
  - (b) Nervous tissue.
3. Study of appliances used in hematological experiments.
4. Determination of W.B.C. count of blood.
5. Determination of R.B.C. count of blood.
6. Determination of differential count of blood.
7. Determination of
  - (a) Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate.
  - (b) Hemoglobin content of Blood.
  - (c) Bleeding time & Clotting time.
8. Determination of
  - (a) Blood Pressure.
  - (b) Blood group.
9. Study of various systems with the help of charts, models & specimens
  - (a) Skeleton system part I-axial skeleton.
  - (b) Skeleton system part II- appendicular skeleton.
  - (c) Cardiovascular system.
  - (d) Respiratory system.



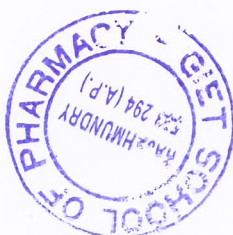
  
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- (e) Digestive system.
  - (f) Urinary system.
  - (g) Nervous system.
  - (h) Special senses.
  - (i) Reproductive system.
10. Study of different family planning appliances.
  11. To perform pregnancy diagnosis test.
  12. Study of appliances used in experimental physiology.
  13. To record simple muscle curve using gastrocnemius sciatic nerve preparation.
  14. To record simple summation curve using gastrocnemius sciatic nerve preparation.
  15. To record simple effect of temperature using gastrocnemius sciatic nerve preparation.
  16. To record simple effect of load & after load using gastrocnemius sciatic nerve preparation.
  17. To record simple fatigue curve using gastrocnemius sciatic nerve preparation.

**Scheme of Practical Examination:**

	<b>Sessionals</b>	<b>Annual</b>
Identification	04	10
Synopsis	04	10
Major Experiment	07	20
Minor Experiment	03	15
Viva	02	15
<b>Max Marks</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>70</b>
<b>Duration</b>	<b>03hrs</b>	<b>04hrs</b>

Note : Total sessional marks is 30 (20 for practical sessional plus 10 marks for regularity, promptness, viva-voce and record maintenance).



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## 1.2 PHARMACEUTICS (THEORY)

**Theory : 2 Hrs. /Week**

1. **Scope and objectives:** This course is designed to impart a fundamental knowledge on the art and science of formulating different dosage forms. It prepares the students for most basics of the applied field of pharmacy.
2. **Upon the completion of the course the student s should be able to:**
  - a. know the formulation aspects of different dosage forms;
  - b. do different pharmaceutical calculation involved in formulation;
  - c. formulate different types of dosage forms; and
  - d. appreciate the importance of good formulation for effectiveness.

### 3. Course materials:

#### Text books

- a. Cooper and Gunns Dispensing for pharmacy students.
- b. A text book Professional Pharmacy by N.K.Jain and S.N.Sharma.

#### Reference books

- a. Introduction to Pharmaceutical dosage forms by Howard C. Ansel.
- b. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences.
- c. Register of General Pharmacy by Cooper and Gunn.
- d. General Pharmacy by M.L.Schroff.

### 4. Lecture wise programme:

#### Topics

- 1
  - a. Introduction to dosage forms - classification and definitions
  - b. Prescription: definition, parts and handling
  - c. Posology: Definition, Factors affecting dose selection. Calculation of children and infant doses.
- 2 Historical back ground and development of profession of pharmacy and pharmaceutical industry in brief
- 3 Development of Indian Pharmacopoeia and introduction to other Pharmacopoeias such as BP, USP, European Pharmacopoeia, Extra pharmacopoeia and Indian national formulary.
- 4 Weights and measures, Calculations involving percentage solutions, allegation, proof spirit, isotonic solutions etc.
- 5 Powders and Granules: Classification advantages and disadvantages, Preparation of simple, compound powders, Insufflations, Dusting powders, Eutectic and Explosive powders, Tooth powder and effervescent powders and granules.
- 6 Monophasic Dosage forms: Theoretical aspects of formulation including adjuvant like stabilizers, colorants, flavours with examples. Study of Monophasic liquids like gargles, mouth washes, Throat paint, Ear drops, Nasal drops, Liniments and lotions, Enemas and collodions.



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- 7 Biphasic dosage forms: Suspensions and emulsions, Definition, advantages and disadvantages, classification, test for the type of emulsion, formulation, stability and evaluation.
- 8 Suppositories and pessaries: Definition, advantages and disadvantages, types of base, method of preparation, Displacement value and evaluation.
- 9 Galenicals: Definition, equipment for different extraction processes like infusion, Decoction, Maceration and Percolation, methods of preparation of spirits, tinctures and extracts.
- 10 Pharmaceutical calculations.
- 11 Surgical aids: Surgical dressings, absorbable gelatin sponge, sutures, ligatures and medicated bandages.
- 12 Incompatibilities: Introduction, classification and methods to overcome the incompatibilities.


## 1.2 PHARMACEUTICS (PRACTICAL)

**Practical : 3 Hrs./Week**

### List of Experiments:

1. **Syrups**
  - a. Simple Syrup I.P
  - b. Syrup of Ephedrine Hcl NF
  - c. Syrup Vasaka IP
  - d. Syrup of ferrous Phosphate IP
  - e. Orange Syrup
2. **Elixir**
  - a. Piperizine citrate elixir BP
  - b. Cascara elixir BPC
  - c. Paracetamol elixir BPC
3. **Linctus**
  - a. Simple Linctus BPC
  - b. Pediatric simple Linctus BPC
4. **Solutions**
  - a. Solution of cresol with soap IP
  - b. Strong solution of ferric chloride BPC
  - c. Aqueous Iodine Solution IP
  - d. Strong solution of Iodine IP
  - e. Strong solution of ammonium acetate IP



  
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5. **Liniments**
  - a. Liniment of turpentine IP\*
  - b. Liniment of camphor IP
6. **Suspensions\***
  - a. Calamine lotion
  - b. Magnesium Hydroxide mixture BP
7. **Emulsions\***
  - a. Cod liver oil emulsion
  - b. Liquid paraffin emulsion
8. **Powders\***
  - a. Eutectic powder
  - b. Explosive powder
  - c. Dusting powder
  - d. Insufflations
9. **Suppositories\***
  - a. Boric acid suppositories
  - b. Chloral suppositories
10. **Incompatibilities**
  - a. Mixtures with Physical
  - b. Chemical & Therapeutic incompatibilities

\* colourless bottles required for dispensing \* Paper envelope (white), butter paper and white paper required for dispensing.

#### Scheme of Practical Examination:

	Sessionals	Annual
Synopsis	05	15
Major Experiment	10	25
Minor Experiment	03	15
Viva	02	15
<b>Max Marks</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>70</b>
<b>Duration</b>	<b>03hrs</b>	<b>04hrs</b>

Note : Total sessional marks is 30 (20 for practical sessional plus 10 marks for regularity, promptness, viva-voce and record maintenance).



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### 1.3 MEDICINAL BIOCHEMISTRY (THEORY)

Theory : 3 Hrs. /Week

1. **Scope of the Subject:** Applied biochemistry deals with complete understanding of the molecular level of the chemical process associated with living cells. Clinical chemistry deals with the study of chemical aspects of human life in health and illness and the application of chemical laboratory methods to diagnosis, control of treatment, and prevention of diseases.

2. **Objectives of the Subject** (Know, do, appreciate) :

The objective of the present course is providing biochemical facts and the principles to the students of pharmacy. Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to –

- understand the catalytic activity of enzymes and importance of isoenzymes in diagnosis of diseases;
- know the metabolic process of biomolecules in health and illness (metabolic disorders);
- understand the genetic organization of mammalian genome; protein synthesis; replication; mutation and repair mechanism;
- know the biochemical principles of organ function tests of kidney, liver and endocrine gland; and
- do the qualitative analysis and determination of biomolecules in the body fluids.

#### Text books (Theory)

- Harpers review of biochemistry - Martin
- Text book of biochemistry – D.Satyanarayana
- Text book of clinical chemistry- Alex kaplan & Laverve L.Szabo

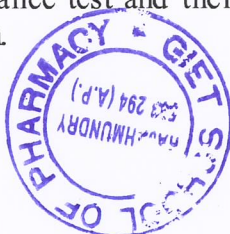
#### Reference books (Theory)

- Principles of biochemistry -- Lehninger
- Text book of biochemistry -- Ramarao
- Practical Biochemistry-David T.Plummer.
- Practical Biochemistry-Pattabhiraman.

3. **Lecture wise programme:**

#### Topics

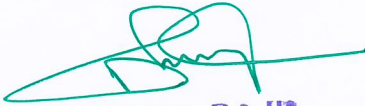
- Introduction to biochemistry:** Cell and its biochemical organization, transport process across the cell membranes. Energy rich compounds; ATP, Cyclic AMP and their biological significance.
- Enzymes:** Definition; Nomenclature; IUB classification; Factor affecting enzyme activity; Enzyme action; enzyme inhibition. Isoenzymes and their therapeutic and diagnostic applications; Coenzymes and their biochemical role and deficiency diseases.
- Carbohydrate metabolism:** Glycolysis, Citric acid cycle (TCA cycle), HMP shunt, Glycogenolysis, gluconeogenesis, glycogenesis. Metabolic disorders of carbohydrate metabolism (diabetes mellitus and glycogen storage diseases); Glucose, Galactose tolerance test and their significance; hormonal regulation of carbohydrate metabolism.



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- 4 **Lipid metabolism:** Oxidation of saturated ( $\beta$ -oxidation); Ketogenesis and ketolysis; biosynthesis of fatty acids, lipids; metabolism of cholesterol; Hormonal regulation of lipid metabolism. Defective metabolism of lipids (Atherosclerosis, fatty liver, hypercholesterolemia).
- 5 **Biological oxidation:** Coenzyme system involved in Biological oxidation. Electron transport chain (its mechanism in energy capture; regulation and inhibition); Uncouplers of ETC; Oxidative phosphorylation;
- 6 **Protein and amino acid metabolism:** protein turn over; nitrogen balance; Catabolism of Amino acids (Transamination, deamination & decarboxylation). Urea cycle and its metabolic disorders; production of bile pigments; hyperbilirubinemia, porphoria, jaundice. Metabolic disorder of Amino acids.
- 7 **Nucleic acid metabolism:** Metabolism of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides; Protein synthesis; Genetic code; inhibition of protein synthesis; mutation and repair mechanism; DNA replication (semiconservative /onion peel models) and DNA repair mechanism.
- 8 **Introduction to clinical chemistry: Cell;** composition; malfunction; Roll of the clinical chemistry laboratory.
- 9 **The kidney function tests:** Role of kidney; Laboratory tests for normal function includes-
  - a) Urine analysis (macroscopic and physical examination, quantitative and semiquantitative tests.)
  - b) Test for NPN constituents. (Creatinine /urea clearance, determination of blood and urine creatinine, urea and uric acid)
  - c) Urine concentration test
  - d) Urinary tract calculi. (stones)
- 10 **Liver function tests:** Physiological role of liver, metabolic, storage, excretory, protective, circulatory functions and function in blood coagulation.
  - a) Test for hepatic dysfunction-Bile pigments metabolism.
  - b) Test for hepatic function test- Serum bilirubin, urine bilirubin, and urine urobilinogen.
  - c) Dye tests of excretory function.
  - d) Tests based upon abnormalities of serum proteins.
 Selected enzyme tests.
- 11 **Lipid profile tests:** Lipoproteins, composition, functions. Determination of serum lipids, total cholesterol, HDL cholesterol, LDL cholesterol and triglycerides.
- 12 **Immunochemical techniques** for determination of hormone levels and protein levels in serum for endocrine diseases and infectious diseases.  
Radio immuno assay (RIA) and Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay (ELISA)
- 13 **Electrolytes:** Body water, compartments, water balance, and electrolyte distribution. Determination of sodium, calcium potassium, chlorides, bicarbonates in the body fluids.



  
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### 1.3 MEDICINAL BIOCHEMISTRY (PRACTICAL)

**Practical : 3 Hrs./Week**

**Title of the Experiment:**

- 1 Qualitative analysis of normal constituents of urine.\*
  - 2 Qualitative analysis of abnormal constituents of urine.\*
  - 3 Quantitative estimation of urine sugar by Benedict's reagent method.\*\*
  - 4 Quantitative estimation of urine chlorides by Volhard's method.\*\*
  - 5 Quantitative estimation of urine creatinine by Jaffe's method.\*\*
  - 6 Quantitative estimation of urine calcium by precipitation method.\*\*
  - 7 Quantitative estimation of serum cholesterol by Libermann Burchard's method.\*\*
  - 8 Preparation of Folin Wu filtrate from blood.\*
  - 9 Quantitative estimation of blood creatinine.\*\*
  - 10 Quantitative estimation of blood sugar Folin- Wu tube method.\*\*
  - 11 Estimation of SGOT in serum.\*\*
  - 12 Estimation of SGPT in serum.\*\*
  - 13 Estimation of Urea in Serum.\*\*
  - 14 Estimation of Proteins in Serum.\*\*
  - 15 Determination of serum bilirubin\*\*
  - 16 Determination of Glucose by means of Glucoseoxidase.\*\*
  - 17 Enzymatic hydrolysis of Glycogen/Starch by Amylases.\*\*
  - 18 Study of factors affecting Enzyme activity. (pH & Temp.)\*\*
  - 19 Preparation of standard buffer solutions and its pH measurements (any two)\*
  - 20 Experiment on lipid profile tests\*\*
  - 21 Determination of sodium, calcium and potassium in serum.\*\*
- \*\* indicate major experiments & \* indicate minor experiments

**Assignments:**

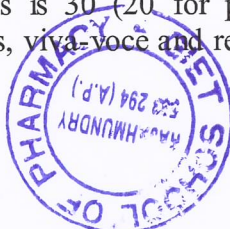
Format of the assignment

1. Minimum & Maximum number of pages.
2. It shall be computer draft copy.
3. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
4. Name and signature of the student.
5. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year.
6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

**Scheme of Practical Examination:**

	Sessionals	Annual
Synopsis	05	15
Major Experiment	10	25
Minor Experiment	03	15
Viva	02	15
<b>Max Marks</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>70</b>
<b>Duration</b>	<b>03hrs</b>	<b>04hrs</b>

Note : Total sessional marks is 30 (20 for practical sessional plus 10 marks for regularity, promptness, viva-voce and record maintenance).



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## Second year

### 2.1 PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (THEORY)

**Theory : 3 Hrs. /Week**

1. **Scope of the Subject:** This course is designed to impart a thorough knowledge of the relevant aspects of pathology of various conditions with reference to its pharmacological applications, and understanding of basic Pathophysiological mechanisms. Hence it will not only help to study the syllabus of pathology, but also to get baseline knowledge of its application in other subject of pharmacy.
2. **Objectives of the Subject :** Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to –
  - a. describe the etiology and pathogenesis of the selected disease states;
  - b. name the signs and symptoms of the diseases; and
  - c. mention the complications of the diseases.

#### **Text books (Theory)**

- a. Pathologic basis of disease by- Cotran, Kumar, Robbins
- b. Text book of Pathology- Harsh Mohan
- c. Text book of Pathology- Y.M. Bhide

#### **Reference books (Theory)**

- a. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics; Second edition; Roger Walker; Churchill Livingstone publication

### 3. Detailed syllabus and lecture wise schedule :

#### **Chapter**

- 1 **Basic principles of cell injury and Adaptation**
  - a) Causes, Pathogenesis and morphology of cell injury
  - b) Abnormalities in lipoproteinaemia, glycogen infiltration and glycogen infiltration and glycogen infiltration and glycogen storage diseases
- 2 **Inflammation**
  - a) Pathogenesis of acute inflammation, Chemical mediators in inflammation, Types of chronic inflammation
  - b) Repairs of wounds in the skin, factors influencing healing of wounds
- 3 **Diseases of Immunity**
  - a) Introduction to Tand B cells
  - b) MHC proteins or transplantation antigens
  - c) Immune tolerance
    - Hypersensitivity
      - Hypersensitivity type I, II, III, IV, Biological significance, Allergy due to food, chemicals and drugs
    - Autoimmunity
      - Criteria for autoimmunity, Classifications of autoimmune diseases in man, mechanism of autoimmunity, Transplantation and immunologic tolerance, allograft rejections, transplantation antigens, mechanism of rejection of allograft.
    - Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS)



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- Amyloidosis

- 4 **Cancer:** differences between benign and malignant tumors, Histological diagnosis of malignancy, invasions and metastasis, patterns of spread, disturbances of growth of cells, classification of tumors, general biology of tumors, spread of malignant tumors, etiology and pathogenesis of cancer.
- 5 Types of shock, mechanisms, stages and management
- 6 Biological effects of radiation
- 7 Environmental and nutritional diseases
  - i) Air pollution and smoking- SO<sub>2</sub>,NO, NO<sub>2</sub>, and CO
  - ii) Protein calorie malnutrition, vitamins, obesity, pathogenesis of starvation.
- 8 Pathophysiology of common diseases
  - a. Parkinsonism
  - b. Schizophrenia
  - c. Depression and mania
  - d. Hypertension,
  - e. Stroke (ischaemic and hemorrhage)
  - f. Angina, CCF, Atherosclerosis, Myocardial infarction
  - g. Diabetes Mellitus
  - h. Peptic ulcer and inflammatory bowel diseases
  - i. Cirrhosis and Alcoholic liver diseases
  - j. Acute and chronic renal failure
  - k. Asthma and chronic obstructive airway diseases
- 9 Infectious diseases :  
Sexually transmitted diseases (HIV,Syphilis,Gonorrhea), Urinary tract infections, Pneumonia, Typhoid, Tuberculosis, Leprosy, Malaria Dysentery (bacterial and amoebic ), Hepatitis- infective hepatitis.

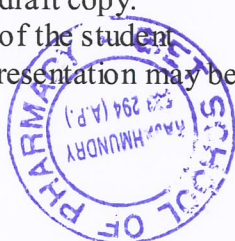
#### 4. Assignments :


##### Title of the Experiment

- 1 Chemical Mediators of inflammation
- 2 Drug Hypersensitivity
- 3 Cigarette smoking & its ill effects
- 4 Biological Effects of Radiation
- 5 Etiology and hazards of obesity
- 6 Complications of diabetes
- 7 Diagnosis of cancer
- 8 Disorders of vitamins
- 9 Methods in Pathology- Laboratory values of clinical significance
- 10 Pathophysiology of Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever (DHF)

##### Format of the assignment

- 1 Minimum & Maximum number of pages.
2. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
3. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year
4. It shall be computer draft copy.
5. Name and signature of the student
6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.



  
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### 3. Detailed syllabus and lecture wise schedule :

#### Title of the topic

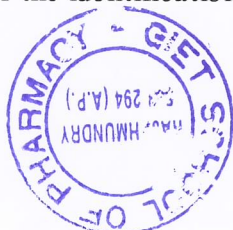
- 1 Introduction to the science of microbiology. Major divisions of microbial world and Relationship among them.
- 2 Different methods of classification of microbes and study of Bacteria, Fungi, virus, Rickettsiae, Spirochetes.
- 3 Nutritional requirements, growth and cultivation of bacteria and virus. Study of different important media required for the growth of aerobic and anaerobic bacteria & fungi. Differential media, enriched media and selective media, maintenance of lab cultures.
- 4 Different methods used in isolation and identification of bacteria with emphasis to different staining techniques and biochemical reactions. Counting of bacteria -Total and Viable counting techniques.
- 5 Detailed study of different methods of sterilization including their merits and demerits. Sterilization methods for all pharmaceutical products. Detailed study of sterility testing of different pharmaceutical preparations . Brief information on Validation.
- 6 Disinfectants- Study of disinfectants, antiseptics, fungicidal and virucidal agents factors affecting their activation and mechanism of action. Evaluation of bactericidal, bacteristatic, , virucidal activities, evaluation of preservatives in pharmaceutical preparations.
- 7 Immunology- Immunity, Definition, Classification, General principles of natural immunity, Phagocytosis, acquired immunity( active and passive ) . Antigens, chemical nature of antigens structure and formation of Antibodies, Antigen-Antibody reactions. Bacterial exotoxins and endotoxins. Significance of toxoids in active immunity, Immunization programme, and importance of booster dose.
- 8 Diagnostic tests : Schick's Test, Elisa test, Western Blot test, Southern Blot PCR Widal, QBC, Mantaux Peripheral smear. Study of malarial parasite.
- 9 Microbial culture sensitivity Testing: Interpretation of results Principles and methods of different microbiological assays, microbiological assay of Penicillin, Streptomycin and vitamin B<sub>2</sub> and B<sub>12</sub>. Standardisation of vaccines and sera.
- 10 Study of infectious diseases: Typhoid, Tuberculosis, Malaria, Cholera, Hepatitis, Meningitis, Syphilis & Gonorrhoea and HIV.


## 2.2 PHARMACEUTICAL MICROBIOLOGY (PRACTICAL)

**Practical : 3 Hrs./Week**

#### Title of the Experiment:

- 1 Study of apparatus used in experimental microbiology\*.
- 2 Sterilisation of glass ware's. Preparation of media and sterilisation.\*
- 3 Staining techniques – Simple staining ; Gram's staining ; Negative staining\*\*
- 4 Study of motility characters\*.
- 5 Enumeration of micro-organisms (Total and Viable)\*
- 6 Study of the methods of isolation of pure culture.\*
- 7 Bio chemical testing for the identification of micro\*-organisms.



  
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- 8 Cultural sensitivity testing for some micro-organisms.\*
- 9 Sterility testing for powders and liquids.\*
- 10 Determination of minimum inhibitory concentration.\*
- 11 Microbiological assay of antibiotics by cup plate method.\*
- 12 Microbiological assay of vitamins by Turbidometric method\*\*
- 13 Determination of RWC.\*\*
- 14 Diagnostic tests for some common diseases, Widal, malarial parasite.\*\*

\* Indicate minor experiment & \*\* indicate major experiment

#### Assignments:

- 1 Visit to some pathological laboratories & study the activities and equipment/instruments used and reporting the same.
2. Visit to milk dairies (Pasturization) and microbial laboratories (other sterilization methods) & study the activities and equipment/instruments used and reporting the same.
3. Library assignments
  - a. Report of recent microbial techniques developed in diagnosing some common diseases.
  - b. Latest advancement developed in identifying, cultivating & handling of microorganisms.

#### Format of the assignment:

1. Minimum & Maximum number of pages.
2. It shall be computer draft copy.
3. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
4. Name and signature of the student.
5. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year.
6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

#### Scheme of Practical Examination:

	Sessionals	Annual
Synopsis	05	15
Major Experiment	10	25
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Viva	02	15
<b>Max Marks</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>70</b>
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Note : Total sessional marks is 30 (20 for practical sessional plus 10 marks for regularity, promptness, viva-voce and record maintenance).



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## 2.5 COMMUNITY PHARMACY (THEORY)

**Theory : 2 Hrs. /Week**

1. **Scope:** In the changing scenario of pharmacy practice in India, Community Pharmacists are expected to offer various pharmaceutical care services. In order to meet this demand, students will be learning various skills such as dispensing of drugs, responding to minor ailments by providing suitable safe medication, patient counselling, health screening services for improved patient care in the community set up.
2. **Objectives:** Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to –
  - a. know pharmaceutical care services;
  - b. know the business and professional practice management skills in community pharmacies;
  - c. do patient counselling & provide health screening services to public in community pharmacy;
  - d. respond to minor ailments and provide appropriate medication;
  - e. show empathy and sympathy to patients; and
  - f. appreciate the concept of Rational drug therapy.

**Text Books:**

- a. Health Education and Community Pharmacy by N.S.Parmar.
- b. WHO consultative group report.
- c. Drug store & Business management by Mohammed Ali & Jyoti.

**Reference books:**

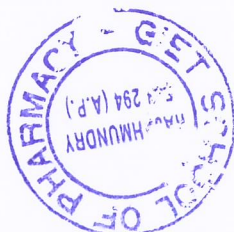
- a. Handbook of pharmacy – health care. Edt. Robin J Harman. The Pharmaceutical press.
- b. Comprehensive Pharmacy Review – Edt. Leon Shargel. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.

**Special requirements:**

1. Either the college is having model community pharmacy (meeting the schedule N requirement) or sign MoU with at least 4-5 community pharmacies nearby to the college for training the students on dispensing and counselling activities.
2. Special equipments like B.P apparatus, Glucometer, Peak flow meter, and apparatus for cholesterol estimation.

**3. Scheme of evaluation (80 Marks)**

- |  |    |
|--|----|
| 1. Synopsis  | 10 |
| 2. Major Experiment  | 30 |
| (Counselling of patients with specific diseases – emphasis should be given on Counselling introduction, content, process and conclusion) |    |
| 3. Minor Experiment(Ability to measure B.P/ CBG / Lung function)   | 15 |
| 4. Prescription Analysis (Analyzing the prescriptions for probable drug interaction and ability to tell the management)                  | 15 |
| 5. Viva – Voce   | 10 |



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#### 4. Lecture wise programme :

##### Topics

- 1 **Definition, scope, of community pharmacy**  
**Roles and responsibilities of Community pharmacist**
- 2 **Community Pharmacy Management**
  - a) Selection of site, Space layout, and design
  - b) Staff, Materials- coding, stocking
  - c) Legal requirements
  - d) Maintenance of various registers
  - e) Use of Computers: Business and health care soft wares
- 3 **Prescriptions** – parts of prescription, legality & identification of medication related problems like drug interactions.
- 4 **Inventory control in community pharmacy**  
Definition, various methods of Inventory Control  
**ABC, VED, EOQ, Lead time, safety stock**
- 5 **Pharmaceutical care**  
Definition and Principles of Pharmaceutical care.
- 6 **Patient counselling**  
Definition, outcomes, various stages, barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers  
Patient information leaflets- content, design, & layouts, advisory labels
- 7 **Patient medication adherence**  
Definition, Factors affecting medication adherence, role of pharmacist in improving the adherence.
- 8 **Health screening services**  
Definition, importance, methods for screening  
Blood pressure/ blood sugar/ lung function  
and Cholesterol testing
- 9 **OTC Medication- Definition, OTC medication list & Counselling**
- 10 **Health Education**  
WHO Definition of health, and health promotion, care for children, pregnant & breast feeding women, and geriatric patients.  
Commonly occurring Communicable Diseases, causative agents,  
Clinical presentations and prevention of communicable diseases – Tuberculosis, Hepatitis, Typhoid, Amoebiasis, Malaria, Leprosy,  
Syphilis, Gonorrhoea and AIDS  
Balance diet, and treatment & prevention of deficiency disorders  
Family planning – role of pharmacist
- 11 **Responding to symptoms of minor ailments**  
Relevant pathophysiology, common drug therapy to,  
Pain, GI disturbances (Nausea, Vomiting, Dyspepsia, diarrhea, constipation), Pyrexia,  
Ophthalmic symptoms, worms infestations.
- 12 **Essential Drugs concept and Rational Drug Therapy**  
**Role of community pharmacist**
- 13 **Code of ethics for community pharmacists**



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### 3. Detailed syllabus and lecture wise schedule :

**Etiopathogenesis and pharmacotherapy of diseases associated with following systems/ diseases**

**Title of the topic**

- 1 **Cardiovascular system:** Hypertension, Congestive cardiac failure, Angina Pectoris, Myocardial infarction, , Hyperlipidaemias , Electrophysiology of heart and Arrhythmias
- 2 **Respiratory system :** Introduction to Pulmonary function test, Asthma, Chronic obstructive airways disease, Drug induced pulmonary diseases  
**Endocrine system :** Diabetes, Thyroid diseases, Oral contraceptives, Hormone replacement therapy, Osteoporosis
- 3 **General prescribing guidelines for**
  - a. Paediatric patients
  - b. Geriatric patients
  - c. Pregnancy and breast feeding
- 4 **Ophthalmology:** Glaucoma, Conjunctivitis- viral & bacterial
- 5 **Introduction to rational drug use**  
Definition, Role of pharmacist Essential drug concept Rational drug formulations

## 2.6 PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS - I (PRACTICAL)

**Practical : 3 Hrs./Week**


**Practicals :**

Hospital postings in various departments designed to complement the lectures by providing practical clinical discussion; attending ward rounds; follow up the progress and changes made in drug therapy in allotted patients; case presentation upon discharge. Students are required to maintain a record of cases presented and the same should be submitted at the end of the course for evaluation. A minimum of 20 cases should be presented and recorded covering most common diseases.

**Assignments :**

Students are required to submit written assignments on the topics given to them. Topics allotted should cover recent developments in drug therapy of various diseases. A minimum of THREE assignments [1500 – 2000 words] should be submitted for evaluation.



  
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### 3.2 PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (THEORY)

Theory : 3 Hrs. /Week

#### 1. Quality Assurance:


- a. Introduction, sources of quality variation, control of quality variation.
- b. Concept of statistical quality control.
- c. Validation methods- quality of equipment, validation of equipment and validation of analytical instruments and calibration.
- d. GLP, ISO 9000.
- e. Total quality management, quality review and documentation.
- f. ICH- international conference for harmonization-guidelines.
- g. Regulatory control.

#### 2. Chromatography:

Introduction, history, classification, separation techniques, choice of methods. The following techniques be discussed with relevant examples of pharmaceutical products involving principles and techniques of separation of drugs from excipients.

- a. **Column Chromatography:** Adsorption column chromatography, Operational technique, frontal analysis and elution analysis. Factors affecting column efficiency, applications and partition chromatography.
- b. **TLC:** Introduction, principle, techniques,  $R_f$  value and applications.
- c. **PC:** Introduction, principle, types of paper chromatography, preparation techniques, development techniques, applications.
- d. **Ion-exchange chromatography:** Introduction, principles, types of ion exchange synthetic resins, physical properties, factors affecting ion exchange, methodology and applications.
- e. **HPLC:** Introduction, theory, instrumentation, and applications.
- f. **HPTLC:** Introduction, theory, instrumentation, and applications.
- g. **Gas Chromatography:** Introduction, theory, instrumentation-carrier gases, types of columns, stationary phases in GLC & GSC. Detectors- Flame ionization detectors, electron capture detector, thermal conductivity detector. Typical gas chromatogram, derivatisation techniques, programmed temperature gas chromatography, applications.
- h. **Electrophoresis:** Principles of separation, equipment for paper and gel electrophoresis, and application.
- i. **Gel filtration and affinity chromatography:** Introduction, technique, applications.



  
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### 3. Electrometric Methods:

Theoretical aspects, instrumentation, interpretation of data/spectra and analytical applications be discussed on the following topics.

- a. **Potentiometry:** Electrical potential, electrochemical cell, reference electrodes, indicator electrodes, measurement of potential and pH, construction and working of electrodes, Potentiometric titrations, methods of detecting end point, Karl Fischer titration.
- b. **Conductometry:** Introduction, conductivity cell, conductometric titrations and applications.
- c. **Polarography:** Instrumentation, DME, residual current, diffusion current and limiting current, polarographic wave, Ilkovic's equation, Effect of oxygen on polarographic wave, Polarographic maxima and suppressors and applications.
- d. **Amperometric Titrations:** Introduction, types of electrodes used, reference and indicator electrode, instrumentation, titration procedure, advantages and disadvantages of Amperometry over potentiometry. Pharma applications.

### 4. Spectroscopy:

Theoretical aspects, instrumentation, elements of interpretation of data/spectra and application of analytical techniques be discussed on:

#### a. Absorption Spectroscopy:

- Theory of electronic, atomic and molecular spectra. Fundamental laws of photometry, Beer-Lambert's Law, application and its deviation, limitation of Beer law, application of the law to single and multiple component analysis, measurement of equilibrium constant and rate constant by spectroscopy. Spectra of isolated chromophores, auxochromes, batho-chromic shift, hypsochromic shift, hyperchromic and hypochromic effect, effect of solvent on absorption spectra, molecular structure and infrared spectra.

**Instrumentation** – Photometer, U.V.-Visible spectrophotometer – sources of U.V.-Visible radiations, collimating systems, monochromators, samples cells and following detectors-Photocell, Barrier layer cell, Phototube, Diode array, applications of U.V.-Visible spectroscopy in pharmacy and spectrophotometric titrations.

- **Infrared Spectroscopy:** Vibrational transitions, frequency – structure correlations, Infrared absorption bands, Instrumentation–IR spectrometer – sources of IR, Collimating systems, monochromators, sample cells, sample handling in IR spectroscopy and detectors– Thermocouple, Golay Cells, Thermistor, Bolometer, Pyroelectric detector, Applications of IR in pharmacy.



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- **Fluorimetric Analysis:** Theory, luminescence, factors affecting fluorescence, quenching. Instrumentation, Applications, fluorescent indicators, study of pharmaceutically important compounds estimated by fluorimetry.
- b. **Flame Photometry:** Theory, nebulisation, flame and flame temperature, interferences, flame spectrometric techniques and instrumentation and pharmaceutical applications.
- c. **Atomic Absorption Spectrometry:** Introduction, Theory, types of electrodes, instrumentation and applications.
- d. **Atomic Emission Spectroscopy:** Spectroscopic sources, atomic emission spectrometers, photographic and photoelectric detection.
- e. **NMR & ESR (introduction only):** Introduction, theoretical aspects and applications.
- f. **Mass Spectroscopy: (Introduction only)** – Fragmentation, types of ions produced mass spectrum and applications.
- g. **Polarimetry: (Introduction only)** – Introduction to optical rotatory dispersion, circular dichroism, polarimeter.
- h. **X-RAY Diffraction: (Introduction only)** – Theory, reciprocal lattice concept, diffraction patterns and applications.
- i. **Thermal Analysis:** Introduction, instrumentation, applications, and DSC and DTA.


### 3.2 PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (PRACTICAL)

**Practical : 3 Hrs./Week**

**List of Experiments:**

1. Separation and identification of Amino Acids by Paper Chromatography.
2. Separation and identification of Sulpha drugs by TLC technique.
3. Effect of pH and solvent on the UV spectrum of given compound.
4. Comparison of the UV spectrum of a compound with that of its derivatives.
5. Determination of dissociation constant of indicators using UV-Visible spectroscopy.
6. Conductometric titration of mixture of acids with a strong base.
7. Potentiometric titration of a acid with a strong base.
8. Estimation of drugs by Fluorimetric technique.
9. Study of quenching effect in fluorimetry.
10. Colourimetric estimation of Sulpha drugs using BMR reagent.



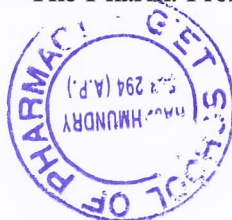
  
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11. Simultaneous estimation of two drugs present in given formulation.
12. Assay of Salicylic Acid by colourimetry.
13. Determination of Chlorides and Sulphates in Calcium gluconate by Nepheloturbidimetric Method.
14. Determination of Na/K by Flame Photometry.
15. Determination of pKa using pH meter.
16. Determination of specific rotation.
17. Comparison of the IR spectrum of a compound with that of its derivatives.
18. Demonstration of HPLC.
19. Demonstration of HPTLC.
20. Demonstration of GC-MS.
21. Demonstration of DSC.
22. Interpretation of NMR spectra of any one compound.

#### Reference Books:

1. Text Book of Pharm. Analysis by Higuchi. T and Hasen. E. B., New York Inter Science Publishers.
2. Quantitative Pharma. Analysis by Jenkins, The Blakiston division, New York.
3. Quantitative Drug Analysis, by Garrot. D, Chapman & Hall Ltd., London.
4. Undergraduate Instrumental Analysis by James. E., CBS Publishers.
5. Instrumental Analysis by Willard and Merritt, EWP, East West Press Ltd., Delhi/Madras.
6. Pharm Analysis by Skoog and West, Sounders Manipl College Publishing.
7. Text Book of Chemical Analysis, by A.I.Vogel, ELBS with Macmillan press, Hampshire.
8. Textbook of Pharm. Analysis by K.A.Connors, John Wiley & Sons, New York, Brisbane, Singapore.
9. Textbook of Pharm. Analysis (Practical) by Beckett & Stenlake, CBS Publishers, Delhi.
10. Textbook of Drug Analysis by P.D. Sethi, CBS Publishers, Delhi.
11. Spectroscopy by Silverstein, John & Wiley & Sons. Inc., Canada & Singapore.
12. How to practise GMP-A Plan for total quality control by P.P. Sharma, Vandana Publications, Agra.
13. The Science & Practice of Pharmacy by Remington Vol-I & II, Mack Publishing Co. Pennsylvania.
14. TLC by Stahl, Spring Verlay.
15. Text Book of Pharm. Chemistry by Chatten, CBS Publications.
16. Spectroscopy by William Kemp, ELBS with Macmillan Press, Hampshire.
17. I.P.-1996, The Controller of Publications, New Delhi.
18. BPC- Dept. of Health, U.K. for HMSO.
19. USP - Mack Publishing Co., Easton, PA.
20. The Extra Pharmacopoeia – The Pharm. Press, London.



  
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## Practicals

### Title of the Experiment:

- 1 Study of agonistic and antagonistic effects of drugs using Guinea-pig ileum preparation.\*\*
- 2 To study the effects of drugs on intestinal motility using frog's esophagus model\*
- 3 To study the effects of drugs using rat uterus preparation.\*\*
- 4 To study the anticonvulsant property of drugs (any one model).\*
- 5 To study antihistaminic property of drug using histamine induced anaphylactic reaction in guinea pigs.
- 6 To study the apomorphine-induced compulsive behaviour (stereotypy) in mice.\*
- 7 To study the muscle relaxant property of diazepam in mice using rotarod apparatus.\*
- 8 To study the antiinflammatory property of indomethacin against carrageenan-induced paw oedema.\*\*
- 9 To study the anxiolytic effect of diazepam in mice using mirrored-chamber apparatus.\*\*
- 10 To demonstrate the effect of various drugs on the blood pressure and respiration of anaesthetized dog.
- 11 To study the effect of anthelmintics on earthworms.
- 12 To study the taming effect of chlorpromazine.\*
- 13 To study the effects of drugs on vas deferense of the male rat.\*\*
- 14 To study the effect of drugs on pesticide toxicity using rats as model.
- 15 To study the effect of drugs on heavy metal toxicity.

\*\* indicate major experiment & \* indicate minor experiment

### Scheme of Practical Examination:

	Sessionals	Annual
Synopsis	05	15
Major Experiment	10	25
Minor Experiment	03	15
Viva	02	15
<b>Max Marks</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>70</b>
<b>Duration</b>	<b>03hrs</b>	<b>04hrs</b>

Note : Total sessional marks is 30 (20 for practical sessional plus 10 marks for regularity, promptness, viva-voce and record maintenance).



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- 4 **Oncology:** Basic principles of Cancer therapy, General introduction to cancer chemotherapeutic agents, Chemotherapy of breast cancer, leukemia. Management of chemotherapy nausea and emesis
- 5 **Dermatology:** Psoriasis, Scabies, Eczema, Impetigo

### 3.3 PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS – II (PRACTICAL)

**Practical : 3 Hrs./Week**

**Practicals :**

Hospital postings in various departments designed to complement the lectures by providing practical clinical discussion; attending ward rounds; follow up the progress and changes made in drug therapy in allotted patients; case presentation upon discharge. Students are required to maintain a record of cases presented and the same should be submitted at the end of the course for evaluation.

The student shall be trained to understand the principle and practice involved in selection of drug therapy including clinical discussion.

A minimum of 20 cases should be presented and recorded covering most common diseases.

**Assignments :**

Students are required to submit written assignments on the topics given to them. Topics allotted should cover recent developments in drug therapy of various diseases. A minimum of THREE assignments [1500 – 2000 words] should be submitted for evaluation.

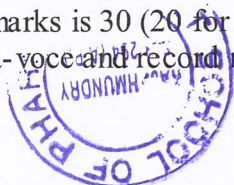
**Format of the assignment :**

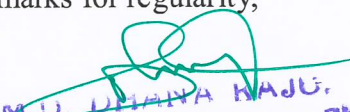
1. Minimum & Maximum number of pages.
2. Reference(s) shall be included at the end.
3. Assignment can be a combined presentation at the end of the academic year.
4. It shall be computer draft copy.
5. Name and signature of the student.
6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

**Scheme of Practical Examination :**

	Sessionals	Annual
Synopsis	05	15
Major Experiment	10	25
Minor Experiment	03	15
Viva	02	15
<b>Max Marks</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>70</b>
<b>Duration</b>	<b>03hrs</b>	<b>04hrs</b>

Note : Total sessional marks is 30 (20 for practical sessional plus 10 marks for regularity, promptness, viva-voce and record maintenance).



  
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### 3.5 MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY (PRACTICAL)

#### Practical : 3 Hrs./Week

1. Assays of important drugs from the course content.
2. Preparation of medicinally important compounds or intermediates required for synthesis of drugs.
3. Monograph analysis of important drugs.
4. Determination of partition coefficients, dissociation constants and molar refractivity of compounds for QSAR analysis.

#### Reference Books:

- a. Wilson and Gisvold's Text book of Organic, Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Lippincott-Raven Publishers-New York, Philadelphia.
- b. William.O.Foye, Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, B.I. Waverly Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- c. Burgers, Medicinal Chemistry, M.E., Welly Med.Chemistry M.E. Walffed Johnwiley and Sons, Wiley-interscience Publication, New York, Toronto.
- d. A Text Book of Medicinal Chemistry Vol. I and II by Surendra N. Pandeya, S.G. Publisher, 6, Dildayal Nagar, Varanasi -10.
- e. Indian Pharmacopoeia 1985 and 1996. The Controller of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi - 54.
- f. Current Index of Medical Specialities (CIMS) and MIMS India, MIMS, A.E. Morgan Publications (I) Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi-19.
- g. Organic Drug Synthesis-Ledniser Mitzsher Vol. I and II.
- h. Pharmaceutical Chemistry drug Synthesis Vol. I and II by H. J. Roth and A. Kleemann.
- i. The Science and Practice of Pharmacy Vol. 1 and 2, Remington, MACK Publishing Company, Easton, Pennsylvania.



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### 3.6 PHARMACEUTICAL FORMULATIONS (PRACTICAL)

**Practical : 3 Hrs./Week**

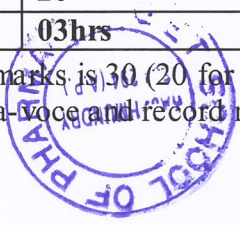
**List of Experiments :**

1. **Manufacture of Tablets**
  - a. Ordinary compressed tablet-wet granulation
  - b. Tablets prepared by direct compression.
  - c. Soluble tablet.
  - d. Chewable tablet.
2. **Formulation and filling of hard gelatin capsules**
3. **Manufacture of parenterals**
  - a. Ascorbic acid injection
  - b. Calcium gluconate injection
  - c. Sodium chloride infusion.
  - d. Dextrose and Sodium chloride injection/ infusion.
4. **Evaluation of Pharmaceutical formulations (QC tests)**
  - a. Tablets
  - b. Capsules
  - c. Injections
5. **Formulation of two liquid oral preparations and evaluation by assay**
  - a. Solution: Paracetamol Syrup
  - b. Antacid suspensions- Aluminum hydroxide gel
6. **Formulation of semisolids and evaluation by assay**
  - a. Salicylic acid and benzoic acid ointment
  - b. Gel formulation Diclofenac gel
7. **Cosmetic preparations**
  - a. Lipsticks
  - b. Cold cream and vanishing cream
  - c. Clear liquid shampoo
  - d. Tooth paste and tooth powders.
8. **Tablet coating (demonstration)**

**Scheme of Practical Examination :**

	Sessionals	Annual
Synopsis	05	15
Major Experiment	10	25
Minor Experiment	03	15
Viva	02	15
<b>Max Marks</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>70</b>
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## Fourth Year

### 4.1 PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS – III (THEORY)

**Theory : 3 Hrs. /Week**

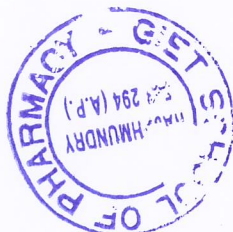
1. **Scope :** This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for contribution to quality use of medicines. Chapters dealt cover briefly pathophysiology and mostly therapeutics of various diseases. This will enable the student to understand the pathophysiology of common diseases and their management.
2. **Objectives:** At completion of this subject it is expected that students will be able to understand –
  - a. the pathophysiology of selected disease states and the rationale for drug therapy;
  - b. the therapeutic approach to management of these diseases;
  - c. the controversies in drug therapy;
  - d. the importance of preparation of individualised therapeutic plans based on diagnosis;
  - e. needs to identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects);
  - f. describe the pathophysiology of selected disease states and explain the rationale for drug therapy;
  - g. to summarize the therapeutic approach to management of these diseases including reference to the latest available evidence;
  - h. to discuss the controversies in drug therapy;
  - i. to discuss the preparation of individualised therapeutic plans based on diagnosis; and
  - j. identify the patient-specific parameters relevant in initiating drug therapy, and monitoring therapy (including alternatives, time-course of clinical and laboratory indices of therapeutic response and adverse effects).


#### **Text Books**

- a. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics - Roger and Walker, Churchill Livingstone publication
- b. Pharmacotherapy: A Pathophysiologic approach - Joseph T. Dipiro et al. Appleton & Lange

#### **Reference Books**

- a. Pathologic basis of disease - Robins SL, W.B.Saunders publication
- b. Pathology and therapeutics for Pharmacists: A Basis for Clinical Pharmacy Practice - Green and Harris, Chapman and Hall publication
- c. Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics - Eric T. Herfindal, Williams and Wilkins Publication
- d. Applied Therapeutics: The clinical Use of Drugs. Lloyd Young and Koda-Kimble MA
- e. Avery's Drug Treatment, 4th Edn, 1997, Adis International Limited.
- f. Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature.



  
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## 4.1 PHARMACOTHERAPEUTICS – III (PRACTICAL)

**Practical : 3 Hrs./Week**

**Practicals:**

Hospital postings for a period of at least 50 hours is required to understand the principles and practice involved in ward round participation and clinical discussion on selection of drug therapy. Students are required to maintain a record of 15 cases observed in the ward and the same should be submitted at the end of the course for evaluation. Each student should present at least two medical cases they have observed and followed in the wards.

**Etiopathogenesis and pharmacotherapy of diseases associated with following systems/ diseases:**

**Title of the topic**

- 1 **Gastrointestinal system:** Peptic ulcer disease, Gastro Esophageal Reflux Disease, Inflammatory bowel disease, Liver disorders - Alcoholic liver disease, Viral hepatitis including jaundice, and Drug induced liver disorders.
- 2 **Haematological system:** Anaemias, Venous thromboembolism, Drug induced blood disorders.
- 3 **Nervous system:** Epilepsy, Parkinsonism, Stroke, Alzheimer's disease,
- 4 **Psychiatry disorders:** Schizophrenia, Affective disorders, Anxiety disorders, Sleep disorders, Obsessive Compulsive disorders
- 5 Pain management including Pain pathways, neuralgias, headaches.
- 6 Evidence Based Medicine

**Assignments:**

Students are required to submit written assignments on the topics given to them. Topics allotted should cover recent developments in drug therapy of various diseases. A minimum of THREE assignments [1500 – 2000 words] should be submitted for evaluation.

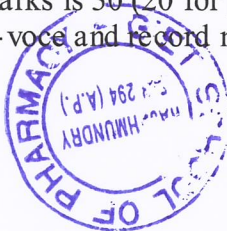
**Format of the assignment:**

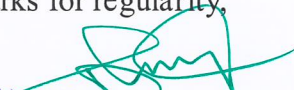
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5. Name and signature of the student
6. Time allocated for presentation may be 8+2 Min.

**Scheme of Practical Examination :**

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## 4.2 HOSPITAL PHARMACY (THEORY)

**Theory : 2 Hrs. /Week**

1. **Scope:** In the changing scenario of pharmacy practice in India, for successful practice of Hospital Pharmacy, the students are required to learn various skills like drug distribution, drug dispensing, manufacturing of parenteral preparations, drug information, patient counselling, and therapeutic drug monitoring for improved patient care.
2. **Objectives:** Upon completion of the course, the student shall be able to –
  - a. know various drug distribution methods;
  - b. know the professional practice management skills in hospital pharmacies;
  - c. provide unbiased drug information to the doctors;
  - d. know the manufacturing practices of various formulations in hospital set up;
  - e. appreciate the practice based research methods; and
  - f. appreciate the stores management and inventory control.

**Text books: (latest editions)**

- a. Hospital pharmacy by William .E. Hassan
- b. A text book of Hospital Pharmacy by S.H.Merchant & Dr. J.S. Qadry. Revised by R.K.Goyal & R.K. Parikh

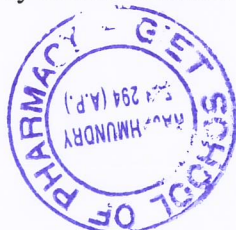
**References:**

- a. WHO consultative group report.
- b. R.P.S. Vol.2. Part –B; Pharmacy Practice section.
- c. Handbook of pharmacy – health care. Edt. Robin J Harman. The Pharmaceutical press.

**3. Lecture wise programme :**

**Topics**

- 1 **Hospital - its Organisation and functions**
- 2 **Hospital pharmacy-Organisation and management**
  - a) Organizational structure-Staff, Infrastructure & work load statistics
  - b) Management of materials and finance
  - c) Roles & responsibilities of hospital pharmacist
- 3 **The Budget – Preparation and implementation**
- 4 **Hospital drug policy**
  - a) Pharmacy and Therapeutic committee (PTC)
  - b) Hospital formulary
  - c) Hospital committees
    - Infection committee
    - Research and ethical committee
  - d) developing therapeutic guidelines
  - e) Hospital pharmacy communication - Newsletter



  
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**5 Hospital pharmacy services**

- a) Procurement & warehousing of drugs and Pharmaceuticals
- b) Inventory control  
Definition, various methods of Inventory Control  
ABC, VED, EOQ, Lead time, safety stock
- c) Drug distribution in the hospital
  - i) Individual prescription method
  - ii) Floor stock method
  - iii) Unit dose drug distribution method
- d) Distribution of Narcotic and other controlled substances
- e) Central sterile supply services – Role of pharmacist

**6 Manufacture of Pharmaceutical preparations**

- a) Sterile formulations – large and small volume parenterals
- b) Manufacture of Ointments, Liquids, and creams
- c) Manufacturing of Tablets, granules, capsules, and powders
- d) Total parenteral nutrition

**7 Continuing professional development programs**

Education and training

**8 Radio Pharmaceuticals – Handling and packaging****9 Professional Relations and practices of hospital pharmacist****4.2 HOSPITAL PHARMACY (PRACTICAL)**

**Practical : 3 Hrs./Week**

1. Assessment of drug interactions in the given prescriptions
2. Manufacture of parenteral formulations, powders.
3. Drug information queries.
4. Inventory control

**List of Assignments:**

1. Design and Management of Hospital pharmacy department for a 300 bedded hospital.
2. Pharmacy and Therapeutics committee – Organization, functions, and limitations.
3. Development of a hospital formulary for 300 bedded teaching hospital
4. Preparation of ABC analysis of drugs sold in one month from the pharmacy.
5. Different phases of clinical trials with elements to be evaluated.
6. Various sources of drug information and systematic approach to provide unbiased drug information.
7. Evaluation of prescriptions generated in hospital for drug interactions and find out the suitable management.



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### 4.3 CLINICAL PHARMACY (THEORY)

**Theory : 3 Hrs. /Week**

#### 1. Objectives of the Subject :

Upon completion of the subject student shall be able to (Know, do, appreciate) –

- monitor drug therapy of patient through medication chart review and clinical review;
- obtain medication history interview and counsel the patients;
- identify and resolve drug related problems;
- detect, assess and monitor adverse drug reaction;
- interpret selected laboratory results (as monitoring parameters in therapeutics) of specific disease states; and
- retrieve, analyse, interpret and formulate drug or medicine information.

#### Text books (Theory)

- Practice Standards and Definitions - The Society of Hospital Pharmacists of Australia.
- Basic skills in interpreting laboratory data - Scott LT, American Society of Health System Pharmacists Inc.
- Biopharmaceutics and Applied Pharmacokinetics - Leon Shargel, Prentice Hall publication.
- A text book of Clinical Pharmacy Practice; Essential concepts and skills, Dr.G.Parthasarathi etal, Orient Orient Langram Pvt.Ltd. ISSN8125026

#### References


- Australian drug information -Procedure manual. The Society of Hospital Pharmacists of Australia.
- Clinical Pharmacokinetics - Rowland and Tozer, Williams and Wilkins Publication.
- Pharmaceutical statistics. Practical and clinical applications. Sanford Bolton, Marcel Dekker, Inc.

#### 2. Detailed syllabus and lecture wise schedule:

##### Title of the topic

- Definitions, development and scope of clinical pharmacy**
- Introduction to daily activities of a clinical pharmacist**
  - Drug therapy monitoring (medication chart review, clinical review, pharmacist interventions)
  - Ward round participation
  - Adverse drug reaction management
  - Drug information and poisons information
  - Medication history
  - Patient counseling
  - Drug utilisation evaluation (DUE) and review (DUR)
  - Quality assurance of clinical pharmacy services



  
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3. **Patient data analysis**  
The patient's case history, its structure and use in evaluation of drug therapy & Understanding common medical abbreviations and terminologies used in clinical practices.
4. **Clinical laboratory tests used in the evaluation of disease states, and interpretation of test results**
  - a. Haematological, Liver function, Renal function, thyroid function tests
  - b. Tests associated with cardiac disorders
  - c. Fluid and electrolyte balance
  - d. Microbiological culture sensitivity tests
  - e. Pulmonary Function Tests
5. **Drug & Poison information**
  - a. Introduction to drug information resources available
  - b. Systematic approach in answering DI queries
  - c. Critical evaluation of drug information and literature
  - d. Preparation of written and verbal reports
  - e. Establishing a Drug Information Centre
  - f. Poisons information- organization & information resources
6. **Pharmacovigilance**
  - a. Scope, definition and aims of pharmacovigilance.
  - b. Adverse drug reactions - Classification, mechanism, predisposing factors, causality assessment [different scales used]
  - c. Reporting, evaluation, monitoring, preventing & management of ADRs
  - d. Role of pharmacist in management of ADR.
7. Communication skills, including patient counselling techniques, medication history interview, presentation of cases.
8. Pharmaceutical care concepts
9. Critical evaluation of biomedical literature
10. Medication errors

### 4.3 CLINICAL PHARMACY (PRACTICAL)

#### Practical : 3 Hrs./Week

Students are expected to perform 15 practicals in the following areas covering the topics dealt in theory class.

- a. Answering drug information questions (4 Nos)
- b. Patient medication counselling (4 Nos)
- c. Case studies related to laboratory investigations (4 Nos)
- d. Patient medication history interview (3 Nos)



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## 4.4 BIOSTATISTICS AND RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (THEORY)

Theory : 2 Hrs. /Week

### 1. Detailed syllabus and lecture wise schedule

#### 1 Research Methodology

- a) Types of clinical study designs:  
Case studies, observational studies, interventional studies,
- b) Designing the methodology
- c) Sample size determination and Power of a study  
Determination of sample size for simple comparative experiments, determination of sample size to obtain a confidence interval of specified width, power of a study
- d) Report writing and presentation of data

#### 2 Biostatistics

##### 2.1 a) Introduction

- b) Types of data distribution
- c) Measures describing the central tendency distributions- average, median, mode
- d) Measurement of the spread of data-range, variation of mean, standard deviation, variance, coefficient of variation, standard error of mean.

##### 2.2 Data graphics

Construction and labeling of graphs, histogram, piecharts, scatter plots, semilogarithmic plots

##### 2.3 Basics of testing hypothesis

- a) Null hypothesis, level of significance, power of test, P value, statistical estimation of confidence intervals.
- b) Level of significance (Parametric data)- students t test (paired and unpaired), chi Square test, Analysis of Variance (one-way and two-way)
- c) Level of significance (Non-parametric data)- Sign test, Wilcoxon's signed rank test, Wilcoxon rank sum test, Mann Whitney U test, Kruskal-Wallis test (one way ANOVA)
- d) Linear regression and correlation- Introduction, Pearson's and Spearman's correlation and correlation co-efficient.
- e) Introduction to statistical software: SPSS, Epi Info, SAS.



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## 2.4 Statistical methods in epidemiology

Incidence and prevalence, relative risk, attributable risk

## 3. Computer applications in pharmacy

Computer System in Hospital Pharmacy: Patterns of Computer use in Hospital Pharmacy – Patient record database management, Medication order entry – Drug labels and list – Intravenous solution and admixture, patient medication profiles, Inventory control, Management report & Statistics.

Computer In Community Pharmacy

Computerizing the Prescription Dispensing process

Use of Computers for Pharmaceutical Care in community pharmacy

Accounting and General ledger system

Drug Information Retrieval & Storage :

Introduction – Advantages of Computerized Literature Retrieval

Use of Computerized Retrieval

### Reference books:

- a. Pharmaceutical statistics- practical and clinical applications, Sanford Bolton 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, publisher Marcel Dekker Inc. New York.
- b. Drug Information- A Guide for Pharmacists, Patrick M Malone, Karen L Kier, John E Stanovich , 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, McGraw Hill Publications 2006



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## Fifth year

### 5.1 CLINICAL RESEARCH (THEORY)

Theory : 3 Hrs. /Week

#### 1. Drug development process:

Introduction

Various Approaches to drug discovery

1. Pharmacological
2. Toxicological
3. IND Application
4. Drug characterization
5. Dosage form

#### 2. Clinical development of drug:

1. Introduction to Clinical trials
2. Various phases of clinical trial.
3. Methods of post marketing surveillance
4. Abbreviated New Drug Application submission.
5. Good Clinical Practice – ICH, GCP, Central drug standard control organisation (CDSCO) guidelines
6. Challenges in the implementation of guidelines
7. Ethical guidelines in Clinical Research
8. Composition, responsibilities, procedures of IRB / IEC
9. Overview of regulatory environment in USA, Europe and India.
10. Role and responsibilities of clinical trial personnel as per ICH GCP
  - a. Sponsor
  - b. Investigators
  - c. Clinical research associate
  - d. Auditors
  - e. Contract research coordinators
  - f. Regulatory authority
11. Designing of clinical study documents (protocol, CRF, ICF, PIC with assignment)
12. Informed consent Process
13. Data management and its components
14. Safety monitoring in clinical trials.




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### 5.3 CLINICAL PHARMACOKINETICS AND PHARMACOTHERAPEUTIC DRUG MONITORING (THEORY)

Theory : 2 Hrs. /Week

1. **Introduction to Clinical pharmacokinetics.**
2. **Design of dosage regimens:**  
Nomograms and Tabulations in designing dosage regimen, Conversion from intravenous to oral dosing, Determination of dose and dosing intervals, Drug dosing in the elderly and pediatrics and obese patients.
3. **Pharmacokinetics of Drug Interaction:**
  - a. Pharmacokinetic drug interactions
  - b. Inhibition and Induction of Drug metabolism
  - c. Inhibition of Biliary Excretion.
4. **Therapeutic Drug monitoring:**
  - a. Introduction
  - b. Individualization of drug dosage regimen (Variability – Genetic, Age and Weight, disease, Interacting drugs).
  - c. Indications for TDM. Protocol for TDM.
  - d. Pharmacokinetic/Pharmacodynamic Correlation in drug therapy.
  - e. TDM of drugs used in the following disease conditions: cardiovascular disease, Seizure disorders, Psychiatric conditions, and Organ transplantations.
5. **Dosage adjustment in Renal and hepatic Disease.**
  - a. Renal impairment
  - b. Pharmacokinetic considerations
  - c. General approach for dosage adjustment in Renal disease.
  - d. Measurement of Glomerular Filtration rate and creatinine clearance.
  - e. Dosage adjustment for uremic patients.
  - f. Extracorporeal removal of drugs.
  - g. Effect of Hepatic disease on pharmacokinetics.
6. **Population Pharmacokinetics.**
  - a. Introduction to Bayesian Theory.
  - b. Adaptive method or Dosing with feed back.
  - c. Analysis of Population pharmacokinetic Data.
7. **Pharmacogenetics**
  - a. Genetic polymorphism in Drug metabolism: Cytochrome P-450 Isoenzymes.
  - b. Genetic Polymorphism in Drug Transport and Drug Targets.
  - c. Pharmacogenetics and Pharmacokinetics/Pharmacodynamic considerations



  
**Jr. M.D. DHANA RAJ**  
 Principal. M.Pharm  
 GIET SCHOOL OF PHARMACY  
 NH-16, Chaitanya Knowledge Park  
 RAJAHMUNDRY-533 204

**MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING**

This memorandum of understanding (MOU) is entered into on 06<sup>st</sup> day of  
December 2022.

**BY AND BETWEEN**

**GIET School of Pharmacy**, NH-16, GIET Campus, Rajahmundry, East Godavari,  
Andhra Pradesh-533296, affiliated to Andhra University, Visakhapatnam the first  
party represented herein by its principal **Dr M.D. Dhanaraju** (hereinafter referred  
to as First party, the institution which expression, unless excluded by or repugnant  
to the subject or context shall include its successors- in office, administrators and  
assigns).

And

**Lydia College of Pharmacy**, NH-16, Ethakota, East Godavari, Ravulapalem,  
Andhra Pradesh 533238, affiliated to Andhra University, Visakhapatnam which is  
represented herein by its Principal & Professor **Dr. P Rajeswara Rao** the second  
party.



# **DENTAL COLLEGE & HOSPITAL**

Recognized by Govt. of India MH & FW. No: V.12017/5/2019-DE 14.03.2019. Affiliated to Dr NTR UHS, Vijayawada

## **MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MOU) BETWEEN**

### **KIMS Dental College & Hospital & GIET School of Pharmacy**

This MoU is made and entered into on 21-03-2022 between KIMS Dental College and Hospital (KIMSDCH), Amalapuram, East Godavari Dist., A.P. and GIET School of Pharmacy, Rajahmundry, A.P. This MoU Shall be valid for a period of 1 year i.e., from 21-03-2022 to 20-03-2023 and each party (herein KIMSDCH and GIETSP, Rajahmundry) would be at full liberty to terminate the collaboration with a notice period of 3 months. Upon mutual agreement, the MoU can be extended for every academic year.

### **Objectives of the MoU:**

1. To promote exchange of knowledge in the field of Dentistry and Pharmacy
2. To promote exchange of knowledge in the field of Medical and other Allied Sciences.
3. To encourage students to enhance their soft skills and self-development.
4. For the purpose of conducting research activities

### **Modes of Collaboration:**

1. Allowing exchange of knowledge through guest lectures, seminars, (Continuing Dental Education) CDE programmes.
2. Allowing improvement of teaching skills via Faculty Development Programmes (FDP)
3. Allowing improvement in quality of education via Student Exchange Programmes (SEP).





Devaraj Urs Education Society (R.)

Mob : 9741112695  
Ph : 08194-234666

# AADYA COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

Vidhyadaana Soudha, Near Challakere Tollgate Circle, NH-4, Chitradurga - 577501. Ph : 08194-234666

(Affiliated to Rajiv Gandhi University No. - ACA/AFF/PH-107/2020-21)

(Recognized by Govt. of Karnataka AKUKA/324/PTD2018 Dated : 05-02-2020)

(Approved by PHARMACY COUNCIL OF INDIA, NEW DELHI - PCI - 4072-2020)

Ref.No. ACP/2022/96

Date: 19/12/2022

## MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

This memorandum of understanding (MOU) is entered into on 17<sup>th</sup> day of December 2022.

### BY AND BETWEEN

GIET School of Pharmacy, NH-16, GIET Campus, Rajahmundry, East Godavari, Andhra Pradesh-533296, affiliated to Andhra University, Visakhapatnam the first party represented herein by its Principal **Dr M.D. Dhanaraju** (herein after referred as First party, the institution which expression, unless excluded by or repugnant to the subject or context shall include its successors- in office, administrators and assigns).

And

**Aadya College of Pharmacy**, Vidhyadaana Soudha, NH-4 Chitradurga-577501, Karnataka, affiliated to Rajiv Gandhi University, Karnataka which is represented herein by its Principal & Professor **Dr. Palaksha M.N.** the second party



# VJ's COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

(Approved by A.I.C.T.E., Affiliated to Andhra University & Recog. by Govt. of A.P.)

Survey No. 721, D.B.V. Raju Township, Diwancheruvu, Rajahmundry-533 103, A.P. (INDIA)

Tel : +91 883 6452323, 6452424, E-mail: vjsedu@yahoo.co.in

Date: 11-11-2022

## MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MOU) BETWEEN

### **GIET School of Pharmacy (Party A) & VJ's College of Pharmacy (Party B)**

This MoU is made and entered into on 11-11-2022 between GIET School of Pharmacy, Rajahmundry, East Godavari District, A.P and VJ'S College of Pharmacy, East Godavari District, A.P. This MoU Shall be valid for a period of 1 year i.e., from 11-11-2022 to 10-11-2023 and each party (GIETSP, Rajahmundry and VJ'S Rajahmundry) would be at full liberty to terminate the collaboration with a notice period of 3 months. Upon mutual agreement, the MoU can be extended for every academic year.

### **Objectives of the MoU:**

1. To promote an exchange of knowledge in the field of Pharmacy.
2. To promote an exchange of knowledge in the field of Research & Innovation.
3. To encourage students' ability in soft skills and self-development.
4. To utilize the faculties in an extracurricular activity.



**Memorandum of Understanding**

Between

**GIET SCHOOL OF PHARMACY**

and

**INTERNATIONAL INNOVATIVE RESEARCH FOUNDATION**

This Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) sets for the terms and understanding between the (Dr. M.D. Dhanaraju) and the (Vinitha.K) to **ENTREPRENEURIAL SKILL DEVELOPMENT, OUTCOME BASED TRAININGS, PLACEMENT AND RELATED SERVICES** is entered into on this the 22/10/2022.

**College Profile:**

GIET SCHOOL OF PHARMACY was established in the Academic year 2001-2002 with the sole objective of catering to the needs of quality technical education in an area, though remotely situated, bristles with potential for development. A self-financed college sprawling over 27 acres of land of scenic landscape has been laid out to create a unique learning environment. The college is located in Nh-16, Chaitanya Knowledge, City, Rajahmundry.

**Company Profile:**

**INTERNATIONAL INNOVATIVE RESEARCH FOUNDATION**, located in the city of Hyderabad was established in the year 2016. **INTERNATIONAL INNOVATIVE**

**RESEARCH FOUNDATION** is a group of expert specialists, consultants, designers and digital marketers experienced in everything Software & IT related. Our mission is to give excellent innovative and supportable arrangements while creating enduring customer connections. Our vision is to set another standards in Digital Marketing and Developing Software's at empowered administrations.



**MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MoU)**

**BETWEEN**

**GIET SCHOOL OF PHARMACY**

**&**

**THE HEALTH CARE**

**FOR**

**TRAINING, PLACEMENT, SKILL DEVELOPMENT,  
R&D SERVICES AND OTHER ACADEMIC MATTERS**

(To be signed and sealed on each page by both the Parties)

# SHIYAL CHEMICAL (MADRAS)

(Pharmaceutical Formulation Unit)

No.15, G.N.T. Road, Erukkancherry, Chennai – 600 118. India.

Ph. 25378074, 25375579 Mail ID: gopishiyal@yahoo.co.in

## MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MOU) BETWEEN

GIET SCHOOL OF PHARMACY, Rajahmundry

&

SHIYAL CHEMICAL (MADRAS), CHENNAI

## INPLANT TRAINING, COLLABORATIVE RESEARCH, PLACEMENT AND RELATED SERVICES

This Memorandum of Understanding (hereinafter called as the 'MOU') is entered into on this the Sixteenth day of July Two Thousand and Eighteen by and between **GIET School of Pharmacy, Rajahmundry & Shiyal Chemical (Madras), Chennai** India,

THE **GIET School of Pharmacy, Rajahmundry**, hereinafter referred as '**First Party**', the institution which expression, unless excluded by or repugnant to the subject or context shall include its successors - in-office, administrators and assigns).

AND

**Shiyal Chemicals, Chennai, the Second Party**, and represented herein by its Director (hereinafter referred to as "**Second Party**", company which expression, unless excluded by or repugnant to the subject or context shall include its successors - in-office, administrators and assigns).

In particular, this MOU is intended to

1. Enhance inplant training among the students of **GIET School of Pharmacy, Rajahmundry, Andhra Pradesh**
2. Recognize the mutual interest in the fields of research, training & development and dissemination of knowledge



**INTERNATIONAL ACADEMICIANS  
AND RESEARCHERS ASSOCIATION**

**MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MoU)**

**BETWEEN**

**GIET SCHOOL OF PHARMACY**

**And**

**INTERNATIONAL ACADEMIC AND RESEARCHERS ASSOCIATION**

**FOR**

**ENTREPRENEURIAL SKILL DEVELOPMENT, OUTCOME BASED  
TRAININGS, PLACEMENT AND RELATED SERVICES**



# MAM

## COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

(Approved by PCI, New Delhi; Recognised by Govt. of A.P.; Permanently Affiliated to ANU;  
Recognised by UGC Under Sec.2(f) & 12(b); ISO Certified Institution)

Cell : +91 - 9848498714  
: +91 - 9951420612

KESANUPALLI, NARASARAOPET, GUNTUR DISTRICT, ANDHRA PRADESH, INDIA - 522 601.

**Dr. PRASADA RAO, M.**

Principal

M.Pharm. Ph.D.

Date : 07/10/2022

### MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

This memorandum of understanding (hereinafter called the 'MOU') is ENTERED on this 7<sup>th</sup> day of October, 2022.

BY

M.A.M College of Pharmacy, Kesanupalli, Narasaraopet, Guntur District, Andhra Pradesh-522601, which is represented by its Principal herein Dr.M.Prasada Rao (here in after referred as first party, the Institution which expression, unless excluded by or repugnant to the subject or context shall include its successors-in office, administrators and assigns).

AND BETWEEN

GIET School of Pharmacy, NH-16, Chaitanya Knowledge City, Rajamundry, East Godavari District, Andhra Pradesh-533296, the first Party represented herein by its Principal Dr. M D Dhanaraju, named as second Party.

1. Objectives of the MOU are:

- To Promote and enhance academic interest between two institutions.
- To promote research and continuing education activities between institutions.

2. Technical Areas of Collaboration:

- Provide academic interaction by delivering special lectures on recent advanced topics.
- Usage of academic infrastructure for students and faculty members.
- To facilitate the training for teachers and PG students.
- Guidance for enhancement in infrastructural development.

3. Proposed modes of collaborations:

Consortium institutes propose the following:

- Co-operation and promotion of education and training are of mutual interest.
- A specific plan will be worked out by the institutes depending upon availability of resources.

4. Terms and conditions:

- The faculty members and students can use the library on mutual basis for short time use.
- Both the institutes agree to help, identify and invite the faculty members and researchers from the other institutes to participate in conferences, workshops and short term courses.
- Both the institutes can exchange the faculty as resource person in order to exchange knowledge.





## **MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MOU)**

*between*

**GIET SCHOOL OF PHARMACY**

*and*

**THE PHARMA RESEARCH**

This is an agreement between "GIET SCHOOL OF PHARMACY", hereinafter called (**Dr. M.D. Dhanaraju**) Principal and "THE PHARMA RESEARCH", hereinafter called (**SRIKAR.D**) Managing Director.

### **I. EFFECTIVE DATE AND SIGNATURE**

This MOU shall be effective upon the signature of Parties A and B authorized officials. It shall be in force from 25/10/2022

### **II. PURPOSE & SCOPE**

The purpose of this MOU is to clearly identify the roles and responsibilities of each party as they relate to Enhance entrepreneurial mindsets among the students of Entrepreneurship Development certificate course under **GIET SCHOOL OF PHARMACY** .

1. Organize various workshops on Entrepreneurship Development
2. Conduct practical trainings on Entrepreneurship Development
3. Generate self-employment opportunities
4. Assist the students in establishing various start-ups
5. Arrange the placement of trained students



9985548055



thepharamaresearch4@gmail.com



Telangana



# SYNCTRA SOLUTIONS

**MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MoU)**

**BETWEEN**

**GIET SCHOOL OF PHARMACY**


**And**


**SYNCTRA SOLUTIONS**

**FOR**

**ENTREPRENEURIAL SKILL DEVELOPMENT, OUTCOME BASED TRAININGS,  
PLACEMENT AND RELATED SERVICES**

 [info@synctrasolution.com](mailto:info@synctrasolution.com)  **+91-9966642226**

 [www.synctrasolution.com](http://www.synctrasolution.com)

 **8-3-230/b/41 Flat Number 93, Sravanthi Nagar,  
Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana - 500033**

**MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MoU)**

**BETWEEN**

**GIET SCHOOL OF PHARMACY**

**&**

**LOYAL ACADEMICIANS AND RESEARCHERS ASSOCIATION**

**FOR**

**SKILL DEVELOPMENT, CERTIFIED COURSES,  
OUTCOME BASED TRAININGS, PLACEMENT AND  
RELATED SERVICES**



**MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MoU)**

**BETWEEN**

**GIET SCHOOL OF PHARMACY**

**And**

**I LABS**

**FOR**

**ENTREPRENEURIAL SKILL DEVELOPMENT, OUTCOME BASED TRAININGS,  
PLACEMENT AND RELATED SERVICES**



**+91-9966642226**



**www.i-labs.in  
info@i-labs.in**



**Queen's Plaza, Sardar Patel Rd,  
Patigadda, Begumpet,  
Hyderabad, Telangana 500003**

Mobile No's : 9491084558, 9390649113, Phone & FAX No. : 08818-284558, 284734

# SRI VASAVI INSTITUTE OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES

(Sponsored by Sri Vasavi Educational Society No : 898 of 2000, Tadepalligudem)  
(Approved by AICTE and PCI, NEW DELHI, Affiliated to Andhra University)  
PEDATADEPALLI, - TADEPALLIGUDEM - 534 101 W.G.Dist. (A.P) INDIA



**Dr.V. BHASKARA RAJU**

M. Pharm, Ph.D.

Professor & Principal

Ref .....

Date.....  
Date:13-09-2022

## MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MOU) BETWEEN

**GIET School of Pharmacy (Party A) & Sri Vasavi Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences (Party B)** This MoU is made and entered into on 19-09-2022 between GIET School of Pharmacy, Rajahmundry, East Godavari District, A.P and Sri Vasavi Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Pedatadepalli, Tadepalligudem, West Godavari District, Andhra Pradesh-534101. This MoU Shall be valid for a period of 1 year i.e., from 19-09-2022 to 18-09-2023 and each party (GSP, Rajahmundry and SVIPS) would be at full liberty to terminate the collaboration with a notice period of 3 months. Upon mutual agreement, the MoU can be extended for every academic year.

### Objectives of the MoU:

1. To promote an exchange of knowledge in the field of Pharmacy.
2. To promote an exchange of knowledge in the field of Research & Innovation.
3. To encourage students' ability in soft skills and self-development.
4. To utilize the faculties in an extracurricular activity.



03-12-2022

**MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING**

For providing training to the students from GIET School of Pharmacy, Rajahmundry.

This agreement with a validity of 1 year with effect from 03-12-2022 is made at Chennai, between GIET School of Pharmacy recognized by Pharmacy Council of India, New Delhi

AND

M/S Ceego Labs Pvt Ltd. Manjamedu, Kancheepuram, Tamil Nadu Which expression shall unless it be repugnant to the context or meaning thereof shall mean and include its successors and assignees.

The students admitted and registered with our college may be provided with relevant training in various departments viz manufacturing, QA, Packaging, Regulatory etc to meet the academic requirements, as envisaged by the regulations of the PCI & affiliated college to become eligible to qualify for the said Pharmacy college.

The students undergoing training will be trained by the employee of the M/S Ceego Labs Pvt Ltd

The posting for the students at M/S Ceego Labs Pvt Ltd shall be for 1-3 months during every year from their 6<sup>th</sup> semester onwards, theory and practical sessions, assessments and attendance shall be maintained with the company & college. The same shall be submitted to GIET School of Pharmacy, Rajahmundry from time to time.





# **NETHAJI INSTITUTE OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES**

Approved by AICTE., PCI, New Delhi, Affiliated to Kakatiya University  
Somidi, Kazipet, Warangal, Telangana India - 506 003

website: [www.nipswgl.com](http://www.nipswgl.com)

e-mail: [director.nethaji@gmail.com](mailto:director.nethaji@gmail.com)

Sponsored By: **SRI SAI GANESH EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY**

Date: 27-06-2022

## **MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MOU) BETWEEN**

### **GIET School of Pharmacy & Nethaji Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences**

This MoU is made and entered into on 27-06-2021 between GIET School of Pharmacy, Rajahmundry, East Godavari District, A.P and Nethaji Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Subbhaiahpally, Warangal (D) Telangana, India. This MoU Shall be valid for a period of 1 year i.e., from 27-06-2022 to 26-06-2023 and each party (GIETSP, Rajahmundry and Nethaji Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Warangal) would be at full liberty to terminate the collaboration with a notice period of 3 months. Upon mutual agreement, the MoU can be extended for every academic year.

### **Objectives of the MoU:**

1. To promote exchange of knowledge in the field of Pharmacy.
2. To promote exchange of knowledge in the field of Research & Innovation.
3. To encourage students ability in soft skills and self-development.
4. To utilize the faculties for research activities.

### **Modes of Collaboration:**

1. Allowing exchange of knowledge through guest lectures, seminars, workshop and conferences.
2. Improvement of faculty members teaching skills through Faculty Development Programmes (FDP)



# DIVYA MULTI SPECIALTY HOSPITAL PRIVATE LIMITED

D.No.33 1 34,Varma Vihar Building R.P. Road, Tanuku-534211, W.G.Dist.,A.P.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MOU) BETWEEN

**Divya Multi Specialty Hospital Private Limited**

**&**

**GIET School of Pharmacy**

This MoU is made and entered into on 22-01-2022 between Divya Multi Specialty Hospital Private Limited, Tanuku, West Godavari District, A.P and GIET School of Pharmacy, Rajahmundry, East Godavari District, A.P. This MoU Shall be valid for a period of 1 year i.e., from 22-01-2022 to 21-01-2023 and each party would be at full liberty to terminate the collaboration with a notice period of 3 months. Upon mutual agreement, the MoU can be extended for every academic year.

### Objectives of the MoU:

1. To promote the exchange of knowledge in the field of General Medicine and Pharmaceutical Sciences
2. To promote the knowledge in the field of ENT, Orthopedics and Psychiatry to the Pharm.D students.
3. To encourage the students in providing the clinical pharmacy activities.
4. For the purpose of conducting research activities in General Medicine, ENT, Orthopedics and Psychiatry.

### Modes of Collaboration:

1. Allowing exchange of knowledge through guest lectures with the health care professionals.





☎: 044 - 27242161

# PALLAVAN PHARMACY COLLEGE

(A Unit of Pallavan Educational Trust)

Approved by AICTE New Delhi & Govt of Tamilnadu Recognised by Pharmacy Council of India & Affiliated to the TN Dr MGR Medical University, Chennai

IYYENGARKULAM & POST - 631 502.

KANCHEEPURAM

KANCHEEPURAM DISTRICT, TAMILNADU, INDIA.

Date: 08-12-2022

## MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MOU) BETWEEN

### **GIET School of Pharmacy & PALLAVAN Pharmacy College**

This MoU is made and entered into on 08-12-2022 between GIET School of Pharmacy, Rajahmundry, East Godavari District, A.P and Pallavan College of Pharmacy, Kanchipuram, T.N. This MoU Shall be valid for a period of 1 year i.e., from 08-12-2022 to 07-12-2023 and each party (GIETSP, Rajahmundry and Pallavan Pharmacy college, Kanchipuram) would be at full liberty to terminate the collaboration with a notice period of 3 months. Upon mutual agreement, the MoU can be extended for every academic year.

### Objectives of the MoU:

1. To utilize the faculties for research activities.
2. To exchange of knowledge in the field of Pharmaceutical Sciences.
3. To utilise the expertise of senior faculty as resource persons.
4. To facilitate the usage of academic infrastructure for students and faculty members on a mutual basis.
5. To promote research & innovation etc.,
6. To develop self-development and skills among the students.
7. To enhance extracurricular activity.

# CHEBROLU HANUMAIAH INSTITUTE OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES

Chandramoulipuram, Chowdavaram, Guntur - 522 019, Andhra Pradesh.

(Sponsored by Nagarjuna Education Society)

Approved by AICTE & PCI, Affiliated to Acharya Nagarjuna University.

Recognised by Govt. of Andhra Pradesh, An ISO 9001:2015 Certified Institute

Mail : chipsguntur@gmail.com www.chips.ac.in

Accredited by NAAC

President :  
Dr. R. SRINIVAS

Treasurer :  
Sri R. GOPALA KRISHNA

Vice Presidents :  
Sri Ch. Narendranath  
Sri Jagarlamudi Murall Mohan

Secretary & Correspondent :  
Dr. C.N. SRINIVAS

Principal :  
Dr. S. VIDYADHARA

Date : ..... 25-11-2022

## Memorandum of Understanding

This **Memorandum of Understanding** (hereinafter called as the 'MOU') is entered into on this the 25<sup>th</sup> day of November Two Thousand Twenty Two.

### BETWEEN

**GIET School of Pharmacy, Chaitanya Knowledge City, NH-16, Rajamahendravaram 533 296, Andhra Pradesh**, represented herein by its **Principal** (hereinafter referred as '**First Party**'), Institution which expression, unless excluded by or repugnant to the subject or context shall include its successors – in-office, administrators and assigns).

### AND

**Chebrolu Hanumaiah Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Chandramoulipuram, Chowdavaram, Guntur-522 019, Andhra Pradesh**, represented herein by its Principal, (hereinafter referred to as "**Second Party**"), Institution which expression, unless excluded by or repugnant to the subject or context shall include its successors – in-office, administrators and assigns).

(First Party and Second Party are hereinafter jointly referred to as '**Parties**' and individually as '**Party**')



Dr. S. VENU  
Principal  
GIET School of Pharmacy  
Chaitanya Knowledge City  
NH-16, Rajamahendravaram  
533 296, Andhra Pradesh



# NRI COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

(Run by Sri Durga Malleswari Educational Society)

(Approved by AICTE & PCI-New Delhi : Affiliated to JNTUK, Kakinada)

Pothavarappadu (V), Via Nunna, Agiripalli (M), Krishna Dist., A.P. Pin-521212 Cell: 9394686868

Email: nrpharmacycollege@gmail.com

Date: 07-11-2022

## MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (MOU) BETWEEN

### **GIET School of Pharmacy & NRI College of Pharmacy**

This MoU is made and entered into on 07-11-2022 between GIET School of Pharmacy, Rajahmundry, East Godavari District, A.P and NRI College of Pharmacy, Pothavarappadu, Agiripalli Mandal, Krishna District, Andhra Pradesh. This MoU Shall be valid for a period of 1 year i.e., from 07-11-2022 to 06-11-2023 and each party (GIET School of Pharmacy, Rajahmundry & NRI College of Pharmacy, Pothavarappadu) would be at full liberty to terminate the collaboration with a notice period of 3 months. Upon mutual agreement, the MoU can be extended for every academic year.

### **The objectives of an MOU are**

1. To promote and enhance academic interest between two institutions.
2. To exchange students to participate in conferences, seminars, workshops and short-term courses.
3. To utilise the expertise of senior faculty as resource persons.
4. To promote research and continuing education activities between the institutions.
5. To plan joint research and collaborative activity on mutual benefits.

*G. J. Choudhary*  
PRINCIPAL  
NRI College of Pharmacy  
POTHAVARAPPADU (V)  
Agiripalli (M), Krishna District



Date: 16.12.2022

## Memorandum of Understanding

This **Memorandum of Understanding** (hereinafter called as the 'MOU') is entered into on this the 16<sup>th</sup> day of December Two Thousand Twenty Two.

### BETWEEN

**GIET School of Pharmacy, Chaitanya Knowledge City, NH-16, Rajahmundry-533 296, Andhra Pradesh**, represented herein by its Principal (hereinafter referred as '**First Party**'), institution which expression, unless excluded by or repugnant to the subject or context shall include its successors – in-office, administrators and assigns).

### AND

**Vikas Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Near Airport, Nidigatla Road, Rajahmundry -533 102 Andhra Pradesh**, represented herein by its Principal, (hereinafter referred to as "**Second Party**"), institution which expression, unless excluded by or repugnant to the subject or context shall include its successors – in-office, administrators and assigns).

(First Party and Second Party are hereinafter jointly referred to as 'Parties' and individually as 'Party')

**Principal**  
Vikas Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences  
Rajahmundry-533 102.

**PRINCIPAL**  
**GIET SCHOOL OF PHARMACY**  
NH-16, Chaitanya Knowledge City  
RAJAHMUNDRY - 533 296



# SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF PHARMACY (Autonomous)



Approved by PCI & AICTE, New Delhi | Permanently Affiliated to JNTUA, Ananthapuramu | Accredited by NAAC, Bengaluru |  
Accredited by NBA, New Delhi for UG Programme under Tier-II | Recognized under section 2(f) & 12(B) of UGC Act, 1956 |  
Recognized Research Centre for Pharmaceutical Sciences by JNTUA | Recognized In-House R & D by  
DSIR, New Delhi | DST - FIST Sponsored Institute | Ranked 68<sup>th</sup> by NIRF 2022 Rankings, MHRD, Govt. of India.

Date: 20-12-2022

## MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

This memorandum of understanding (MOU) is entered into on 20<sup>th</sup> day of December 2022.

### BY AND BETWEEN

GIET School of Pharmacy, NH-16, GIET Campus, Rajahmundry-533296, East Godavari, Andhra Pradesh, affiliated to Andhra University, Visakhapatnam the first party represented herein by its Principal & Research Director **Dr.M.D. Dhanaraju** (hereinafter referred as First party, the institution which expression, unless excluded by or repugnant to the subject or context shall include its successors- in office, administrators and assigns).

And

Sri Venkateswara College of Pharmacy (Autonomous), RVS Nagar, Tirupati Road, Chittoor-517 127, Andhra Pradesh, India affiliated to JNTUA, Ananthapuramu which is represented herein by its Professor & Principal **Dr D. Jothieswari** the second party.

*Dr. D. Jothieswari*  
Dr. D. Jothieswari, 20/12/22  
Principal & Professor  
Sri Venkateswara College of Pharmacy (Autonomous),  
RVS Nagar, Tirupathi Road,  
Chittoor - 517 127, Andhra Pradesh



+91 77299 99180  
+91 77299 99181



www.svcop.in  
principal@svcop.in

RVS Nagar, Tirupati Road, Chittoor - 517127  
Andhra Pradesh, India